



Practical guide to meeting your ESG requirements

21 June 2022



How ESG-ready is your mutual bank?



Our host and speakers today



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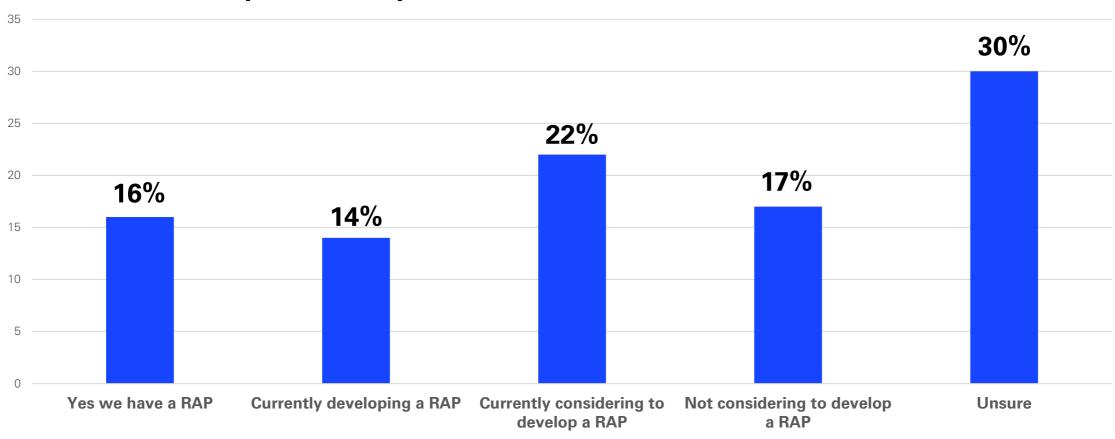
Paul Lichtenstein
Partner, Financial Risk
Management



RAP: Registration poll question



Do you currently have a Reconciliation Action Plan (RAP)?

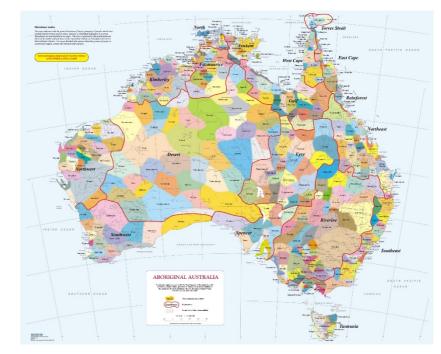




Context setting



- 40,000 to 60,000 years of history. Oldest continuing culture in the world.
- Approx. 200 nations and over 500 language groups.
- Colonisation wiped out many of these nations.
- White Australia Policy, assimilation: designed to breed out Aboriginality.
- Government intervention in Indigenous communities, forced removal of children, deaths in custody - All of this is still happening today.
- <3% population but 30% of prison population (ABS 2021).
- Gap in life expectancy is approx. 8-10 years.
- Australia is the only Commonwealth country that doesn't have a treaty with it's First Peoples



"In all my years of research in criminal justice, I can tell you it would be very difficult to find a white person charged with shouting or swearing."

Dr Brian Steels, restorative justice researcher, Murdoch University

Source: https://www.creativespirits.info/aboriginalculture/law/aboriginal-prison-rates#ixzz5XvC7VRDx



The role of business





Access to resources, people, knowledge and skills



Ability to take timely practical actions, e.g. employment, sponsorship, procurement etc.



Increasing expectations of stakeholders to contribute to communities



What is Reconciliation?



...To unite and reconcile Indigenous and non-Indigenous Australians. It is the purpose of Reconciliation Australia, who are guided by their Five Dimensions of Reconciliation Framework:





What is a RAP?



Reflect



Innovate



Stretch



Elevate





KPMG's Reconciliation Journey





2007: Commenced our partnership with Jawun Indigenous Corporate Partnerships and became a founding member of AIMSC, now Supply Nation.

2009: KPMG became the first major accounting firm in Australia to launch a RAP. First year of partnership with the Australian Indigenous Education Foundation (AIEF)

2012: Winner of CIPSA 'Best Example of Socially Responsible Procurement' award.

2013: Launched our first Elevate RAP, becoming the first big 4 to do so.

2014: Awarded a Human Rights Business award for our rights-centred approach to Reconciliation.

2015: First big 4 accounting firm to hire a dedicated resource for Indigenous employment, now Indigenous Inclusion Manager.

2016: As part of the Elevate cohort, we helped to establish the Emerging Indigenous Executive leaders Program. We have had a KPMG participant each year since its launch in 2017. Entered into a Joint Venture with Arrilla and Shelley Reys AO becomes KPMG's first Indigenous Partner. Published our first thought leadership paper on driving economic growth for Indigenous Australia in <u>Igniting the Indigenous Economy</u>.

2017: 2017-2020 Reconciliation Action Plan (RAP) became our second 'Elevate' RAP.

2019: Signatory to the Uluru Statement from the Heart.

2020: Piloted Yarpa Grow with the NSW Local Aboriginal Land Council

2021: Indigenous Voice to Parliament feedback submission. Launched first Indigenous Peoples Policy. Launched 3rd Elevate RAP in December

KPMG's 2021-25 Reconciliation Action Plan



For our People: Indigenous Cultural Safety Plan

Develop a Cultural Safety
Plan and measurement
framework to improve the
cultural awareness and
competency of our people
and ensure KPMG's
Indigenous staff are
respected and valued. This
will be informed by research,
the opinions and experiences
of KPMG's Indigenous
Network and select external
partners.

For Indigenous Business: Indigenous business accelerator

Continue to expand the Yarpa Grow Indigenous Business Accelerator program nationally, contributing to the growth of the Indigenous business sector and contributing to increased economic empowerment for Indigenous peoples.

For the Community: Collaborative approach to Indigenous Suicide Prevention

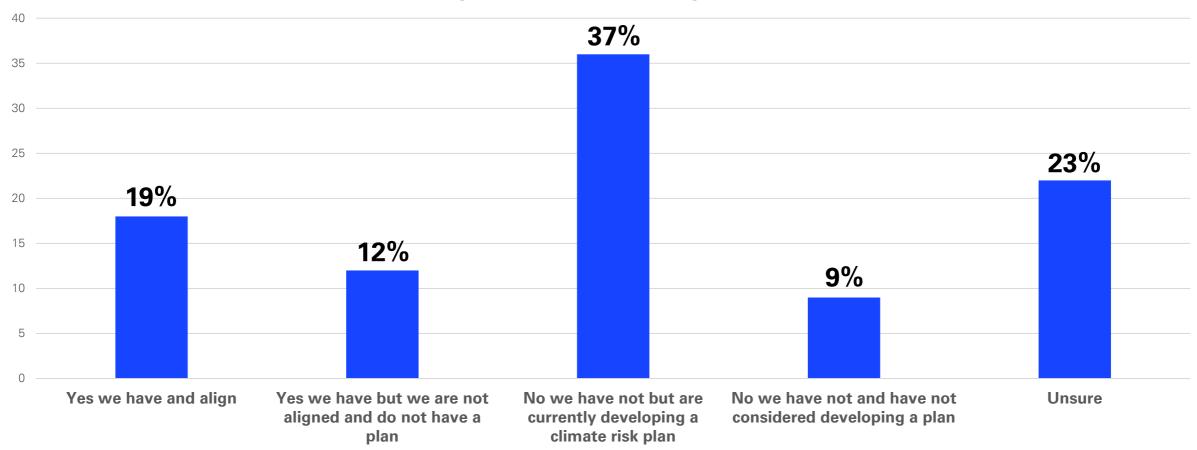
Using KPMGs networks, resources and relationships to identify the right partners to work collaboratively with to develop an approach to Indigenous Suicide Prevention.



APRA CPG 229: Registration poll question



Have you assessed your readiness to align with APRA's CPG 229 Climate Change Financial Risks guidance?





APRA CPG 229 Climate Change Financial Risks Summary

APRA finalised CPG 229 in November 2021 and is designed to provide guidance on how regulated entities can fulfil their obligations in relation to climate-related risks.

APRA is seeking to ensure that regulated institutions manage the risks and opportunities that may arise from a changing climate in line with APRA's approach to other risks.

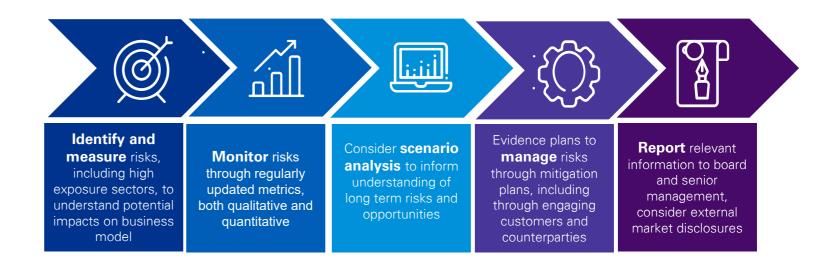
Regulated entities should leverage the guidance in CPG 229 to assist in meeting their obligations under SPS 220 (Risk Management) and SPS 510 (Governance).

CPG 229 almost entirely leverages the structure of the TCFD recommendations – How well placed are you currently?

CPG 229 Objectives

- Ensure climate risks are incorporated into business planning, including adequate board oversight
- Understand risks and opportunities that may arise from a changing climate
- Ensure investment, lending, and underwriting decisions are well-informed
- Implement proportionate governance, risk management, scenario analysis and disclosure practices

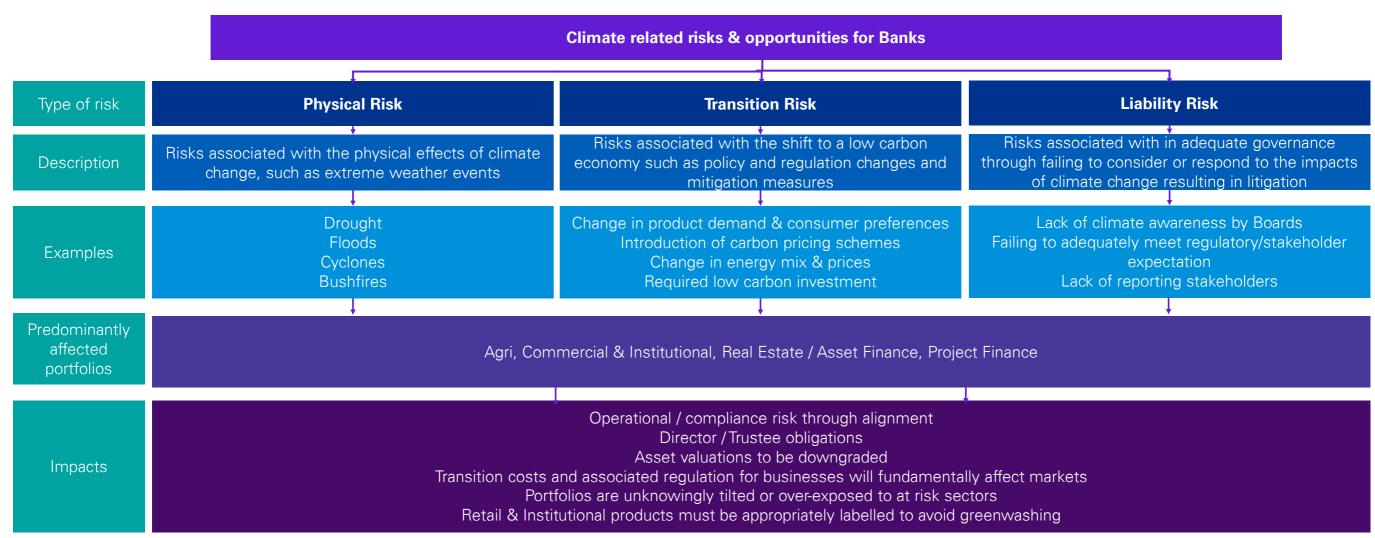
Better practice in management of climate change financial risks:





Impacts for regulated entities







Observations so far...



Key observations from APRA CPG 229: Climate Change Financial Risk reviews

- 1. Climate risk must be integrated into an organisation's strategy and business planning cycle and integrated into investment and risk management processes
- Boards can delegate climate risk management but delegation must be consistent, clear, transparent and effective
- Climate risk metrics, including approach to scenario analysis, must be appropriate for the organisation, cover a range of climate risks and consider risks across the whole of investment portfolio
- 4. An organisation's Risk Management Framework should include a clear approach to climate risk, KRIs where appropriate and reflect delegation
- 5. Reporting to stakeholders on the approach and progress of managing climate risk is important and becoming expected – but avoid greenwashing!





Climetric - Transition Risk







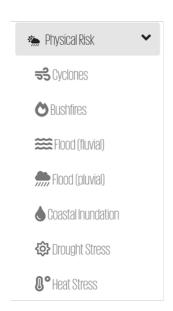
NZSIC	5y (m)	20y (m)	50y (m)	80y (m)	ECL by ANZSIC
griculture, Forestry and Fishing	\$3.085	\$4.552	\$5.057	\$5.174	Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing
lining	\$3.847	\$5.675	\$6.306	\$6.451	Mining Manufacturing
lanufacturing	\$2.501	\$3.689	\$4.099	\$4.193	SQ Electricity, Gas and Water Supply
lectricity, Gas and Water Supply	\$3.340	\$4.927	\$5.475	\$5.601	Transport, Postal and Warehousing Construction, Retail and Wholesale Trade
ransport, Postal and Warehousing	\$3.399	\$5.015	\$5.572	\$5.700	Commercial and Services
onstruction, Retail and Wholesale Trade	\$4.514	\$6.659	\$7.399	\$7.569	0 1M 2M 3M 4M 5M 6M 7M 8I ECL (m)
commercial and Services	\$4.104	\$6.054	\$6.727	\$6.881	● 5y ● 20y ● 50y ● 80y

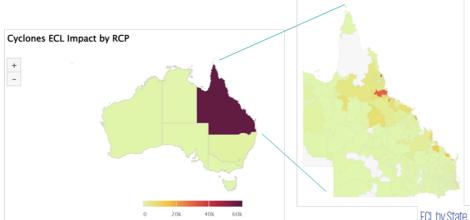
Note: Following completion of our internal risk clearance processes, KPMG Climetric will be made available to clients

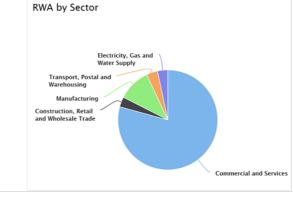


Climetric - Physical Risk









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0	2030	2040	2050	2060	2070	2080	2090	2100

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State	Exposure (m)	RCP1.9 (m)	RCP2.6 (m)	RCP4.5 (m)	RCP8.5 (m)
Queensland	\$25,942.037	\$4.556	\$4.613	\$4.679	\$5,554.061
New South Wales	\$14,426.071	\$0.414	\$0.416	\$0.417	\$0.597
Victoria	\$7,164.787	\$0.168	\$0.168	\$0.168	\$0.196
Western Australia	\$3,733.866	\$0.092	\$0.093	\$0.093	\$80.386
South Australia	\$1,285.523	\$0.033	\$0.034	\$0.034	\$0.078
Australian Capital Territory	\$860.001	\$0.023	\$0.023	\$0.023	\$0.023
Tasmania	\$386.601	\$0.009	\$0.009	\$0.009	\$0.009
Northern Territory	\$163.750	\$0.005	\$0.005	\$0.006	\$1.169
Total	\$53,962.637	\$5.301	\$5.361	\$5.429	\$5,636.519

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QGA





Thank you





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