

The Swiss Law on Accounting and Financial Reporting

Illustrative financial statements of an Industry Ltd, a Holding Ltd and a Non-Profit Foundation (including disclosure checklist)

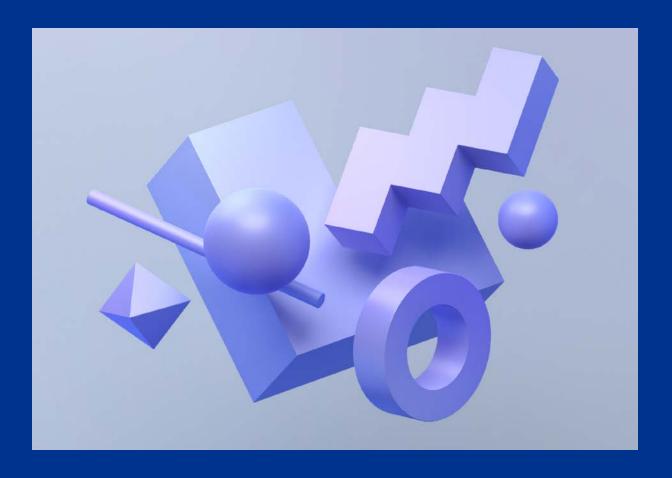


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01 Introduction

Preliminary remarks and assumptions

The law on commercial accounting and financial reporting is set out in the 32nd title of the Swiss Code of Obligations (CO) and applies in principle to all entities in Switzerland. This KPMG publication aims to support companies in applying Swiss law on accounting and financial reporting when presenting annual financial statements (of a stand-alone entity). Three examples are used to show how the requirements of Articles 959 – 961b CO may be implemented in practice. It takes into account the changes resulting from the revised company law, which came into force on 1 January 2023.

The following illustrative financial statements are purely fictional and meant for illustrative purposes only. Not all possible situations can be covered which is why they do not claim to be complete. Any similarities with existing companies are purely coincidental. Therefore, the information contained in these illustrative financial statements cannot necessarily be applied to the circumstances of a specific company. In individual cases, the complete text of the Swiss Law on Accounting and Financial Reporting should be consulted.

The following assumptions apply to the illustrative financial statements:

Industry Ltd

• The fictitious, non-listed company ndustry Ltd controls other companies and prepares its consolidated financial statements in accordance with principles of orderly financial reporting (the socalled "Swiss CO consolidation" according to Article 963b(3) CO, which is not included in this brochure).

 By law, the company is subject to an ordinary audit and must make additional disclosures in the notes to the financial statements and provide a cash flow statement as stipulated in the regulation for larger entities (Articles 961a - 961b CO).

The management report also required for larger entities (Article 961c CO) is not part of the financial statements and therefore not presented in these illustrative financial statements.

Holding Ltd

- The fictitious, listed company Holding Ltd controls other companies and prepares its consolidated financial statements in accordance with Swiss GAAP FER (not presented in this brochure).
- By law, the company is subject to an ordinary audit. As Holding Ltd has prepared its consolidated financial statements in accordance with a recognized accounting standard, it has decided to forgo presenting additional information in the notes and a cash flow statement as per Article 961d(1)(1) CO.

Non-Profit Foundation

The fictitious Non-Profit
 Foundation is subject to a
 limited statutory examination
 only; accordingly, the provisions
 applicable to larger entities are
 not applicable in this case.

The illustrative notes to the financial statements contain a selection of statutory minimum disclosures. However, depending on the entity-specific facts and circumstances, it may be appropriate or required to provide additional explanations. Moreover, subtotals and appropriate descriptions have been used for the illustrative income statements and cash flow statement.

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Industry Ltd, Zurich

Illustrative financial statement

Balance sheet

Assets

Article 959a(1) CO

CHF 1,000 Note	s 31.12.20x1	31.12.20x0
Cash and cash equivalents	8,444	7,111
Securities listed on a stock exchange	2,325	2,342
Trade accounts receivable 2.	1 20,956	19,980
Other short-term receivables	4,511	5,089
Inventories and non-invoiced services 2.	2 31,178	28,178
Prepaid expenses and accrued income	1,756	1,800
Total current assets	69,170	64,500
Financial assets	1,889	1,733
Investments 2.	3,000	3,000
Property, plant and equipment 2.	76,542	62,000
Intangible assets 2.	1,703	1,178
Total non-current assets	83,134	67,911
Total Assets	152,304	132,411

Liabilities and shareholders' equity

Article 959a(2) CO

CHF 1,000	Notes	31.12.20x1	31.12.20x0
Trade accounts payable	2.6	24,289	20,689
Short-term interest-bearing liabilities		15,324	6,018
Other short-term liabilities	2.7	5,000	10,289
Short-term provisions		1,431	1,580
Accrued expenses and deferred income		9,089	8,667
Total short-term liabilities		55,133	47,243
Long-term interest-bearing liabilities	2.8	41,289	41,156
Provisions		3,147	3,398
Total long-term liabilities		44,436	44,554
Total liabilities		99,569	91,797
Share capital	2.9	17,000	14,500
Legal capital reserves Reserves from capital contributions Other capital reserves	2.9	6,500 6,589	0 6,589
Legal retained earnings • Legal retained earnings in the narrower sense • Reserves for treasury shares	2.10	10,000 460	10,000 460
Voluntary retained earnings		1,000	1,000
Treasury shares	2.10	-67	-44
Available earnings • Profit brought forward • Profit for the year		6,653 4,600	6,129 1,980
Total shareholders' equity		52,735	40,614
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity		152,304	132,411

Income statement

Article 959b(2) CO

CHF 1,000 Notes	20x1	20x0
Revenue from sale of goods and services 2.11	166,644	137,511
Other operating income	2,389	3,411
Change in inventory of finished goods and work in progress as well as non-invoiced services	1,156	-1,067
Total operating income	170,189	139,855
Raw materials and supplies	-80,978	-60,844
Personnel expenses	-41,844	-38,644
Other operating expenses	-28,467	-27,133
Depreciation and impairment losses on property, plant and equipment	-11,232	-10,543
Amortization on intangible assets	-168	-102
Operating result	7,500	2,589
Financial income	441	734
Financial expenses	-1,102	-1,226
Non-operating income 2.12	601	598
Non-operating expenses 2.12	-312	-493
Extraordinary, non-recurring or prior period expenses 2.13	-350	0
Profit for the year before taxes	6,778	2,202
Direct taxes	-2,178	-222
Profit for the year	4,600	1,980

Cash flow statement

Article 961b CO
Disclosure
requirement for
larger entities

CHF 1,000 Notes	20x1	20x0
Profit for the year	4,600	1,980
Amortization and impairment losses on non-current assets	11,400	10,645
Other non-cash (income)/expenses	-10	111
(Gains)/losses arising from disposals of non-current assets	-37	18
Changes in securities listed on a stock exchange	17	-1,953
Changes in trade accounts receivable	-976	1,090
Changes in inventories and non-invoiced services	-3,000	1,622
Changes in other short-term receivables, prepaid expenses and accrued income	622	-600
Changes in trade accounts payable	3,600	1,556
Changes in other short-term liabilities, accrued expenses		
and deferred income	-4,867	643
Changes in provisions	-400	-1,333
Cash flows from operating activities	10,949	13,779
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	-26,137	-9,267
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	400	0
Acquisition of financial assets	-525	-1,525
Proceeds from sale of financial assets	369	0
Acquisition of intangible assets	-693	-156
Cash flows from investing activities	-26,586	-10,948
Proceeds from issue of share capital (including share premium) 2.9	9,000	0
Distribution of profits to shareholders (dividends)	-1,456	-1,200
Acquisition of treasury shares 2.10	-23	0
Proceeds from sale of treasury shares 2.10	0	633
Cash inflows/(cash outflows) from short-term interest-bearing liabilities	9,306	278
Cash inflows from long-term interest-bearing liabilities	133	200
Cash outflows from long-term interest-bearing liabilities	0	-500
Cash flows from financing activities	16,960	-589
Change in cash and cash equivalents	1,323	2,242
Reconciliation:		
Cash and cash equivalents as at 1 January	7,111	4,721
Exchange rate differences on cash and cash equivalents	10	148
Balance in cash and cash equivalents as at 31 December	8,444	7,111
Change in cash and cash equivalents	1,323	2,242

Notes

Article 959c(1) and (1) CO

1. Principles

Note:

The accounting principles highlighted in gray are alternative wordings for cases where accounting policies with respect to recognition, presentation or valuation deviate from the ones chosen by Industry Ltd. These alternative accounting principles have not been further considered in the present illustrative financial statements. However, they could trigger additional disclosures.

1.1 General aspects

These annual financial statements were prepared according to the principles of the Swiss Law on Accounting and Financial Reporting (32nd title of the Swiss Code of Obligations). Where not prescribed by law, the significant accounting and valuation principles applied are described below. It should be noted that to ensure the company's going concern, the company may create or release hidden reserves.

1.2 Inventories and non-invoiced services

Inventories and non-invoiced services are recorded at acquisition or manufacturing costs: If the net realizable value at the balance sheet date is lower than acquisition or manufacturing costs, net realizable values are used. The company has furthermore made use of a general value adjustment, admissible under tax law. Acquisition costs are calculated using the weighted average cost method, manufacturing costs using standard costs.

Possible alternative accounting principle:

Inventories are valued at acquisition or manufacturing costs - or if this is lower, at net realizable value (lowest value principle). The acquisition or manufacturing costs are calculated with the FIFO method (first in – first out).

Non-invoiced services are valued at manufacturing costs (standard full cost of own work) or at acquisition cost (work provided by third parties). If the net realizable value at the balance sheet date is lower than acquisition or manufacturing costs, net realizable values are used.

Longer-term construction contracts are accounted for according to the POC (percentage of completion) method, provided the relevant conditions are met. With the POC method, not only the acquisition and manufacturing costs are recorded but also a share of profits in accordance with the percentage of completion, provided the realization is sufficiently secure. The percentage of completion is calculated with the costs incurred so far in comparison to the expected overall costs (cost-to-cost). Should the conditions for the POC method not be met, the project is accounted for using the completed contract method whereas it is only recognized in the income statement once the delivery and performance risks have been passed on to the client. Expected losses are fully provisioned immediately in both the POC as well as the CC method.

Article 960b(1) and (2) CO

1.3 Securities and financial assets

Securities with a short-term holding period are valued at their quoted market price as at the balance sheet date. No valuation adjustment reserve was created. Financial assets include securities with a long-term holding period that have no quoted market price or no other observable market price, as well as loans to employees. Financial assets are valued at their acquisition cost adjusted for impairment losses.

Possible alternative accounting principle:

Securities with a short-term holding period are valued at their quoted market price as at the balance sheet date. In order to account for fluctuations in value, the entity records a valuation adjustment reserve which amounts to the difference between the market price as at balance sheet date and lower historical acquisition cost.

1.4 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment (PPE) is valued at acquisition or manufacturing costs less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. With the exception of land, property, plant and equipment (PPE) is always depreciated using the straight-line method. As soon as there are indicators that carrying values may be overstated, these are reviewed and, if necessary, adjusted.

1.5 Intangible assets

Intangible assets generated internally are capitalized if they meet the following conditions cumulatively at the date of recognition:

- the intangible assets generated internally are identifiable and controlled by the entity;
- the intangible assets generated internally will generate a measurable benefit for the entity for more than one year;
- the expenses incurred with the creation of the intangible assets generated internally can be recognized and measured separately;
- it is likely that the resources required to complete and market or use the intangible assets for the entity's own purposes are available or will be made available.

Intangible assets are amortized using the straight-line method. As soon there are indicators that carrying values may be overstated, these are reviewed and, if necessary, adjusted.

1.6 Treasury shares

Treasury shares are recognized at acquisition cost and deducted from shareholders' equity at the time of acquisition. In case of a resale, the gain or loss is recognized through the income statement as financial income or financial expense, respectively.

Possible alternative accounting principles:

- Treasury shares are recognized at acquisition cost and deducted from shareholders' equity at the time of acquisition. In case of a resale, the gain or loss incurred is allocated or charged to the voluntary retained earnings.
- Treasury shares are recognized at acquisition cost and deducted from shareholders' equity at the time of acquisition. In case of a resale, the gain or loss incurred is allocated or charged to the legal capital reserves.

1.7 Revenue from sale of goods and services

Sales are recognized when risks and rewards are transferred to the client or a service has been provided. Normally, this is the case upon delivery of the goods. In cases where Industry Ltd is also responsible for the delivery and installation of delivered goods, revenue recognition only takes place once the installation has been completed.

Possible alternative accounting principle:

Revenue from services is recorded as at invoicing.

The service is invoiced once it has been rendered, at the latest at the end of each quarter.

1.8 Share-based payments

Should board members and employees receive treasury shares as part of a share-based compensation program, the difference between the acquisition costs of the treasury shares and any consideration paid by the employees is recognized as personnel expenses. These expenses are allocated across the entire vesting period if the actual shares are only handed over at a later date and if it depends on the employee remaining with the entity for a set period. Should the share-based compensation be related exclusively to performance during the year of the allocation, the entire expense is recorded in that year, regardless of the actual transfer date of the shares.

1.9 Leases

Leasing and rental contracts are recognized based on legal ownership. Therefore, any leasing or rental expenses are recognized as expenses in the period they are incurred; however, the leased or rented objects themselves are not recognized in the balance sheet.

Possible alternative accounting principles:

Leasing transactions are recognized in the balance sheet on a substance over form basis. For this, leasing agreements and rental leases are classified as finance leases if essentially all of the risks and benefits related to the ownership of the leased object have been transferred to Industry Ltd as the lessee. All other leasing transactions are considered operating leases.

For finance leases the value of the leased or rented object is capitalized in property, plant and equipment (PPE) at the beginning of the contract; the same amount is recorded as leasing liability. The depreciation of PPE and the amortization of the leasing liabilities then take place over the leasing period.

For operating leases, the rental and leasing rates paid are directly recognized in the income statement when they become due.

Article 959c(1)(2) CO

2. Information on balance sheet and income statement items

2.1 **Trade accounts receivable**

Article 959a(4) CO Article 959a(4) CO

CHF 1,000	31.12.20x1	31.12.20x0
Receivables from third parties	8,884	7,585
Valuation adjustments	-1,237	-1,397
Receivables from shareholders	325	342
Receivables from companies in which the entity holds an investment	9,309	9,240
Receivables from other group companies	3,675	4,210
Total	20,956	19,980

Inventories and non-invoiced services 2.2

CHF 1,000	31.12.20x1	31.12.20x0
Raw materials and supplies	5,670	4,893
Work in progress	22.718	21,329
Finished goods	14,605	14,636
Non-invoiced services	1,318	1,520
Valuation adjustments	-13,133	-14,200
Total	31,178	28,178

2.3 Investments

Article 959c(2)(3) CO

		Capita	l in 1,000		voting and rights, in %
Company	Domicile	31.12.20x1	31.12.20x0	31.12.20x1	31.12.20x0
Industry Finance AG	Zurich	CHF 100	CHF 100	100	100
Betatechnik AG	St. Gall	CHF 1,000	CHF 1,000	75	75
Industrie-Productions SA	Lausanne	CHF 1,000	CHF 1,000	100	100
Omega AG	Vienna	EUR 2,000	EUR 2,000	20	20
Delta AG	Salzburg	EUR 2,000	EUR 2,000	20 (indirectly held)	20 (indirectly held)

Property, plant and equipment 2.4

CHF 1,000	31.12.20x1	31.12.20x0
Operating properties	14,805	15,120
Non-operating properties	4,900	5,300
Land reserve	5,600	0
Installations and equipment	42,324	33,702
Vehicles	8,913	7,878
Total	76,542	62,000

Article 959c (2)(12)

In the course of the relocation of a part of the production from Zurich to Winterthur in 20x0 and 20x1, impairment losses on operating properties and installations and equipment in the amount of CHF 2,910 k and CHF 2,224 k, respectively, had to be recognized.

In 20x1, the company acquired a plot of land in Winterthur next to the production facilities, which is currently held as a land reserve.

2.5 Intangible assets

Intangible assets mainly consist of software (developed by third parties or acquired) and capitalized costs of internally generated and patented production methods.

2.6 Trade accounts payable

Article 959a(4) CO

CHF 1,000	31.12.20x1	31.12.20x0
Accounts payable due to third parties	16,934	14,302
Accounts payable due to companies in which the entity holds an investment	4,919	3,286
Accounts payable due to other group companies	2,436	3,101
Total	24,289	20,689

2.7 Other short-term liabilities

Article 959c(2)(7) CO Article 959a(4) CO

CHF 1,000	31.12.20x1	31.12.20x0
Liabilities due to third parties	4,835	10,147
Liabilities due to pension fund	120	112
Liabilities due to governing bodies (board of directors and auditors)	45	30
Total	5,000	10,289

2.8 Long-term interest-bearing liabilities

Article 959a(4) CO

CHF 1,000	31.12.20x1	31.12.20x0
Loans from companies in which the entity holds an investment	17,500	17,000
Bank loans	20,860	17,500
Other interest-bearing liabilities due to third parties	2,929	6,656
Total	41,289	41,156

Overview by maturity:

Article 961a(1) CO
Disclosure
requirements for
larger companies

CHF 1,000	31.12.20x1	31.12.20x0
Up to five years	5,089	5,156
More than five years	36,200	36,000
Total	41,289	41,156

2.9 Share capital and reserves from capital contributions

On 30 April 20x1, the company increased its share capital by CHF 9,000k (par value CHF 2,500k, reserves from capital contributions CHF 6,500k). As at 31.12.20x1, the share capital consists of 170,000 registered shares at a par value of CHF 100 each.

2.10 Treasury shares

Article 959c(2)(4) and (5) CO

Number of registered shares	20x1	20x0
Inventory as at 1.1.	157	3,209
Acquisitions	77	0
Sales	0	-2,260
Allocation to board members and employees	0	-792
Inventory as at 31.12.	234	157

In 20x1, 77 registered shares were purchased at the price of CHF 300 each. In 20x0, 2,260 registered shares were sold and 792 registered shares were allocated to board members and employees. The average selling price was CHF 280 each.

A subsidiary holds, as of 31 December 20x1, 1,643 registered shares of Industry Ltd, which it acquired in 20x-1 at a price of CHF 280 each. Industry Ltd recorded a reserve for treasury shares accordingly.

2.11 Revenue from sale of goods and services

CHF 1,000	20x1	20x0
Revenue from the sale of goods	153,827	127,058
Revenue from the delivery of services	12,817	10,453
Total	166,644	137,511

2.12 Non-operating income and expenses

Non-operating income and expenses include rental income and relevant costs related to non-operating properties.

Article 959c(2)(12) CO

2.13 Extraordinary expenses

Extraordinary expenses of CHF 350 k relate to the costs of the clean-up after the storm in August 20x1, which destroyed part of the production facility.

3. Other information

3.1 Net release of hidden reserves

Article 959c(1)(3) CO

CHF 1,000	20x1	20x0
Total net release of hidden reserves	0	1,789

Article 959c (2)(2) CO

3.2 Full-time equivalent employees

The annual average number of full-time equivalent employees for the reporting year, as well as the previous year, exceeded 250.

3.3 Residual amount of leasing obligations

The maturity of leasing obligations which have a residual term of more than twelve months or which cannot be canceled within the next twelve months is as follows:

Article 959c(2)(6) CO

CHF 1,000	31.12.20x1	31.12.20x0
Up to 1 year	2,543	3,125
1–5 years	1,783	1,955
More than 5 years	341	657
Total	4,667	5,737

These amounts include payments related to rental or leasing contracts up to the end of their (a) contract period or (b) notice period, as applicable.

Article 959c (2)(8) CO

3.4 Collateral for third-party liabilities

Collateral provided for liabilities of third parties amounts to CHF 12,500k (previous year: CHF 13,000k). These are guarantees issued on behalf of subsidiaries.

Article 959c(2)(9) CO

3.5 Assets pledged to secure own liabilities, as well as assets with retention of title

Assets pledged to secure own liabilities amount to CHF 50,000 k (previous year: CHF 40,000 k). They are pledged to secure interest-bearing liabilities. None of the company's assets bear a retention of title.

Article 959c(2)(10) CO

3.6 Contingent liabilities

In summer 20x0, a court case was initiated against the company in regard to a product liability incident. The plaintiff is claiming compensation amounting to CHF 3,000 k. An initial decision by court is expected for summer 20x2. The company expects the case to be dismissed. Provisions have been recorded to cover the expected expenses.

Article 959c(2)(11) CO

3.7 Shares or options on shares for members of the board and employees

In 20x1, no shares or options on shares were allocated to members of the board or to employees. The following information relates to the allocation in 20x0 (valued at the tax value of CHF 250 for each share):

	Shares		Optio		
	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Value
20x0		CHF 1,000		CHF 1,000	CHF 1,000
Allocated to board members	360	90	0	0	90
Allocated to employees	432	108	0	0	108
Total	792	198	0	0	198

3.8 Audit fees

Article 961a(2) CO Disclosure requirements for larger companies

CHF 1,000	20x1	20x0
Audit services (stand-alone financial statements and consolidated financial statements)	120	110
Other services	15	15
Total	135	125

Article 959c(2)(13) CO

3.9 Significant subsequent events

The investment in Betatechnik AG was sold to a third party as at 20 January 20x2. The transaction resulted in a gain on sale of approximately CHF 500k.

03

Holding Ltd, Zurich

Illustrative financial statement

Balance sheet

Assets

Article 959a(4) CO

CHF 1,000	Notes	31.12.20x1	31.12.20x0
Cash and cash equivalents		8,838	9,834
Securities listed on a stock exchange		233	274
Other short-term receivables from third parties from companies in which the entity holds an investment		105 10,132	51 15,089
Prepaid expenses and accrued income	2.1	989	961
Total current assets		20,297	26,209
Financial assets	2.2	104,226	101,824
Investments	2.3	201,530	201,530
Property, plant and equipment		52	65
Prepaid expenses and accrued income	2.1	1,519	2,439
Total non-current assets		307,327	305,858
Total Assets		327,624	332,067

Liabilities and shareholders' equity

Article 959a(2) CO

CHF 1,000	Notes	31.12.20x1	31.12.20x0
Trade accounts payable		151	256
Other short-term liabilities due to companies in which the entity holds an investment		1,241	806
Short-term provisions	2.4	0	405
Accrued expenses and deferred income		273	53
Total short-term liabilities		1,665	1,520
Long-term interest-bearing liabilitiesfrom third partiesdue to shareholders	2.5 2.5	167,646 8,000	181,785 8,000
Total long-term liabilities		175,646	189,785
Total liabilities		177,311	191,305
Share capital	2.6	35,000	35,000
Legal capital reserve Reserve from capital contributions Other capital reserve	2.7	16,853 18,264	26,845 18,264
Legal retained earnings • Reserve for treasury shares	2.8	785	785
Treasury shares	2.9	-398	-473
Available earnings • Profit brought forward • Profit for the year		60,341 19,468	41,460 18,881
Total shareholders' equity		150,313	140,762
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity		327,624	332,067

Article 959a(4) CO

Income statement

Option 1: presentation focused on the company's business purpose

Articles 958d as well as 959b(2) CO

CHF 1,000 Notes	20x1	20x0
Dividend income 2.10	21,743	21,032
Other financial income 2.11	5,197	5,091
Other operating income	23	17
Total income	26,963	26,140
Financial expenses 2.12	-4,189	-4,074
Personnel expenses	-635	-678
Other operating expenses 2.13	-2,569	-2,281
Impairment losses on investments	0	-120
Depreciation on property, plant and equipment	-13	-27
Direct taxes	-89	-79
Total expenses	-7,495	-7,259
Profit for the year	19,468	18,881

Option 2: presentation focused on the legal minimum requirements for structure

Articles 958d as well as 959b(2) CO

CHF 1,000	Notes	20x1	20x0
Other operating income		23	17
Dividend income	2.10	21,743	21,032
Other financial income	2.11	5,197	5,091
Total income		26,963	26,140
Personnel expenses		-635	-678
Other operating expenses	2.13	-2,569	-2,281
Impairment losses on investments		0	-120
Depreciation on property, plant and equipment		-13	-27
Financial expenses	2.12	-4,189	-4,074
Direct taxes		-89	-79
Total expenses		-7,495	-7,259
Profit for the year		19,468	18,881

Note: the income statement may also be presented in other appropriate ways other than the options 1 and 2 illustrated above.

Possible alternative: income statement in vertical format

Option 1: presentation focused on the company's business purpose

Articles 958d as well as 959b(2) CO

CHF 1,000	Notes	20x1	20x0
	Notes	2011	2010
Dividend income	2.10	21,743	21,032
Other financial income	2.11	5,197	5,091
Other operating income		23	17
Total operating income		26,963	26,140
Financial expenses	2.12	-4,189	-4,074
Personnel expenses		-635	-678
Other operating expenses	2.13	-2,569	-2,281
Operating result before taxes, depreciation and impairment losses		19,570	19,107
Impairment losses on investments		0	-120
Depreciation on property, plant and equipment		-13	-27
Profit for the year before taxes		19,557	18,960
Direct taxes		-89	-79
Profit for the year		19,468	18,881

Option 2: presentation focused on the legal minimum requirements for structure

Articles 958d as well as 959b(2) CO

CHF 1,000	Notes	20x1	20x0
Other operating income		23	17
Total operating income		23	17
Personnel expenses		-635	-678
Other operating expenses	2.13	-2,569	-2,281
Operating result before financial result, taxes, depreciation and impairment losses		-3,181	-2,942
Impairment losses on investments		0	-120
Depreciation on property, plant and equipment		-13	-27
Operating results before financial result and taxes		-3,194	-3,089
Dividend income	2.10	21,743	21,032
Other financial income	2.11	5,197	5,091
Financial expenses	2.12	-4,189	-4,074
Profit for the year before taxes		19,557	18,960
Direct taxes		-89	-79
Profit for the year		19,468	18,881

Note: The income statement may also be presented in other appropriate ways other than the options 1 and 2 illustrated above.

Notes

Article 959c(1)(1) CO

1. Principles

1.1 General aspects

These annual financial statements were prepared according to the principles of the Swiss Law on Accounting and Financial Reporting (32nd title of the Swiss Code of Obligations). Where not prescribed by law, the significant accounting and valuation principles applied are described below.

Article 960b(1) and (2) CO

1.2 Securities listed on a stock exchange

Securities with a short-term holding period are valued at their quoted market price as at the balance sheet date. A valuation adjustment reserve has not been accounted for.

1.3 Financial assets

Financial assets include long-term loans. Loans granted in foreign currencies are translated at the rate at the balance sheet date, whereby unrealized losses are recorded but unrealized profits are not recognized.

1.4 Treasury shares

Treasury shares are recognized at acquisition cost and deducted from shareholders' equity at the time of acquisition. In case of a resale, the gain or loss is recognized through the income statement as financial income or financial expense.

1.5 Share-based payments

Should board members receive treasury shares as part of a share-based compensation program, the difference between the acquisition costs of the treasury shares and any consideration paid by board members is recognized as personnel expenses. These expenses are allocated across the entire vesting period if the actual shares are only handed over at a later date and if it depends on the board member remaining with the entity for a set period. Should the share-based compensation be related exclusively to performance during the year of the allocation, the entire expense is recorded in that year, regardless of the actual transfer date of the shares.

1.6 Long-term interest-bearing liabilities

Interest-bearing liabilities are recognized in the balance sheet at nominal value. Discounts and issue costs for bonds are recognized as prepaid expenses and amortized on a straight-line basis over the bond's maturity period. Premiums are recognized as accrued expenses and amortized on a straight-line basis over the bond's maturity period.

Article 961d(1)(1) CO

1.7 Foregoing a cash flow statement and additional disclosures in the notes

As Holding Ltd has prepared its consolidated financial statements in accordance with a recognized accounting standard (Swiss GAAP FER), it has decided to forego presenting additional information on interest-bearing liabilities and audit fees in the notes as well as a cash flow statement in accordance with the law.

Article 959c(1)(2) CO

2. Information on balance sheet and income statement items

2.1 Prepaid expenses and accrued income

Long-term prepaid expenses and accrued income contain the not-yet-amortized amount of the discount and the issue costs which arose when the bond was issued. The part to be amortized in the following year is recognized in the short-term prepaid expenses and accrued income.

2.2 Financial assets

 CHF 1,000
 31.12.20x1
 31.12.20x0

 Loans granted to companies in which the entity holds an investment
 104,226
 101,824

 Total
 104,226
 101,824

Article 959a(4) CO

2.3 Investments

Article 959c(2)(3) CO

		Capital in 1,000		Share in v capital rig	•
Company	Domicile	31.12.20x1	31.12.20x0	31.12.20x1	31.12.20x0
Alpha AG	Zurich	CHF 100	CHF 100	100	100
Beta B.V.	Amsterdam	EUR 1,000	EUR 1,000	75	75
Gamma GmbH	Hamburg	EUR 1,000	EUR 1,000	100	100
Delta SpA	Rome	EUR 2,000	EUR 2,000	100	100
Epsilon SA	Paris	EUR 2,500	EUR 2,500	30 (indirectly held)	30 (indirectly held)

2.4 Short-term provisions

The previous year's short-term provisions related to a conditional purchase price for the acquisition of an investment.

2.5 Long-term interest-bearing liabilities

CHF 1,000	31.12.20x1	31.12.20x0
Bonds	145,000	145,000
Bank loans	22,646	36,785
Loans from shareholders	8,000	8,000
Total	175,646	189,785

Article 959a(4) CO

Loan conditions:

	CHF 20,000 k 20x-2-20x3	CHF 60,000 k 20x-1-20x4	CHF 65,000 k 20x0-20x5
Nominal value as at 31.12.20x1 (CHF 1,000)	20,000	60,000	65,000
Nominal value as at 31.12.20x0 (CHF 1,000)	20,000	60,000	65,000
Interest rate in %	1.25	1.00	2.00
Duration in years	5	5	5
Maturity	30.06.20x3	31.10.20x4	31.03.20x5

2.6 Share capital and capital band

Share capital in the amount of CHF 35,000 k consists of 4,375,000 registered shares at a par value of CHF 8.00 each.

At the Annual General Meeting of 1 May 20x0, the Board of Directors was authorized to increase or decrease the share capital by a maximum of CHF 8,000k, split into 1,000,000 registered shares at a par value of CHF 8.00 each, by 30 April 20x4 at the latest.

2.7 Reserves from capital contributions

The reserves from capital contributions include the premium from capital increases in the years 20x-8 and 20x-9, minus the dividends distributed to date.

From a fiscal point of view, any distributions made from reserves from capital contributions are treated the same as a repayment of share capital. The Swiss Federal Tax Administration (SFTA) has confirmed that it will recognize disclosed reserves from capital contributions as a capital contribution as per Article 5(1^{bis}) Withholding Tax Act.

Article 959c(2)(4) and (5) CO

2.8 Reserves for treasury shares

In 20x-6, a subsidiary acquired 4,361 registered shares of Holding Ltd at a price of CHF 180 each. A respective reserve for treasury shares was recorded.

Article 959c(2)(4) and (5) CO

2.9 Treasury shares

Number of registered shares	Number of transactions	Lowest rate in CHF	Highest rate in CHF	Average rate of transaction in CHF	Quantity
Inventory as at 1.1.20x0					3,210
Acquisitions	5	240	246	243	1,540
Sales	4	249	251	250	-1,580
Allocation to board members	1			244	-1,255
Inventory as at 31.12.20x0					1,915
Acquisitions	3	239	246	243	1,365
Sales	2	250	253	252	-355
Allocation to board members	1			242	-1,305
Inventory as at 31.12.20x1					1,620

As at balance sheet date, acquisition cost for directly held treasury shares amounted to CHF 398k (previous year: CHF 473k).

2.10 Dividend income

In the reporting year, dividend income amounted to CHF 21,743k (previous year: CHF 21,032k). This amount included dividends distributed by Alpha AG in the amount of CHF 8,000k for the 20x1 business year. The dividends were recorded as a receivable. This approach is permitted since Alpha AG closes its accounts on the same balance sheet date, and its Annual General Meeting has already approved the dividend.

2.11 Other financial income

Other financial income amounts to CHF 5,197k (previous year: CHF 5,091k) and consists mostly of interest income from loans to companies in which the entity holds an investment.

2.12 Financial expenses

CHF 1,000	31.12.20x1	31.12.20x0
Bank interest and fees	685	1,103
Interest to shareholders	310	310
Interest on bonds	2,150	1,825
Amortization of discounts and issue costs	920	820
Exchange losses	124	16
Total	4,189	4,074

2.13 Other operating expenses

CHF 1,000	31.12.20x1	31.12.20x0
Administrative expenses	1,101	987
Consulting expenses	896	1,110
Other operating expenses	572	184
Total	2,569	2,281

3. Other information

Article 959c(2)(2) CO

3.1 Full-time equivalents

Holding Ltd does not have any employees.

Article 959c(2)(8) CO

3.2 Collateral for third-party liabilities

Collateral provided for liabilities of third parties amounts to CHF 12,500 k (previous year: CHF 13,000 k). These are sureties, letters of comfort and guarantees issued in favor of subsidiaries.

3.3 Shares or options on shares for members of the board

According to the compensation plan, Board members' fees are paid in shares at a minimum of 30 percent and up to a maximum of 50 percent. Treasury shares are used for share-based compensation. The number of shares is calculated based on the average share price over the last ten days prior to the allocation.

The allocation was as follows:

Allocated to members of the board

Article 959c(2)(11) CO

 20x1
 20x0

 Quantity
 Value CHF 1,000
 Quantity
 Value CHF 1,000

 1,305
 316
 1,255
 306

Article 959c(2)(13) CO

3.4 Significant events after the balance sheet date

There are no significant events after the balance sheet date which could impact the book value of the assets or liabilities or which should be disclosed here.

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Non-Profit Foundation, Zurich

Illustrative financial statement

Balance sheet

Article 959a(1) CO

Assets

CHF 1,000	Notes	31.12.20x1	31.12.20x0
Cash and cash equivalents	2.1	5,221	3,892
Other short-term receivables		369	257
Prepaid expenses and accrued income		224	89
Total short-term assets		5,814	4,238
Financial assets	2.2	9,957	8,951
Valuation adjustment reserve	2.2	-1590	-987
Property, plant and equipment	2.3	3,456	3,836
Total non-current assets		11,823	11,800
Total Assets		17,637	16,038

Article 960b(2) CO

Liabilities and shareholders' equity

Article 959a(2) CO

CHF 1,000 Notes	31.12.20x1	31.12.20x0
Trade accounts payable	156	154
Other short-term liabilities	358	479
Accrued expenses and deferred income	2,044	1,459
Total short-term liabilities	2,558	2,092
Long-term interest-bearing liabilities 2.4	1,500	1,500
Total long-term liabilities	1,500	1,500
Total liabilities	4,058	3,592
Foundation capital	10,000	10,000
Available earnings • Profit brought forward • Proift for the year	2,446 1,133	501 1,945
Total equity	13,579	12,446
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	17,637	16,038

Income statement

Article 959b(2) CO

CHF 1,000	Notes	20x1	20x0
Donations received	2.5	27,258	28,241
Other operating income		468	587
Total operating income		27,726	28,828
Contributions and donations paid	2.6	-22,103	-21,993
Personnel expenses		-881	-793
Other operating expenses	2.7	-3,608	-3,698
Depreciation and impairment losses on property, plant and equipment		-380	-401
Operating result		754	1,943
Financial income	2.8	1,093	799
Financial expenses	2.9	-714	-797
Profit for the year		1,133	1,945

Notes

Article 959c(1)(1) CO

1. Principles

1.1 General aspects

These annual financial statements were prepared according to the principles of the Swiss Law on Accounting and Financial Reporting (32nd title of the Swiss Code of Obligations). Where not prescribed by law, the significant accounting and valuation principles applied are described below.

Article 960b(1) and (2) CO

1.2 Financial assets

The securities in investments are valued at quoted market price or another observable market price as at the balance sheet date. In order to account for fluctuations in value, the entity records a valuation adjustment reserve, which amounts to the difference between the market price as at balance sheet date and lower historical acquisition cost.

1.3 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment (PPE) is valued at acquisition or manufacturing costs less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. With the exception of land, PPE is depreciated using the straight-line method. If there is an indication of impairment, the carrying amounts are reassessed and, where necessary, adjusted.

The estimated useful lives of PPE are as follows:

Plots of land unlimited
Buildings 50 years
Equipment, furniture 5 years

Article 959c(1)(2) CO

2. Information on balance sheet and income statement items

2.1 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, postal and bank accounts.

2.2 Financial assets

CHF 1,000	31.12.20x1	31.12.20x0
Bonds in CHF	4,156	4,589
Bonds in foreign currencies	967	1,514
Domestic shares	2,958	1,925
Foreign shares	1,876	923
Total financial assets at quoted market price or another observable market price	9,957	8,951
Valuation adjustment reserve	-1,590	-987
Total acquisition cost for financial assets	8,367	7,964

2.3 Property, plant and equipment

CHF 1,000	31.12.20x1	31.12.20x0
Land and buildings	2,919	3,157
Equipment, furniture	546	679
Total	3,465	3,836

2.4 Long-term interest-bearing liabilities

The long-term interest-bearing liability is a mortgage granted by Bank X.

2.5 Donations received

CHF 1,000	20x1	20x0
Contributions by sponsors	9,689	8,547
Donations and endowments	17,569	19,694
Total	27,258	28,241

2.6 Contributions and donations paid

CHF 1,000	20x1	20x0
Support for hardship cases	9,890	8,547
Counselling and support in emergencies	6,524	7,105
Project contributions	5,689	6,341
Total	22,103	21,993

2.7 Other operating expenses

CHF 1,000	20x1	20x0
Public relations, advertising	1,447	1,801
IT expenses	401	568
Property maintenance (maintenance, repairs, third-party services)	541	302
General administrative expenses	1,219	1,027
Total	3,608	3,698

2.8 Financial income

CHF 1,000	20x1	20x0
Interest and dividend income	258	235
Price gains on financial assets	835	62
Decrease in valuation adjustment reserves	0	502
Total	1,093	799

2.9 Financial expenses

CHF 1,000	20x1	20x0
Interest rate expenses	75	75
Fees and charges	6	5
Price losses on financial assets	30	717
Increase in valuation adjustment reserves	603	0
Total	714	797

3. Other information

Article 959c(2)(2) CO

3.1 Full-time equivalents

The annual average number of full-time equivalent employees for the reporting year, as well as the previous year, did not exceed 10.

Article 959c(2)(9) CO

3.2 Assets pledged to secure own liabilities

With a book value of CHF 2,919 k (previous year: CHF 3,157 k), land and buildings are encumbered with mortgages amounting to CHF 1,500 k (previous year: CHF 1,500 k).

Article 959c(2)(13) CO

3.3 Significant events after the balance sheet date

There are no significant events after the balance sheet date which could impact the book value of the assets or liabilities or which should be disclosed here.

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Annex

Disclosure checklist

1. Rules concerning annual financial statements (stand-alone financial statements)

1.1 General Provisions

Reference in CO	Control question	Yes	N/A	No	Comment
Article 958(2)	The financial reporting forms part of the annual report which contains the financial statements. Do the financial statements consist of the balance sheet, the income statement and the notes?				
Article 958a(2)	If it is intended to discontinue all or part of the entity's activities – or if such a discontinuation cannot be averted – within twelve months from the balance sheet date: is the accounting for the business activities concerned based on liquidation values?				
Article 958a(2)	If it is intended to discontinue all or part of the entity's activities – or if such a discontinuation cannot be averted – within twelve months from the balance sheet date: have provisions been recorded for expenditures associated with the discontinuation?				
Article 958b(1)	Has the cut-off (accrual accounting) of expenses and income been properly performed?				
	Note: Provided the net proceeds from the sale of goods or services or financial income does not exceed CHF 100,000, a company may use cash accounting ("expenditure and income") instead of accrual accounting (Art. 958b(2) CO). If financial reporting is not in Swiss francs, the annual average exchange rate is used to ascertain the relevant value for the aforementioned CHF 100,000 (Article 958b(3) CO).				
Article 958d(1)	Are the balance sheet and the income statement presented either in the account form or in the report form?				
Article 958d(2)	Do the financial statements present the current period and the corresponding prior period figures? Note: Answer "n/a" only possible for newly founded entities.				
Article 958d(3)	Are the financial statements presented in either Swiss francs or the currency relevant to the entity's business activities (functional currency)?				
Article 958d(3)	If presented in a currency other than Swiss francs: are all the amounts of the balance sheet, the income statement, the notes and the cash flow statement (if applicable) additionally disclosed in Swiss francs?				
Article 958d(4)	Is the financial reporting presented in either an official language of Switzerland or in English?				

Balance sheet 1.2

Reference in CO	Control question	Yes	N/A	No	Comment
Article 959a(1)	Does the balance sheet as a minimum present the following line items separately on the asset side?				
	Current assets				
	Cash (and cash equivalents) and assets with a quoted market price held for a short-term				
	Trade accounts receivable				
	Other short-term receivables				
	Inventories and non-invoiced services				
	Prepaid expenses and accrued income				
	Non-current assets				
	Financial assets				
	 Investments 				
	Property, plant and equipment			$\overline{\Box}$	
	Intangible assets				
	Not yet paid-in share capital, partners' capital or				
	endowment capital				
	Are the above line items presented in the prescribed sequence?				
Article 959a(2)	Does the balance sheet as a minimum present the following line items separately on the liability/ shareholders' equity side?				
	Current liabilities				
	Trade accounts payable				
	 Short-term interest-bearing liabilities 				
	Other short-term liabilities				
	Accrued expenses and deferred income				
	Non-current liabilities				
	 Long-term interest-bearing liabilities 				
	Other long-term liabilities				
	Provisions and similar items according to the law				
	Shareholders' equity				
	 Share capital, partners' capital or foundation capital, if applicable separately per category 				
	 Legal capital reserves 				
	Note: Possible sub-items: – (Fiscal) reserves from capital contributions				
	 Other capital reserves Legal retained earnings 				
	Note: Possible sub-items: - General legal retained earnings in the narrower sense - Revaluation reserves				
	Reserves for treasury shares (for shares held in controlled entities (Article 963 CO)				
	 Voluntary retained earnings 				
	 Treasury shares (as a negative amount) 				
	Profit brought forward or loss brought forward (as a pogntive amount)				
	 (as a negative amount) Profit for the year or loss for the year (as a negative amount) 				
	amount)				
	Are the above line items presented in the prescribed sequence?				

Reference in CO	Control question	Yes	N/A	No	Comment
Article 959a(3)	To the extent that it is material for the assessment of the financial position of the entity by third parties or common practice in the entitys business area: are other items presented separately either in the balance sheet or in the notes to the financial statements?				
Article 959a(4)	Are the following receivables and liabilities disclosed separately either in the balance sheet or in the notes to the financial statements?				
	 Receivables due from/liabilities due to direct or indirect holders of equities 				
	Receivables due from/liabilities due to governing bodies Note: According to the law, there is no specific requirement for separate disclosure of receivables due from/liabilities due to governing bodies. These may also be presented together with receivables due from/liabilities due to direct or indirect holders of equities within the same line item.				
	 Receivables due from/liabilities due to entities in which the entity holds an investment, either directly or indirectly 				
Article 959(3)	Do current assets comprise only cash and other assets that are probably turned into cash or otherwise realized within one year from the balance sheet date or during the normal business cycle?				
Article 959(6)	Do current liabilities comprise all the liabilities that will be payable within one year from the balance sheet date or within the normal business cycle?				
Article 959(7)	Is shareholders' equity presented and structured according to the entity's legal form?				

Erfolgsrechnung 1.3

Reference in CO	Control question	Yes	N/A	No	Comment
Article 959b(2)	If the income statement is presented by function of production: are the following line items, as a minimum, presented separately?				
	Net revenue from the sale of goods and services				
	 Changes in inventory of finished goods and work in progress as well as non-invoiced services 				
	Raw materials and supplies				
	Personnel expenses				
	Other operating expenses				
	 Amortization and value adjustments on items in non-current assets 				
	Financial expenses				
	Financial income				
	 Non-operating expenses 				
	Non-operating income				
	 Extraordinary, non-recurring or prior period expenses 				
	 Extraordinary, non-recurring or prior period income 				
	• Direct taxes				
	• Profits/Loss for the year (net)				
	Are the above line items presented in the prescribed sequence?				
Article 959b(3)	If the income statement is presented by function of expense: are the following line items, as a minimum, presented separately?				
	Revenue from sale of goods and services				
	Purchase or production costs of sold products or services				
	Administrative expenses and distribution costs				
	Financial expenses				
	Financial income				
	Non-operating expenses				
	Non-operating income				
	Extraordinary, non-recurring or prior period expenses				
	Extraordinary, non-recurring or prior period income				
	Direct taxes				
	 Profits/Loss for the year (net) 				
	Are the above line items presented in the prescribed sequence?				
Article 959b(5)	To the extent that it is material for the assessment of the results of operations of the business by third parties or common practice in the entity's industry: are other items presented separately either in the income statement or in the notes to the financial statements?				

Anhang 1.4

Reference in CO	Control question	Yes	N/A	No	Comment
Article 959c(3)	Only sole proprietorships and partnerships				
Article 959c(3)	For sole proprietorships or partnerships that are not required to comply with the requirements for larger entities: if the requirement to prepare notes has been waived, is information additionally required as a minimum structure of the balance sheet and the income statement presented directly in the balance sheet or the income statement?				
Article 959c(1) (1)-(3)	Do the notes contain the following information?				
Article 959c(1)(1)	Description of the accounting policies applied in the preparation of the financial statements, to the extent these are not prescribed by law				
Article 959c(1)(2)	Disclosure and breakdown and explanations on balance sheet and income statement line items				
Article 959c(1)(3)	3. The total amount of replacement reserves used and the additional hidden reserves, if this exceeds the total amount of new reserves of the same type where the result achieved thereby is considerably more favorable				
Article 959c(1)(4)	Do the notes also disclose the other information required by law?				
Article 958a(3)	1. If the entity intends to discontinue all or part of its business activities – or if such a discontinuation cannot be averted – within twelve months from the balance sheet date: is the deviation from the going concern assumption disclosed and its influence on the financial position of the business explained?				
Article 958d(3)	2. If presented in a currency other than Swiss francs: are the conversion rates disclosed and if necessary explained?				
Article 959b(4)	3. If the income statement is presented with the cost-of- sales method: are personnel expenses and, as a single item, depreciation and impairment losses on non-current assets disclosed?				
Article 959c(4)	4. If the company has bonds outstanding: is the following disclosed:				
	 Amount Interest rate Maturities Other terms and conditions such as subordination, conversion, options, collateral, private placements, 				
	early repayment clauses, restrictions, etc.				
	5. If assets are valued at quoted market prices or other observable market prices:				
Article 960b(1)	Do the notes disclose this valuation?				
Article 960b(1)	 Is the total value of the respective assets disclosed, separately for securities and other assets with an observable market price? 				
Article 960b(2)	 Is the amount of the fluctuation reserve disclosed separately in either the balance sheet or the notes to the financial statements? 				

Reference in CO	Control question	Yes	N/A	No	Comment
Article 725c(1)	If revaluations exceeding the historical costs were made: is information on the subject and the amount of any revaluations disclosed				
	7. If applicable: are any other disclosures required by other (special) laws (e.g. Merger Act)?				
Article 959c(2) (1)-(14)	Is the following information disclosed in the notes or has it already been included in the balance sheet or in the income statement?				
Article 959c(2)(1)	1. General aspectsDo the notes contain the following information:Company name?Legal form?Domicile?				
Article 959c(2)(2)	2. Full-time equivalent employees Do the notes declare whether full-time equivalents, on an annual average, exceed 10, 50 or 250, respectively?				
Article 959c(2)(3)	 3. Investments Do the notes contain a list of all entities in which the company holds direct or significant indirect investments, showing the following informationt? Company Legal form Domicile/country Share in voting and capital rights (in %) 				
Article 959c(2)(4)	 4. Treasury shares Do the notes contain details of the number of treasury shares held by the company itself and entities it controls (Article 963 CO)? 				
Article 959c(2)(5)	 5. Changes to treasury shares Do the notes contain information on the purchase and sale of treasury shares, including the terms and conditions, as well as their: opening balance purchase sale closing balance terms and conditions of purchases terms and conditions of sales 				
Article 959c(2)(6)	6. Lease obligations Do the notes disclose the residual liabilities arising from leasing transactions which are similar to sales contracts and other leasing obligations, unless these expire or can be canceled within 12 months after the balance sheet date?				
Article 959c(2)(7)	7. Liabilities to pension funds Do the notes disclose liabilities to pension schemes?				

Reference in CO	Control question	Yes	N/A	No	Comment
Article 959c(2)(8)	8. Collateral for third-party liabilities Do the notes disclose the total amount of the collateral provided for third-party liabilities?				
Article 959c(2)(9)	 9. Securing own liabilities Are the following amounts disclosed in the notes? Assets pledged to secure own liabilities Assets put under ownership reservation 				
Article 959c(2)(10)	10. Contingent liabilities Do the notes disclose the legal or actual obligations for which a cash outflow is unlikely or cannot be estimated reliably?				
Article 959c(2)(11)	11. Shares or options awarded to employees Do the notes contain information about the number and value of shares or options on shares awarded during the period to members of senior management, the supreme governing and administrative body and to employees?				
Article 959c(2)(12)	12. Extraordinary and prior-period items Do the notes contain explanations of extraordinary, non-recurring or prior-period items included in the income statement?				
Article 959c(2)(13)	13. Events after the balance sheet date Do the notes disclose significant events that occurred after the balance sheet date?				
Article 959c(2)(14)	14. Premature resignation or removal of the auditors Do the notes disclose the reasons for a premature resignation or removal of the auditors?				
Article 959c(2)(15)	15. Capital increases and capital reductions Do the notes disclose all capital increases and capital reductions that the Board of Directors has made within a capital band?				

2. Requirements for larger entities

2.1 Additional items to be covered in the annual report

Reference in CO	Control question	Yes	N/A	No	Comment
Article 961	Does the annual report also contain the following:				
	A cash flow statement (as part of the financial				
	statements)?				
	A management report?				
	2.2 Notes				
Reference in CO	Control question	Yes	N/A	No	Comment
Article 961a	Do the notes contain additional information on long-term interest-bearing liabilities, broken down according to the following maturities:				
	 Due within one to five years 				
	 Due in more than five years 				
Article 961a	Are the auditors fees disclosed, broken down by:				
	 Audit-related services and 				
	Other services				
Article 964d(3)	For entities to which the provisions regarding transparency for commodities companies apply (Article 964d et seq.) and which do not prepare their own report on payments to government bodies:				
	Do the notes to the annual financial statements specify which other entity includes this in the report and is the report being published?				
Article 964I(5) in connection with DDTrO Article 17(3)	For entities to which the provisions regarding due diligence and transparency in relation to minerals and metals from conflict-affected areas and child labour apply (Article 964j et seq.) and which do not prepare their own report on compliance with the due diligence obligations:				
	Do the notes to the annual financial statements specify which other entity includes this in the report and is the report being published?				
	2.3 Cash flow statement				
Reference in CO	Control question	Yes	N/A	No	Comment
Article 961b	Does the cash flow statement present the changes in cash and cash equivalents from:				
	Operating activities				
	 Investment activities 				
	Financing activities				

2.4 **Management report**

Reference in CO	Control question	Yes	N/A	No	Comment
Article 961c(1) Article 961c(3)	Does the management report provide information on the business performance and the entity's financial position, and if applicable, that of the group, as at the end of the year that are consistent with the stand-alone financial state- ments or the consolidated financial				
Article 961c(2)	Does the management report in particular provide information on:				
	Number of full-time equivalents on an annual average				
	 Performance of a risk assessment 				
	 Orders and assignments 				
	 Research and development activities 				
	• Extraordinary events				
	Outlook				

Publications



The Swiss Law on
Accounting and Financial
Reporting
Structured Presentation
and Explanation
of the Main Changes

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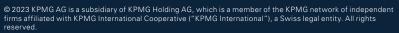
KPMG AG Badenerstrasse 172 8004 Zurich +41 58 249 31 31 kpmgpublications@kpmg.ch

For further information, please contact:

Dr. Silvan LoserPartner, Head of DPP
Swiss Accounting
+41 58 249 25 51
silvanloser@kpmg.com

Prof. Dr. Reto Eberle Partner, Audit DPP +41 58 249 42 43 reberle@kpmg.com

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