

KPMG Cyber Threat Intelligence Platform

BlackByte: Learning from its Mistakes



Making its debut in July 2021, the infamous BlackByte has quickly made it to the top 10 ransomware groups of 2022. The group is back with Go based variants following the release of decryptor by security researchers due to poor encryption in its earlier versions. The group also puts its newly developed data exfil tool dubbed Exbyte to employ double extortion targeting critical sectors like government, finance, etc., in US & other countries around the globe. Distributed as Ransomware-as-a-Service, multiple TTPs are being associated with BlackByte.

BlackByte ransomware initiates the attack by targeting victims by phishing or webshells or by exploiting ProxyShell vulnerabilities in Microsoft Exchange servers. Post gaining access into a system by exploiting the vulnerability, tools such as Netscan, Anydesk are utilized for lateral movement by helping enumerate devices in the network, gather system info and gain remote access. Prior to encryption, it deletes volume shadow copies, deletes scheduled tasks related to ransomware protection, modifies the firewall settings to allow remote connections, disables windows defender and injects itself via the svchost.exe/regedit.exe instance. The ransomware then encrypts the files with ".blackbyte" extension & drops ransom note with ".onion" link for negotiation. Latest variants use an in-house developed data-exfil tool called ExByte, prior to encryption. It also runs anti-analysis checks to lookout for sandbox, debuggers or antivirus software for defense evasion. ExByte enumerates all files and saves their path. The files are then compressed using WinRAR and exfiltrated to attacker owned account on cloud file sharing platforms.

To protect organizations from BlackByte attack which targets vulnerable applications, public facing applications must be updated and fully patched and multi-layer security should be implemented.

What should you do?

- Monitor Indicators of Compromise (IoCs) in your environment to identify anomalies.
- Ensure your Windows environment is patched to the brim and is protected with multi-factor authentication.
- Conduct a comprehensive, full spectrum, threat assessment exercise to uncover blind spots and improvement areas.

The KPMG Cyber Threat Intelligence Platform is an industry defining, research-based capability for enhanced visibility into cyber threats.

Our machine ingestible feeds and analysis are the result of automated, sensor-based intelligence metrics with dedicated, expert insights of each threat to provide you the appropriate context on a timely basis in industry standard formats such as STIX/ TAXII/ MISP.

These feeds are additionally co-related with our industry partners and independent research for additional context. The intelligence obtained is then curated from strategic, tactical and operational perspective to give you a wide-ranging view of cyber threats.

We also assist you with our renowned cyber incident response and threat hunting services in case you identify an active threat in your environment.

We offer a wide-range of services, including:

Strategic threat intelligence report

Machine ingestible threat intelligence feeds

Threat intelligence driven pre-emptive threat hunting exercise

Cyber Incident Response Services

Contact us:

KPMG in India Cyber Response Hotline: +91 9176 471 471

Atul Gupta

Partner, Head of Cyber Security, KPMG in India T: +91 98100 81050 E: atulgupta@kpmg.com

Sony Anthony

Partner, KPMG in India T: +91 98455 65222 E: santhony@kpmg.com

Manish Tembhurkar

Associate Partner, KPMG in India T: +91 98181 99432 E: mtembhurkar@kpmg.com

B V, Raghavendra

Partner, KPMG in India T: +91 98455 45202 E: raghavendrabv@kpmg.com

Chandra Prakash

Partner, KPMG in India T: +91 99000 20190 E: chandraprakash@kpmg.com

The information contained herein is of a general nature and is not intended to address the circumstances of any particular individual or entity. Although we endeavor to provide accurate and timely information, there can be no guarantee that such information is accurate as of the date it is received or that it will continue to be accurate in the future. No one should act on such information without appropriate professional advice after a thorough

KPMG Assurance and Consulting Services LLP, Lodha Excelus, Apollo Mills Compound, NM Joshi Marg, Mahalaxmi, Mumbai - 400 011 Phone: +91 22 3989 6000, Fax: +91 22 3983 6000.

© 2022 KPMG Assurance and Consulting Services LLP, an Indian Limited Liability Partnership and a member firm of the KPMG global organization of independent member firms affiliated with KPMG International Limited, a private English company limited by guarantee. All rights reserved.

The KPMG name and logo are trademarks used under license by the independent member firms of the KPMG global organizatior. This document is for e-communication only.





Follow us on home.kpmg/in/socialmedia













KPMG Cyber Threat Intelligence Platform

BlackByte: Learning from its Mistakes



Indicators of Compromise: IP Addresses

45.9.148[.]114 185.93.6[.]31

Indicators of Compromise: Domains

file[.]io

anonymfiles[.]com

7oukjxwkbnwyg7cekudzp66okrchbuubde2j3h6fkpis6izywoj2eqad[.]onion

fyk4j17jk6viteakzzrxntgzecnz4v6wxaefmbmtmcnscs13tnwix6yd[.]onion

p5quu5ujzzswxv4nxyuhgg3fjj2vy2a3zmtcowalkip2temdfadanlyd[.]onion

Indicators of Compromise: Hashes

bb7c575e798ff5243b5014777253635d

9344afc63753cd5e2ee0ff9aed43dc56

78c378eb28485394d22259db7c33f0e7

580f30acd2a0828b174ba827fd6f4bb4

5483da573c6a239f9a5d6e6552b307b0

336fc2306fdab961bc0ff843a135dfcc

303a9c45c7bf6e8e69f075bac3897145

20517cc89f5c736f2273586e5c2dd95a

07a9b1fdfb383a2b1d0172802ce01033

c3ce2163fa601199380c21e22a653c0c

8f3ac02e38c6bcaaf235b1607886235a

8d42417ef02e50249fb7f97fcbfbbb8b

47870de17eb7d1758d705b593ac75cce

03011da0f7f2e04ddfc9b8d2356dc4cb

2d8e4f38b36c334d0a32a7324832501d

ee1fa399ace734c33b77c62b6fb010219580448f

ce92cdd517069ee7f6090340c04b4fe0c1741208

c2eaca8799d335954ef3d9a1867ec1b629ca4f1a

ae4b8d4b8ec40bc4fd52ca13c47c46b2bc76f2f3

9b6a4bf704d4b430bc18caaef42648e743556dff

82228e644a5a7603dfe8606d80e99f8df3f17a46

40c25f5ddc52fa9215c63bce62ec537138933260

351198e557151fa0f4eea2b3bb8771d180fa8432



KPMG Cyber Threat Intelligence Platform

BlackByte: Learning from its Mistakes



Indicators of Compromise: Hashes
de9d361c8e00cf8fa1c1f96844a74cdc121809da
c27e85de8db2f634db44baee4273bbeeb152435c
b020684717fe72dd398e0be5c2a36c809221f206
aeffc66ccb1f5750cc4c43ced237ea495b61053a
0f7e3c94b2d3df1722950ff472a06b3f96f65399
f361bafcc00b1423d24a7ea205264f5a0b96011e4928d9a91c2abc9911b433a1
f157090fd3ccd4220298c06ce8734361b724d80459592b10ac632acc624f455e
efc2125e628b116eb0c097c699e473a47a280dfcd3e02cada41bdf6969600b41
eb24370166021f9243fd98c0be7b22ab8cbc22147c15ecef8e75746eb484bb1a
aeb1b789395357e8cc8dbd313b95f624fc03e037984040cd7c1704775bfb4bd2
794a5621fda2106fcb94cbd91b6ab9567fb8383caa7f62febafcf701175f2b91
754ac79aca0cc1bcf46000ef6c4cbe8bebeb50dae60823a1e844647ac16b6867
572d88c419c6ae75aeb784ceab327d040cb589903d6285bbffa77338111af14b
4877ff7c3c2abd349646db1163814811e69b36374e289f5808cc794113ef55ae
477382529659c3452020170d8150820210ab8cbdc6417a0f0ac86a793cd0d9b4
44a5e78fce5455579123af23665262b10165ac710a9f7538b764af76d7771550
3fb160e1770fafeedff2d77841bf02108c25cca4cb6d77e3fbf759077f356b70
20848d28414d4811b63b9645adb549eed0afbd6415d08b75b0a93fbf7cfbf21f
1df11bc19aa52b623bdf15380e3fded56d8eb6fb7b53a2240779864b1a6474ad
0097b8722c8c0840e8c1a4dd579438344b3e6b4d630d17b0bbe9c55159f43142
ffc4d94a26ea7bcf48baffd96d33d3c3d53df1bb2c59567f6d04e02e7e2e5aaa
e434ec347a8ea1f0712561bccf0153468a943e16d2cd792fbc72720bd0a8002e
9103194d32a15ea9e8ede1c81960a5ba5d21213de55df52a6dac409f2e58bcfe
6f36a4a1364cfb063a0463d9e1287248700ccf1e0d8e280e034b02cf3db3c442
388163c9ec1458c779849db891e17efb16a941ca598c4c3ac3a50a77086beb69
01aa278b07b58dc46c84bd0b1b5c8e9ee4e62ea0bf7a695862444af32e87f1fd
8d2581e5cc6e6fdf17558afe025ff84d9023ea636aca74dee39900d8f523e912
91f8592c7e8a3091273f0ccbfe34b2586c5998f7de63130050cb8ed36b4eec3e
3de8fe5cee8180e93697e4ddca87e721910b9dd922de849cab7b1b3a50e54a00
884e96a75dc568075e845ccac2d4b4ccec68017e6ef258c7c03da8c88a597534
9bff421325bed6f1989d048edb4c9b1450f71d4cb519afc5c2c90af8517f56f3
d3efaf6dbfd8b583babed67046faed28c6132eafe303173b4ae586a2ca7b1e90
92ffb5921e969a03981f2b6991fc85fe45e07089776a810b7dd7504ca61939a3
f8efe348ee2df7262ff855fb3984884b3f53e9a39a8662a6b5e843480a27bd93