

Moonlighting reviews

Forensic Services I Advisory



January 2023

What's in the light?

Tech Mahindra CEO supports moonlighting, says no problem with employees taking up second job

31 August 2022

Infosys warns employees on moonlighting, says could lead to termination

16 September 2022

Wipro fires 300 staff members found to be moonlighting for competitors

22 September 2022

TODAY

Industry views on Moonlighting

Central Government says staff cannot take up work that is against company's interests

20 December 2022



IBM to employees:
Moonlighting not

welcome

14 September 2022

Mint survey: **64%** feel moonlighting is ethical and it's not about loyalty

23 September 2022

Data secrecy is sacrosanct and can't be compromised – Harsh Goenka

24 September 2022



Typical concerns across industries

Moonlighting is the practice of working on a second job outside the primary job. The pandemic has resulted in "work from anywhere" culture for many organization however this has also given rise to a surge of instances of moonlighting cases as it has become easier for employees to work on a second job or business without their primary employer's knowledge.





Broad approach

Identifying moonlighting issues require a 2-step approach to establish whether such acts are in violation of the terms of employment contract or are a wider company policy-guideline oriented breaches, unacceptable to the corporation on a moral and ethical grounds.

To help you establish the breach undisputedly, provided herewith is a structured approach and suggestive steps, to ensure the moonlighting review and conclusion is both pertinent and defensible.

Phase 1:

Screening procedures

- Screening candidates through government databases such as UAN, Traces using KPMG proprietary technology
- Conducting data analytics to identify duplicity and discrepancies based on employment history
- Social media and dark web scan
- Collecting discreet human intelligence on the candidate profile outliers

Phase 2:

Deep dive procedures

- Employee interview (including evidence gathering, validation, issuing MoM and other linked steps)
- Digital forensic data analytics, eDiscovery, e-mail review, establishing chronology of events etc.
- Company desktop or laptop logs to understand employee's availability on system

Ongoing support:

General Counsel support in terms of show cause and other legal operations aspects



Phase 1 - Screening procedures

Source

Employee information:

- Universal Account Number (UAN)
- Employee ID
- Department
- Date of joining

Process

- KPMG processes the UAN provided and collects data from Employer's Provident Fund Organization (EPFO)
- Information gathered is analyzed by KPMG forensic professionals

Deliverable

Post filtering false positives / (refer side box for details), provide an analysis of tenure overlap to infer*:

- Dual employment while employed with current employer and/or
- Dual employment in any previous employers

- Employee not entering last working date on system for previous employer
- One/two months overlap in PF deduction, while switching the job
- Employee accepting multiple offers at the same time but joining only one company
- Technical glitch on PF tools or errors at other company's end

Annexure 1 - Sample UAN
Analytical Report

Annexure 2 - Moonlighting case study: An Employee with 14 Active employments

*Standard offering does not include mapping candidate resumes and/ or cross-referencing with background verification form to the findings. However, this scope can be customized based upon client requirement

Phase 2 - Deep dive procedures

Planning

- The approach as per client's needs
- Necessary templates invites, Minutes of Meeting (MoM) etc.
- Logistics / operational requirements
- Data collection and coordination with client points of contact (POC)

Interview Process

- Scheduling and conducting interviews
- Sharing MoMs and making necessary follow-ups
- Evidence gathering from employee, review and recording
- Preparing final fact-finding report

Deliverable

- Conducting computer forensic analytics, reviewing login data
- eDiscovery and e-mail review if appropriate, based on initial review
- Real time tracking of interview progress
- State-of-the-art reporting and dashboards

Key takeaways from our experience

Crucial Trends / Issues

- High rate of moonlighting admissions (around 80%) by employees through the interview process, post initial UAN verification.
- Instances identified of im-personification, non-qualified/skilled individual doing the job, data breach / theft by employees, including of Personally Identifiable Information (PII).
- Inaccuracies found in client billing, work logs, impacting company's reputation / goodwill.
- Need recognized for company policies / employment contract to clearly call out dual employment / moonlighting being a violation.

False Positives

- Employee not entering last working date on system for previous employer.
- One to two months overlap found in PF deduction, during job switch.
- Employee accepting two offers at the same time but joining only one company.
- Technical glitch on PF tools, wrong linking of Aadhar or error at other company's end.



Our credentials

KPMG



Large IT-ITeS corporation in the country

Dual employment

KPMG was appointed to conduct independent verification of UAN data and performed end-to-end investigation, including forensic data analytics and employee interviews.

In a batch of 350 employees being reviewed, identified 80% positive dual employment cases in Phase 1 KPMG



Leading telecom company in India

Moonlighting review

KPMG was appointed to conduct employee interviews, gather explanation and evidence from employees.

We were able to establish dual employment in majority of the cases. Few false positives, such as wrong linking of Aadhar, were also found KPIMG



Large IT company

Moonlighting screening

KPMG was appointed to identify any moonlighting instances working on a specific client project

Through Phase 1, KPMG identified 4% confirmed moonlighting instances in current and/ or previous employment along with 13% cases identified with undisclosed employments

KPMG



Large Global Captive Center in India

Moonlighting screening

KPMG was appointed to conduct moonlighting screening

Out of a batch of 2000 employees, KPMG identified 2% employees with confirmed dual employments with a number of candidates moonlighting with competing organizations were identified through Phase 1 review



Looking ahead...

Since dual employment is identified:

- BGV With recent or previous employer,
 Cross-reference with the recent background screening verification report to confirm if the candidate has been relieved from previous employment/s
- Policy Based on company policy, employment contract, assess permissibility of moonlighting and this can be dependent upon if the same is conflicting or nonconflicting with current employee's current role/ job profile. For e.g., Employee having an active YouTube channel OR employee is a part-time musician

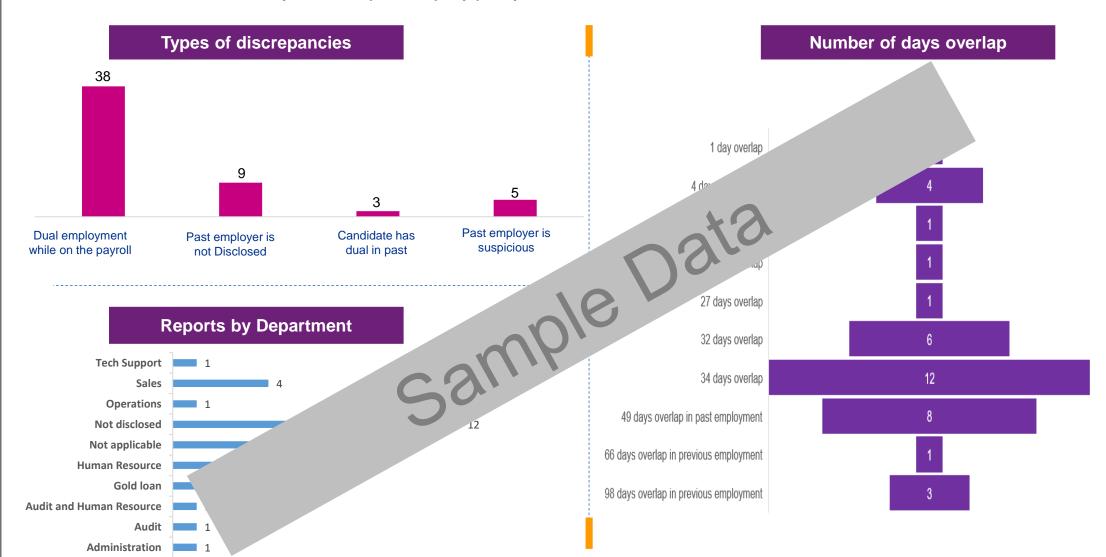




Annexures

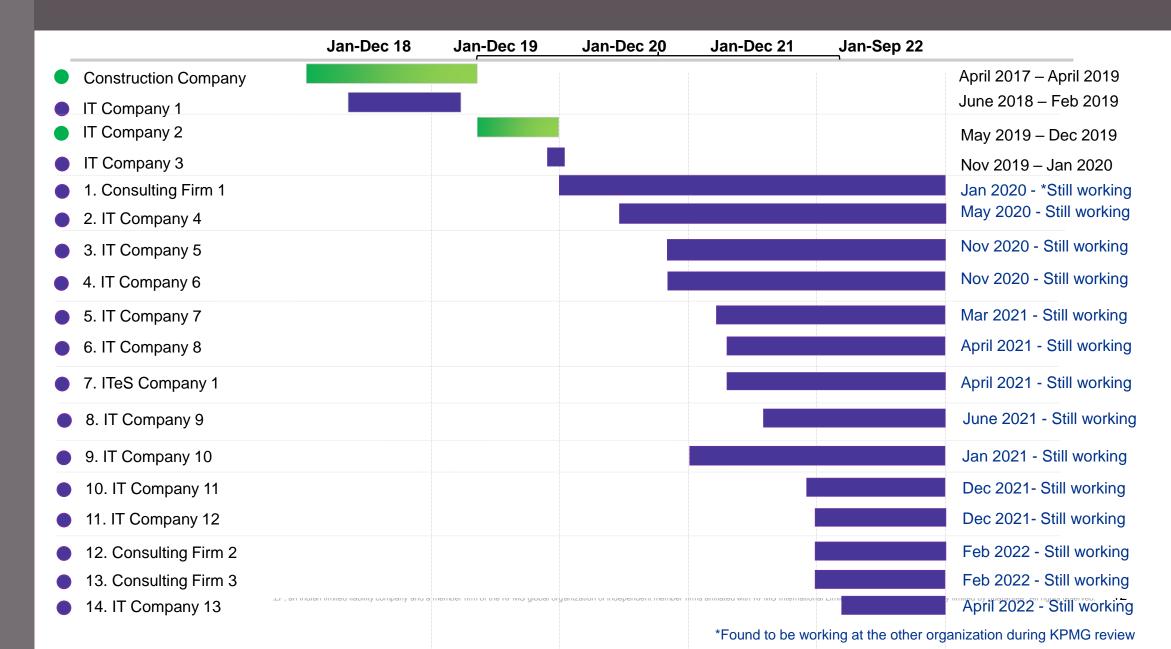
Annexure 1 - Sample UAN Analytical Report

Analysis will be shared to identify types of overlaps in tenure of employment of existing employees. Detailed excel with findings will be shared for Client to take necessary action as per Company policy





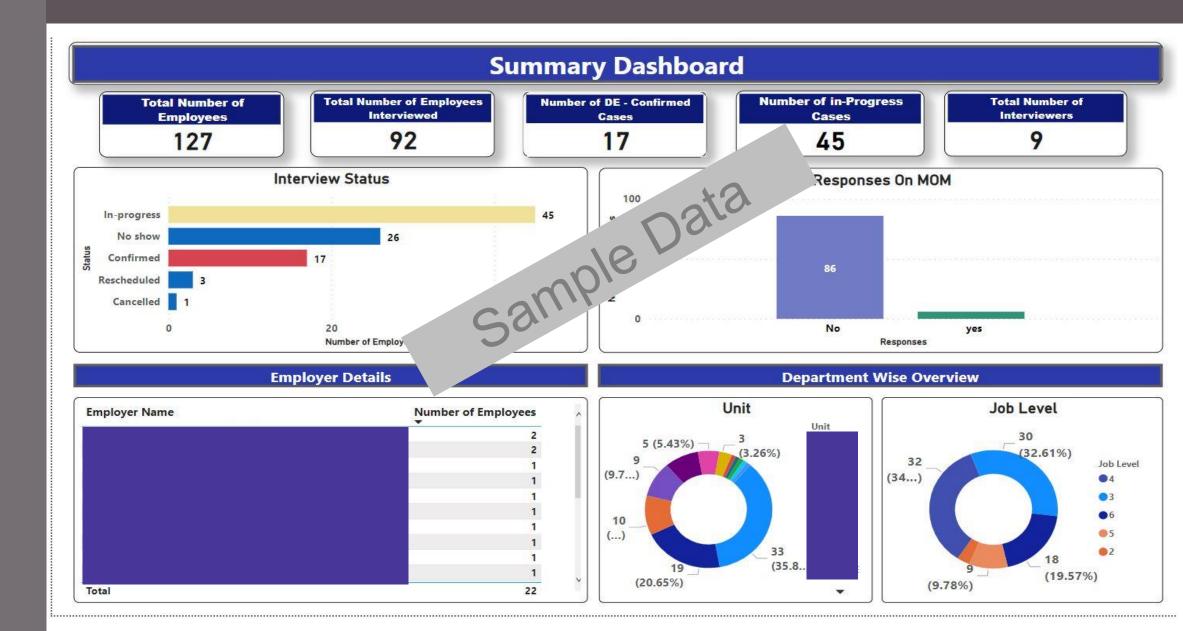
Annexure 2 - Case study: An employee found with 14 overlapping employments



KPMG

Annexure 3 - Sample Investigation Report

KPMG





For further details, please contact:

Jagvinder S. Brar **Partner and Co-Head Forensic Services**

M: +919716909339 E: jsbrar@kpmg.com

Sanjay Narvekar Associate Partner Forensic Services

M: +919923460130 E: sanjay@kpmg.com

Maneesha Garg Partner and Co-Head **Forensic Services**

M: +919810100365 E: maneesha@kpmg.com

Kirit Amichandwala Director **Forensic Services**

M: +919920522605

E: kirita@kpmg.com

Suveer Khanna

Partner

Forensic Services

M: +919619632131

E: skhanna@kpmg.com

Roli Pawar Director

Forensic Services M: +919820017748

E: rpawar@kpmg.com

Ankit Mishra Partner

Forensic Services M: +919765393669

E: ankitmishra@kpmg.com



kpmg.com/socialmedia

The information contained herein is of a general nature and is not intended to address the circumstances of any particular individual or entity. Although we endeavor to provide accurate and timely information, there can be no guarantee that such information is accurate as of the date it is received or that it will continue to be accurate in the future. No one should act on such information without appropriate professional advice after a thorough examination of the particular situation.

© 2023 KPMG Assurance and Consulting Services LLP, an Indian Limited Liability Partnership and a member firm of the KPMG global organization of independent member firms affiliated with KPMG International Limited, a private English company limited by guarantee. All rights reserved.

The KPMG name and logo are trademarks used under license by the independent member firms of the KPMG global organization.