

# Transparency report 2017

Our relentless focus on quality

**Amended February 2019** 

KPMG in Kazakhstan and Central Asia

kpmg.kz



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<sup>\*</sup> Amended February 2019

# Message from Leadership

### Message from Managing Partner

Welcome to the 2017 Transparency Report of KPMG in Kazakhstan. This report is required by our regulators in Luxembourg and the United Kingdom, where KPMG Audit LLC is registered as a "third country audit entity" as established by a directive of the European Union. The report holds KPMG in Kazakhstan and Central Asia to account in respect of the quality of our work and our governance, both essential elements of a successful, sustainable audit business.

The last year has seen continuing stability in global oil and commodity prices, and also to the Kazakhstan Tenge. Kazakhstan has continued to increase its profile internationally, perhaps most notably in 2017 through Astana Expo 2017, Global trends towards greater and more transparent regulation of many industries have continued, with the Audit industry under significant scrutiny. In many countries in the CIS, and also in Kazakhstan, similar debates and discussions are taking place.

At KPMG in Kazakhstan, we continue to put quality at the very centre of our business, in particular through the application of our Audit Quality Framework. Without our requirement that our people always act with integrity and produce work of consistently high quality, we would not be half the business that we are today. This report should be a reflection of our quality commitment. I do hope that you find it interesting and insightful.

### **Assel Khairova**

Managing Partner, KPMG in Kazakhstan and Central Asia March 27 2018

### Message from the Head of Audit

At KPMG, we understand that a commitment to our stakeholders: regulators, investors, clients, our people and the public, has to underpin every audit we perform.

To achieve this, every audit must comply with relevant professional standards. We must remain objective, and incorporate appropriate levels of professional skepticism in our work. We must be independent of our clients, both in appearance and in fact. And we must recognize the importance of doing the right thing, even when it might be the hard thing to do. In short - we must perform quality audits.

Both globally and in our Kazakhstan audit practice, quality remains KPMG's key priority. This report sets out the culture, processes, tools and methodologies, which support that priority.

### **Ashley Clarke**

Head of Audit for Kazakhstan and Central Asia March 27 2018



# 2 Who we are

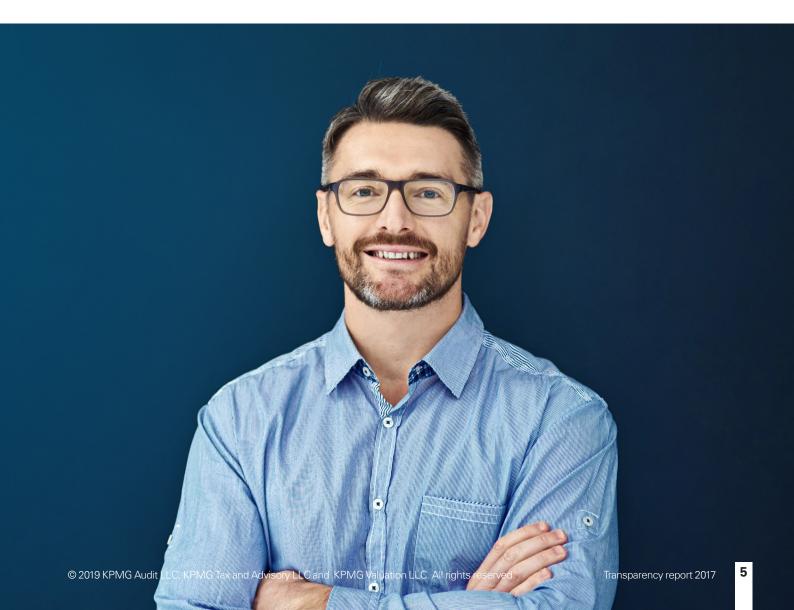
### **Our business**

KPMG Kazakhstan is part of KPMG CIS¹ and employs 523 people as at December 2017 and operates out of three offices in Kazakhstan and one office in Kyrgyzstan. Further details of our service offerings can be found on our website at the following link: <a href="http://www.kpmg.com/kz/en/services/pages/default.aspx">http://www.kpmg.com/kz/en/services/pages/default.aspx</a>.

### <sup>1</sup>The practice referred to as the CIS practice includes Russia, Ukraine, Belarus, Armenia, Georgia, Kazakhstan, Kyrnyystan, Uzbakistan and Azerbaijan

### **Our strategy**

The strategy for KPMG Kazakhstan is set in conjunction with the KPMG CIS Executive. In the current business environment, the KPMG CIS Executive has reaffirmed its commitment to quality. We aim to compete on quality by making clients and regulators aware of our continuing commitment to enhance audit quality. Audit quality relies on our culture of integrity and on attracting, developing and retaining highly skilled professionals, supported by our methodologies and processes.



# Our structure and governance

### Legal structure

The operating firms that comprise KPMG Kazakhstan and KPMG CIS are affiliated with KPMG International Cooperative (KPMG Internationals), a legal entity which is formed under Swiss law. It is the entity with which all the member firms of the KPMG network are affiliated. Further details about KPMG International and its business, including our relationship with it, are set out in Section 7.

KPMG Kazakhstan and KPMG CIS are part of a global network of professional services firms providing Audit, Tax, and Advisory services to a wide variety of public and private sector organizations. KPMG International's structure is designed to support consistency of service quality and adherence to agreed values wherever its member firms operate.

A list of the key entities that comprise KPMG Kazakhstan, together with details of their legal structure, regulatory status, nature of their business and area of operation is set out in Appendices.

KPMG CIS LLP is wholly owned by its members (partners), all of whom work in KPMG firms in those countries where KPMG CIS operates. For regulatory or other reasons KPMG CIS LLP is not the legal owner of all of the operating entities in certain jurisdictions.

# Name, ownership and legal relationships

KPMG is the registered trademark of KPMG International and is the name by which the member firms of KPMG International are commonly known. The rights of member firms to use the KPMG name and marks are contained within agreements with KPMG International. The current Transparency Report for KPMG International is available at the following link: <a href="https://www.kpmg.com">www.kpmg.com</a>.

Member firms are generally locally owned and managed. Each member firm is responsible for its own obligations and liabilities. KPMG International and other member firms are not responsible for a member firm's obligations or liabilities.

All the entities comprising KPMG Kazakhstan are owned by KPMG JSC (Russia) and are the part of KPMG CIS. During the year to 31 December 2017 there was 10 partners (2016: 10 partners) in KPMG Kazakhstan and 116 partners in KPMG CIS (2016: 93 partners).

## Responsibilities and obligations of member firms

Under agreements with KPMG International, member firms are required to comply with KPMG International's policies and regulations including quality standards governing how they operate and how they provide services to clients to compete effectively. This includes having a firm structure that ensures continuity and stability and being able to adopt global strategies, share resources (incoming and outgoing), service multi-national clients, manage risk, and deploy global methodologies and tools.

Each member firm takes responsibility for its management and the quality of its work.

Member firms commit to a common set of KPMG values.

KPMG International's activities are funded by amounts paid by member firms. The basis for calculating such amounts is approved by the Global Board and consistently applied to the member firms. A firm's status as a KPMG member firm and its participation in the KPMG network may be terminated if, among other things, it has not complied with the policies and regulations set by KPMG International or any of its other obligations owed to KPMG International.



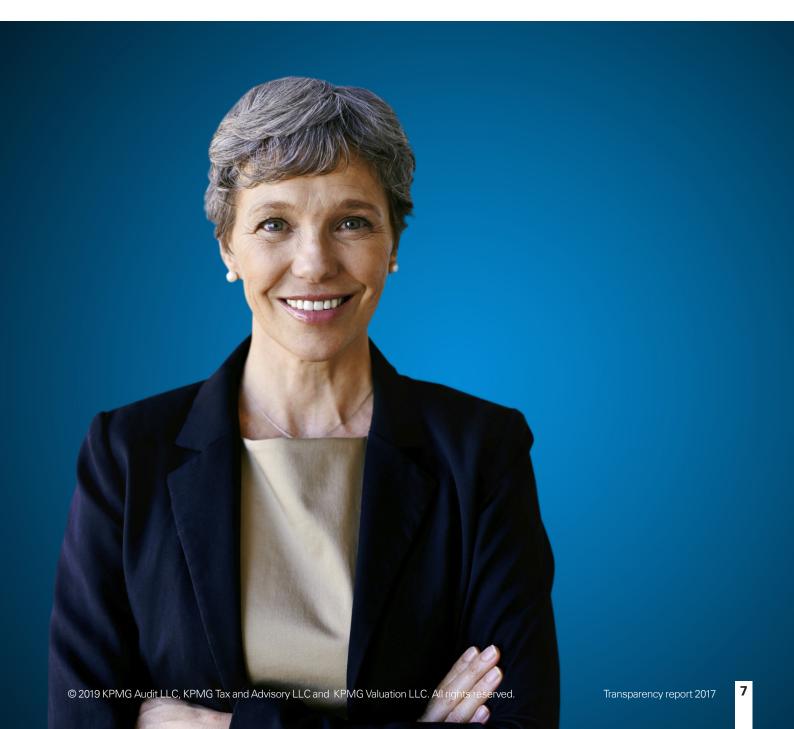
### **Governance structure**

Day to day management of the entities that comprise KPMG Kazakhstan is with the Senior Partner of KPMG Kazakhstan. This takes place through being the General Director of KPMG Audit LLC, KPMG Tax & Advisory LLC, the Managing Director of KPMG Bishkek LLC and as the representative of the Participant of KPMG Valuation LLC. The Supervisory Board of KPMG Audit LLC comprises three members: Ashley Clarke, Ravshan Irmatov and Mukhit Kossayev, who is the Chairman.

The main governing body in the CIS is the CIS Executive. This comprised the CIS Senior Partner, the CIS Chief Operating Officer, the CIS Heads of Audit, Tax, Advisory, Oil and Gas Sector, People and Quality and Risk Management.

The CIS Executive is responsible for determining strategy in the CIS, ensuring business plans of units are aligned to this strategy and provides oversight of performance. It deals with matters of CIS wide importance and provides oversight of Partner matters such as remuneration and Partner admission. The CIS Executive meets on a monthly basis. Day to day management and oversight of operations is provided through business unit heads and country Senior Partners.

The activities of the CIS Executive are supervised by a Board of Partners. In part the Board of Partners operates through standing committees including the Audit and Risk Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Nominations Committee.



# System of quality control

A robust and consistent system of quality control is an essential requirement in performing high-quality services. Accordingly, KPMG International has quality control policies that apply to all member firms. These are included in KPMG's Global Quality & Risk Management Manual (Global Q&RM Manual) available to all personnel. These policies and associated procedures are designed to assist member firms in complying with relevant professional standards, regulatory and legal requirements, and in issuing reports that are appropriate in the circumstances, as well as help member firm personnel act with integrity and objectivity and perform their work with diligence.

KPMG CIS has policies of quality control that apply to all of its operating firms. These policies and procedures are based on the International Standard on Quality Control 1 (ISQC 1) issued by the International Auditing and Assurance Standards Board (IAASB), and the Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants issued by the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants (IESBA), relevant to firms that perform statutory audits and other assurance and related services engagements.

KPMG CIS implements KPMG International policies and procedures and adopts additional policies and procedures that are designed to address rules and standards issued by national regulators and other relevant regulators such as the US Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (US PCAOB) as well as applicable legal and other regulatory requirements<sup>2</sup>.

Amendments to risk and quality policies, including ethics and independence policies, are included in quality and risk management alerts and are communicated by email. KPMG Kazakhstan is required to implement changes specified in the email alerts and this is checked through internal monitoring.

Quality control and risk management are the responsibility of all KPMG personnel. This responsibility includes the need to understand and adhere to member firm policies and associated procedures in carrying out their day-to-day activities. The system of quality control applies to KPMG personnel wherever they are based.

<sup>2</sup> All references to "KPMG policies" or "our policies" refer to KPMG International policies and to any additional KPMG CIS policies together.

While many KPMG quality control processes are crossfunctional, and apply equally to tax and advisory work, the remainder of this section focuses on the delivery of quality audits.

### Audit quality framework

At KPMG audit quality is not just about reaching the right opinion, but how we reach that opinion. It is about the processes, thought and integrity behind the auditor's report. The outcome of a quality audit is the delivery of an appropriate and independent opinion in compliance with relevant professional standards and applicable legal and regulatory requirements.

To help all audit professionals concentrate on the fundamental skills and behaviors required to deliver a quality audit, KPMG International developed the Audit Quality Framework. Our Framework uses a common language that is adopted by all KPMG member firms, including KPMG Kazakhstan to describe what the KPMG network believes drives audit quality, and to highlight how every audit professional at KPMG contributes to the delivery of audit quality.

'Tone at the Top' sits at the core of the Audit Quality Framework's seven drivers of audit quality and helps ensure that the right behaviors permeate across the entire KPMG network. All of the other drivers are presented within a virtuous circle, because each driver is intended to reinforce the others. Each of the seven drivers is described in more detail in the following sections of this report.





### Culture and tone at the top

The culture of KPMG International and the member firms is underpinned by a strong set of values and supporting policies and processes and enables the right attitudes and behaviors to permeate throughout the KPMG network. At KPMG we promote a culture in which consultation is encouraged and recognized as a strength.

Tone at the top means that KPMG Kazakhstan and KPMG CIS leadership demonstrates commitment to quality, ethics and integrity and communicates its commitment to clients, stakeholders, and society at large.

Integrity is a critical characteristic that stakeholders expect and rely on. It is also the key KPMG Value: «Above all, we act with Integrity». Integrity means constantly striving to uphold the highest professional standards, providing sound good-quality advice to our clients and rigorously maintaining independence.

Our Values, which have been explicitly codified for a number of years, are embedded into working practices and values-based compliance culture at KPMG. Our Values form the foundation of our culture and set the tone at the top. They also form the foundation of our approach to audit and shape how we work together.

We communicate our Values clearly to our people and embed them into our people processes — induction, performance development and reward.

Our Values are set out in Section 8.

### Code of Conduct

Building on the KPMG Values is the KPMG International Global Code of Conduct. Member firms, including KPMG Kazakhstan are required to adopt, as a minimum, the Global Code of Conduct.

The KPMG Code of Conduct incorporates the KPMG Values and defines the standards of ethical conduct that is required from all KPMG people. It sets out sour ethical principles and helps partners and employees at KPMG to understand and uphold those principles. In addition, the Code of Conduct emphasizes that each partner and employee is personally responsible for following the legal, professional, and ethical standards that apply to his or her job function and level of responsibility. The Code of Conduct includes provisions that require KPMG personnel to:

- Comply with all applicable laws, regulations and KPMG policies;
- Report any illegal acts, whether committed by KPMG personnel, clients or other third parties;
- Report breaches of KPMG policies;
- Uphold the highest levels of client confidentiality; and
- Not offer, promise, make, solicit or accept bribes (whether directly or through an intermediary).

All our personnel are required to:

- confirm their understanding of, and compliance with, the Code of Conduct upon joining the firm, and annually thereafter; and
- complete training on the Code of Conduct upon joining the firm and on a biennial basis thereafter.

Our personnel are encouraged to raise their concerns when they see behavior or actions that are inconsistent with our Values or professional responsibilities and required to do so when they see breaches of KPMG policies, laws and regulations, and professional standards.

We have procedures and established channels of communication so that our personnel can report ethical and quality issues and individuals who report in good faith will not suffer any adverse impact regardless of whether the concern is ultimately substantiated.

A whistle-blowing hotline is available in all countries where KPMG CIS operates. This hotline is available for all KPMG personnel, clients, and other parties to confidentially report concerns they have relating to how others are behaving (both internally and externally) and concerns regarding any of our operating firms. The whistle-blowing hotline allows people to report their concerns to a third-party organization. Our people can raise matters anonymously and without fear of retaliation. Matters reported to the hotline are investigated under the supervision of an independent ombudsman who is external to KPMG.

At KPMG CIS, we regularly monitor the extent to which our people feel we live our Values through the Global People Survey.

### Leadership responsibilities for quality and risk management

### The Audit, Tax and Advisory functions - Function Heads

The three group heads of the client service functions (Audit, Tax and Advisory) oversee the quality of service delivered in their respective functions and are accountable to the KPMG CIS Executive in this regard. Between them, they determine the operation of the risk management, quality assurance and monitoring procedures for their specific functions within the framework set by the Head of Quality and Risk Management and maintain a close working relationship with each of the group function heads in this regard.

Our firm demonstrates commitment to quality, ethics and integrity, and communicates our focus on quality to clients, stakeholders and society. Our leadership plays a critical role in setting the right tone and leading by example — demonstrating an unwavering commitment to the highest standards of professional excellence, championing and supporting major initiatives.

Our leadership team is committed to building a culture based on quality, integrity and ethics, demonstrated through their actions - written and video communications, presentations to teams and one-to-one discussions.

The following individuals have leadership responsibilities for quality and risk management at KPMG.

#### Senior Partner and CIS Executive

In accordance with the principles in ISQC 1, our Senior Partner Assel Khairova has assumed ultimate responsibility for KPMG Kazakhstan's system of quality control. Details of some of the measures that she, the CIS Senior Partner and the CIS Executive have taken to ensure that a culture of quality prevails within KPMG are set out in this section.

### **Quality and Risk Management Partner**

Operational responsibility for the system of quality control, risk management and compliance in KPMG Kazakhstan and KPMG CIS has been delegated to the CIS Quality and Risk Management Partner who is responsible for setting overall professional risk management and quality control policies and monitoring compliance for the firm. He has a seat on the CIS Executive and has a direct reporting line to the CIS Senior Partner. The fact that the role is a CIS Executive position and the seniority of the reporting lines underlines the importance that the firm places on risk and quality issues. The Quality and Risk Management Partner consults with the appointed Area Quality and Risk Management Leader.

The Quality and Risk Management Partner is supported by a team of partners and professionals in each of the functions.

### **Ethics and Independence Partner**

The Ethics and Independence Partner has primary responsibility for the direction and execution of ethics and independence policies and procedures in KPMG Kazakhstan and the CIS.

### The Audit, Tax and Advisory functions - Function Heads

The three heads of the client service functions (Audit, Tax and Advisory) are accountable to the KPMG CIS Executive for the quality of service delivered in their respective functions. Between them, they determine the operation of the risk management, quality assurance and monitoring procedures for their specific functions within the framework set by the Quality and Risk Management Partner. These procedures make it clear that, at the engagement level, risk management and quality control is ultimately the responsibility of all professionals.

KPMG Kazakhstan's Head of Audit is responsible for leading a sustainable high-quality Audit practice that is attractive to KPMG personnel. This includes:

 setting the right 'tone at the top' by demonstrating an unwavering commitment to the highest standards of professional excellence, including skepticism, objectivity, and independence;

- developing and implementing strategies to monitor and maintain knowledge and skills required of partners and employees to fulfil their professional responsibilities;
- working with the Quality and Risk Management Partner to monitor and address audit quality and risk matters as they relate to the Audit practice, including an annual evaluation of activities considered to be key to audit quality.

### **Audit Leadership Team**

The Audit Leadership Team of KPMG CIS meetings during 2017 included regular discussions about current and emerging audit quality issues arising from external and internal quality review processes, queries being raised by engagement teams, root cause analysis procedures and other quality matters identified from a variety of sources. These were debated, other observations collected from client-facing teams were considered, and actions agreed. These actions were communicated through technical briefings or communications issued to the auditors and also, if considered of sufficient magnitude, included in the next mandatory training.

For more complex issues (which might require amendments to KPMG's global audit methodology or audit tools) these will be raised with KPMG International's Global Audit groups for consideration and potential development of solutions by the Global Services Centre (GSC) and the International Standards Group (ISG). For more information about the GSC and the ISG.

### Association with the right clients

Acceptance and continuance of clients and engagements

Rigorous client and engagement acceptance and continuance policies and processes help protect KPMG's reputation, support our brand and are an important part to our ability to provide high-quality professional services.

Accordingly, KPMG International has established policies and procedures which all member firms are required to implement in order to decide whether to accept or continue a client relationship, and whether to perform a specific engagement for that client.

Client and engagement evaluation process

### Client evaluation

Before accepting a client, we undertake an evaluation of every prospective client. This involves an assessment of the prospective client's principles, its business, and other service-related matters. This also involves obtaining and analyzing 'know your client information' on the prospective client, its key management and significant beneficial owners. A key focus is on the integrity of management at a prospective client, and the evaluation considers breaches of law and regulation, anti-bribery and corruption, and



ethical business practices, including human rights, among the factors to consider. A second partner, as well as the evaluating partner, approves the each prospective client evaluation. Where the client is considered to be <a href="https://distribution.org/">https://distribution.org/</a> a quality and risk management partner or experienced delegate is involved in approving the evaluation.

### **Engagement evaluation**

Each prospective engagement is also evaluated to identify potential risks in relation to the engagement. A range of factors is considered as part of this evaluation including potential independence and conflict of interest issues (using SentineITM, KPMG's global conflicts and independence checking system) as well as factors specific to the type of engagement. For audit services, the competence of the client's financial management team and the skills and experience of personnel assigned to staff the engagement. The evaluation is made in consultation with other senior member firm personnel and includes review by quality and risk management leadership as required.

Where audit services are to be provided for the first time, the prospective engagement team is required to perform additional independence evaluation procedures including a review of any non-audit services provided to the client and of other relevant relationships.

Similar independence evaluations are performed when an existing audit client becomes a public interest entity or additional independence restrictions apply following a change in the circumstances of the client.

We follow specific procedures to identify and evaluate threats to independence for prospective audit clients that are public interest entities.

Depending on the overall risk assessment of the prospective client and engagement, additional safeguards may be introduced to help mitigate the identified risks. Any potential independence or conflict of interest issues are required to be documented and resolved prior to acceptance.

We will decline a prospective client or engagement if a potential independence or conflict issue cannot be resolved satisfactorily in accordance with professional standards and our policies, or if there are other quality and risk issues that cannot be appropriately mitigated.

### Continuance process

We undertake an annual re-evaluation of all audit clients. The re-evaluation identifies any issues in relation to continuing association and any mitigating procedures that need to be put in place (this may include the assignment of additional professionals such as an Engagement Quality Control (EQC) reviewer or the need to involve additional specialists on the audit). Recurring or long-running non-audit engagements are also subject to re-evaluation.

In addition, clients and engagements are required to be re-evaluated if there is an indication that there may be a change in their risk profile.

#### Withdrawal

Where we obtain information that indicates that we should withdraw from an engagement or from a client relationship, we consult internally and identify any required legal and regulatory steps. We also communicate as necessary with those charged with governance and any other appropriate authority.

### Client portfolio management

Our leadership appoints engagement partners who have the appropriate competence, capabilities, time and authority to perform the role for each engagement.

Each partner's client portfolio is reviewed at least annually to ensure that they have sufficient time to manage the portfolio and to ensure that the risks are being appropriately managed.

## Clear standards and robust audit tools

All of our professionals are expected to adhere to KPMG International and KPMG CIS policies and procedures (including independence policies) and are provided with a range of tools and guidance to support them in meeting these expectations. The policies and procedures set for audit engagements incorporate the relevant requirements of accounting, auditing, ethical and quality control standards, and other relevant laws and regulations.

### Audit methodology and tools

Significant resources are dedicated to keeping our standards and tools complete and up to date. The global audit methodology, developed by the Global Service Centre (GSC), is based on the requirements of the International Standards on Auditing (ISAs). The global audit methodology is set out in KPMG International's Audit Methodology (KAM) and includes additional requirements that go beyond the ISAs, which KPMG International believes enhance the quality of audit. Operating firms in KPMG CIS may add local requirements and/or guidance in KAM to comply with additional professional, legal or regulatory requirements.

The global audit methodology is supported by eAudIT KPMG Internationals electronic audit tool, which provides KPMG auditors with the methodology, guidance, and industry knowledge needed to perform high-quality audits.

eAudlTs activity-based workflow provides engagement teams with ready access to relevant information at the right time throughout the audit, thereby enhancing effectiveness and efficiency and delivering value to stakeholders.

KAM contains examples and guidance for, among other things, procedures intended to identify and assess the risk of material misstatement and procedures to respond to those assessed risks.

The global audit methodology encourages the use of specialists when appropriate and also requires involvement of relevant specialists in the core audit engagement team when certain criteria are met or where the audit team considers it appropriate or necessary.

KAM includes the implementation of quality control procedures at the engagement level that provides us with reasonable assurance that engagements comply with the relevant professional, legal, regulatory and KPMG International policy requirements.

The policies and procedures set out in KAM are specific to audits and supplement the policies and procedures set out in the Global Quality & Risk Management Manual that is applicable to all KPMG member firms, functions and personnel and is tailored by KPMG CIS for any local policies and procedures.

# Independence, integrity, ethics and objectivity

### Overview

KPMG International has detailed independence policies and procedures, incorporating the requirements of the IESBA Code of Ethics. These are set out in KPMG's Global Q&RM Manual. Automated tools facilitate compliance with these requirements.

These policies are supplemented by other processes to ensure compliance with the standards issued by relevant national regulatory bodies. These policies and processes cover areas such as firm independence (covering, for example, treasury and procurement functions), personal independence, firm financial relationships, post-employment relationships, partner rotation and approval of audit and non-audit services.

KPMG International has a Partner-in-Charge of the Global Independence Group, who is supported by a core team of specialists to help ensure that implement robust and consistent independence policies and procedures are in place at KPMG member firms, and that tools are available to help them and their personnel comply with these requirements.

KPMG CIS has a designated Ethics and Independence Partner who has primary responsibility for the direction and execution of ethics and independence policies and procedures in KPMG Kazakhstan and CIS.

Amendments to KPMG International's ethics and independence policies in the course of the year are included in regular quality and risk communications. Member firms are required to implement changes as specified in the email alerts, and this is checked through internal monitoring programs.

KPMG Kazakhstan personnel are required to consult with the Ethics and Independence Partner on certain matters as defined in the Global Quality & Risk Management Manual.

### Personal financial independence

KPMG International policies require that each member firm and its professionals are free from prohibited financial interests in, and prohibited relationships with, KPMG's audit clients, their management, directors, and significant owners. The policies also extend the IESBA Code of Ethics restrictions on ownership of audit client securities to every KPMG member firm partner in respect of any audit client of any member firm.

KPMG Kazakhstan professionals are responsible for making appropriate inquiries and taking other appropriate actions on an on-going basis to ensure that they do not have any personal financial, business or family interests that are restricted for independence purposes.

In common with other member firms of KPMG International, we use a web-based independence compliance system (KICS) to assist our professionals in complying with personal independence investment policies. This system contains an inventory of publicly available investments.

Partners and all client-facing personnel who are manager grade or above are required to use the KICS system prior to entering into an investment to identify whether they are permitted to do so. They are also required to maintain a record of all of their investments in KICS, which automatically notifies them if their investments subsequently become restricted and they must dispose of that investment within five business days of the notification. We monitor Partner and manager compliance with this requirement as part of our program of independence compliance audits of a sample of professionals.

### Employment relationships

Any professional providing services to an audit client irrespective of function is required to notify our Ethics and Independence Partner if they intend to enter into employment negotiations with that audit client. For partners, this requirement extends to any audit client of any KPMG member firm that is a public interest entity.

Former members of the audit team or former partners of a member firm are prohibited from joining an audit client in certain roles unless they have disassociated from the member firm financially and have ceased participating in KPMG Kazakhstan business or professional activities.

Key audit partners and members of the chain of command for an audit client that is a public interest entity are subject to time restrictions (referred to 'cooling-off' periods) that preclude them from joining that client in certain roles until a defined period of time has passed.

We communicate and monitor requirements in relation to employment of KPMG Kazakhstan professionals by audit clients.



### Firm financial independence

KPMG Kazakhstan does not invest in SEC entities and affiliates (including funds), locally listed companies and funds, direct and material indirect investments held in pension, and employee benefit plans (including non-public entities and funds).

Additionally, we monitor all borrowing and capital financing relationships, and custodial, trust and brokerage accounts that hold member firm assets.

On an annual basis, KPMG Kazakhstan confirms compliance with independence requirements as part of the Risk Compliance Program.

### Business relationships/suppliers

We have policies and procedures in place that are designed to ensure its business relationships are maintained in accordance with the IESBA Code of Ethics and other applicable independence requirements.

We have an electronic register of suppliers. Before we enter into business relationships with a new supplier, the company is checked in the system to identify whether it is an audit client of the firm. In case a potential supplier is a current audit client of KPMG Kazakhstan, the official confirmation from the management of the company should be obtained to verify that the terms under which the services are provided to our firm are compliant with the company's standard terms of business according to the current commercial policy of the company.

### Independence clearance process

KPMG follows specific procedures to identify and evaluate threats to independence related to prospective audit clients that are public interest entities; these procedures, also referred to as 'the independence clearance process,' must be completed prior to accepting an audit engagement for these entities.

### Independence training and confirmations

KPMG Kazakhstan provides all relevant personnel (including all partners and client service professionals) with annual independence training that is appropriate to their grade and function on an annual basis. New personnel who are required to complete this training must do so by the earlier of (a) thirty days after joining KPMG or (b) before providing any services to, or becoming a member of the chain of command for, any audit client, including any of its related entities or affiliates.

We also provide all personnel with training on the Code of Conduct and ethical behavior, including KPMG's anti-bribery policies, compliance with laws, regulations, and professional standards, and reporting suspected or actual non-compliance with laws, regulations, professional standards, and KPMG's policies on a biennial basis. New personnel are required to complete this training within three months of joining the firm.

In addition, certain non-client-facing personnel who work in finance, procurement or sales and marketing departments, and who are at the manager level and above, are also required to undertake anti-bribery training.

Upon acceptance of employment, all KPMG personnel are required to confirm that they are in compliance with, and will abide by, applicable ethics and independence rules and policies. Thereafter, all KPMG personnel are required to sign an annual confirmation stating that they have remained in compliance with applicable ethics and independence policies throughout the year covered by the confirmation as well as their understanding of, and compliance with, the applicable Code of Conduct. This confirmation is used to evidence the individual's compliance with and understanding of KPMG's independence policies.

#### Non-audit services

We have policies that are consistent with IESBA principles and applicable laws and regulations, which address the scope of services that can be provided to audit clients.

We are required to establish and maintain a process to review and approve all new and modified services that are developed by KPMG. KPMG's Ethics and Independence Partner is involved in the review of potential independence issues, and the Global Independence Group is involved in the case of services developed which are intended to be delivered to audit or assurance clients in more than one jurisdiction.

In addition to identifying potential conflicts of interest, SentineITM, facilitates compliance with these policies. Certain information on all prospective engagements including service descriptions and fees must be entered into SentineI<sup>TM</sup> as part of the engagement acceptance process. Using SentineI<sup>TM</sup>, lead audit engagement partners are required to: maintain group structures for their publicly traded and certain other audit clients as well as their affiliates, and identify and evaluate any independence threats that may arise from the provision of a proposed non-audit service and the safeguards available to address those threats. SentineITM enables lead audit engagement partners for those entities for which group structures are maintained, to review and approve, or deny, any proposed service for those entities worldwide.

### Fee dependency

KPMG Internationals policies recognize that self-interest or intimidation threats may arise if the total fees from an audit client represent a large proportion of the total fees of the operating firm expressing the audit opinion. In particular, KPMG International's policies require that in the event that the total fees from a public interest entity audit client and its related entities were to represent more than 10% of the total fees received by a particular member firm for two consecutive years:

- This would be disclosed to those charged with governance at the audit client; and
- A senior partner from another KPMG member firm would be appointed as the engagement quality control reviewer

No audit client accounted for more than 10% of the total fees received by KPMG Kazakhstan over the last two years.

Although the firm's policies, procedures and processes that constitute the quality control system are set and operated at the CIS level, in addition to monitoring fee levels from public interest entity audit clients at the CIS level we also monitor this at the Kazakhstan level.

### Conflicts of interest

Conflicts of interest can arise in situations where KPMG personnel have a personal connection with the client which may interfere, or be perceived to interfere, with their ability to remain objective, or where they are personally in possession of confidential information relating to another party to a transaction. Consultation with the Quality and Risk Management Partner or the Ethics and Independence Partner is required in these situations.

All KPMG member firms and personnel are responsible for identifying and managing conflicts of interest, which are circumstances or situations that have, or may be perceived by a fully informed, reasonable observer, to have an impact on a member firm or its personnel in their ability to be objective or otherwise act without bias.

All KPMG member firms must use Sentinel™ for potential conflict identification so that these can be addressed in accordance with legal and professional requirements.

KPMG has risk management resource/s ('Resolver/s') who are/is responsible for reviewing an identified potential conflict and working with the affected member firms to resolve the conflict, the outcome of which must be documented. It may be necessary to apply specific procedures to manage the potential for a conflict of interest to arise, or be perceived to arise, so that the confidentiality of all clients affairs is maintained. Such procedures may, for example, include establishing formal dividers between engagement teams serving different clients and making arrangements to monitor the operation of such dividers.

Escalation and dispute resolution procedures are in place for situations in which agreement cannot be reached on how to manage a conflict. If a potential conflict issue cannot be appropriately mitigated, the engagement is declined or terminated.

### Breaches of independence policy

All KPMG personnel are required to report an independence breach as soon as they become aware of it. In the event of failure to comply with the our independence policies, whether identified in the compliance review, self-declared or otherwise, professionals are subject to an independence disciplinary policy.

KPMG CIS has a documented disciplinary policy in relation to breaches of independence policies. The disciplinary policy is communicated to all professionals and applies to all breaches of independence rules, incorporating incremental sanctions reflecting the seriousness of any violations. Any breaches of auditor independence regulations are reported to those charged with governance at the audit client, on the basis agreed with them.

Matters arising are factored into promotion and compensation decisions and, in the case of engagement leaders and managers, are reflected in their individual quality and risk metrics.

### Compliance with laws, regulations, and anti-bribery and corruption

Compliance with laws, regulation and standards is a key aspect for all KPMG Kazakhstan personnel. In particular, KPMG Kazakhstan has a zero tolerance of bribery and corruption.

We prohibit involvement in any type of bribery — even if such conduct is legal or permitted under applicable law or local practice. We also do not tolerate bribery by third-parties, including by our clients, suppliers or public officials.

Further information on KPMG International anti-bribery and corruption can be found on the <u>anti-bribery and corruption</u> <u>site.</u>

### Partner and firm rotation

### **Partner rotation**

KPMG International partner rotation policies are consistent with the IESBA Code of Ethics and require all member firms to comply with any stricter applicable rotation requirements.

KPMG Kazakhstan partners are subject to periodic rotation of their responsibilities for audit clients under applicable laws, regulations, independence rules and KPMG International policy. These requirements place limits on the number of consecutive years that partners in certain roles may provide statutory audit services to a client, followed by a 'time-out' period during which time these partners may not participate in the audit, provide quality control for the audit, consult with the engagement team or the client regarding technical or industry-specific issues or in any way influence the outcome of the audit.

KPMG Kazakhstan monitors the rotation of audit engagement leaders (and any other key roles, such as the Key Audit Partner and EQC Reviewer, where there is a rotation requirement) and develops transition plans to enable allocation of partners with the necessary competence and capability to deliver a consistent quality of service to clients. The partner rotation monitoring is subject to compliance testing.



# Recruitment, development and assignment of appropriately qualified personnel

One of the key drivers of quality is ensuring that KPMG professionals have the skills and experience, passion and purpose, to deliver the highest quality in audit. This requires appropriate recruitment, development, promotion, retention and assignment of professionals. KPMG's global behaviors, which are linked to our Values, are designed to articulate what is required for success – both individually and collectively. One of KPMG's global behaviors is 'Delivering Quality'.

### Recruitment

KPMG Kazakhstan strives to be an employer of choice by creating an environment where our people can fulfill their potential and feel proud and motivated to give their best.

Our recruiting strategies are focused on drawing entry-level talent from a broad talent base, including working with established universities, colleges and business schools, but also working with secondary schools, helping build relationships with a younger, diverse talent pool at an early age. KPMG Kazakhstan also recruits significant numbers at an experienced hire and partner level.

All candidates submit an application and are employed following a variety of selection processes, which may include application screening, competency-based interviews, ability testing, and qualification/reference checks.

We recruited heavily at all levels during the year - over 145 talented people in all functions, including experienced hires and graduates.

The Partner hire process is rigorous and thorough, involving appropriate members of leadership. Our criteria for Partner hires are consistent with our commitment to professionalism and integrity, quality, and being an employer of choice. These are strongly aligned to KPMG's behavioral capabilities and are based on consistent principles.

### Personal development

It is important that all our professionals have the necessary business and leadership skills to be able to perform quality work in addition to technical skills.

In relation to audit, opportunities are provided for professionals to develop the skills, behaviors and personal qualities that form the foundations of a successful career in auditing. Courses are available to enhance personal effectiveness and develop technical, leadership and business skills. KPMG Kazakhstan professionals are also developed for high performance through access to coaching and mentoring on the job, stretch assignments, country rotational and global mobility opportunities.

### Inclusion and Diversity programs

KPMG Kazakhstan works hard to foster an inclusive culture. Being inclusive enables us to bring together successful teams with the broadest range of skills, experiences and perspectives.

Our leadership and management teams also need to reflect the diversity within our firm and the diversity of our clients. We believe that the established Global Inclusion and Diversity strategy of KPMG International provides the framework to drive the actions that are necessary to promote inclusive leadership at KPMG and across the KPMG network.

For more about Inclusion & Diversity at KPMG International and its member firms read here.

### Performance & Reward

### Evaluation process including quality and compliance metrics

KPMG Kazakhstan professionals, including partners, have annual goal-setting and performance reviews. Each professional is evaluated on their agreed-upon goals, demonstration of our global behaviors, technical capabilities and market knowledge. A culture of continuous improvement is encouraged to drive feedback, both positive and developmental, from both junior and senior colleagues, as well as peers. Feedback gathered forms an integral part of performance reviews.

Going beyond performance reviews and compensation, the KPMG Global Behaviors are designed to extend across all our people processes, including recruitment methodologies, recognition approaches and development planning. The behaviors are a constant reference point, articulating to our people what is required for success individually and collectively.

KPMG Kazakhstan monitors quality and compliance incidents and maintain quality metrics in assessing overall evaluation, promotion and remuneration of partner and certain personnel. These evaluations are conducted by performance managers and partners who are in a position to assess performance.

KPMG CIS policy prohibits audit partners from being evaluated on or compensated based on their success in selling non-assurance services to audit clients.

### Reward

We have compensation and promotion policies that are clear, simple, and linked to the performance review process which, for partners, includes the achievement of key audit quality and compliance metrics. This helps our partners and employees know what is expected of them, and what they can expect to receive in return.

Reward decisions are based on consideration of both individual and organizational (member firm) performance. The extent to which our people feel their performance has been reflected in their reward is measured through the Global People Survey, with action plans developed accordingly.

#### **Promotion**

The results of performance evaluations directly affect the promotion and remuneration of partners and staff and, in some cases, their continued association with KPMG.

#### Partner admissions

Our process for admission to partnership is rigorous and thorough, involving appropriate members of leadership. Our criteria for admission to the partnership are consistent with our commitment to professionalism and integrity, quality, and being an employer of choice. These are strongly aligned to KPMG's behavioral capabilities and are based on consistent principles.

### Assignment of professionals

KPMG Kazakhstan has procedures in place to assign both the engagement partners and other professionals to a specific engagement on the basis of their skill sets, relevant professional and industry experience, and the nature of the assignment or engagement. Function heads are responsible for the partner assignment process.

Key considerations include partner experience and capacity-based on an annual partner portfolio review - to perform the engagement taking into account the size, complexity and risk profile of the engagement and the type of support to be provided (i.e., the engagement team composition and specialist involvement).

Audit engagement partners are required to be satisfied that their engagement teams have appropriate competencies, trainings and capabilities, including time, to perform audit engagements in accordance with KAM, professional standards and applicable legal and regulatory requirements. This may include involving specialists from our own or other KPMG member firms.

When considering the appropriate competence and capabilities expected of the engagement team as a whole, the engagement partners considerations may include the following:

- An understanding of, and practical experience with, audit engagements of a similar nature and complexity through appropriate training and participation;
- An understanding of professional standards and legal and regulatory requirements;
- Appropriate technical skills, including those related to relevant information technology and specialized areas of accounting or auditing;

- Knowledge of relevant industries in which the client operates;
- Ability to apply professional judgment;
- An understanding of KPMG's quality control policies and procedures, and
- QPR Results and results of regulatory inspections.

### Insights from our people – Global People Survey (GPS)

Annually KPMG invites all its people to participate in an independent Global People Survey which measures their overall level of engagement with the firm. The GPS provides an overall Employee Engagement Index (EEI) and Performance Excellence Index (PEI) as well as insights into areas driving engagement which may be strengths or opportunities. The survey also identifies opportunities to strengthen those levels of engagement. Results can be analyzed by functional or geographic area, grade, role, gender to provide additional insight. Additional insight is provided on how we are faring on categories known to impact employee engagement.

The survey also specifically provide leadership with information on employee and partner attitudes to quality, leadership and tone at the top.

KPMG Kazakhstan participates in the GPS, monitors results and takes appropriate actions to communicate and respond to the findings of the survey. This includes monitoring GPS results including those related to audit quality and tone at the top, referred to in the GPS as 'leadership behavior', and employee engagement through the EEI, and employee performance through PEI.

The results of the GPS are also aggregated for the KPMG network and are presented to the Global Board each year and appropriate follow-up actions agreed.

# Commitment to technical excellence and quality service delivery

All KPMG Kazakhstan professionals are provided with the technical training and support they need. This includes access to specialists and the professional practice departments, which are made up of senior professionals with extensive experience in audit, reporting and risk management, either to provide resources to the engagement team or for consultation. Where the right resource is not available within KPMG Kazakhstan, access is provided to a network of highly skilled KPMG professionals in other KPMG member firms.

At the same time, audit policies require professionals to have the appropriate knowledge and experience for their assigned engagements.



### Lifetime learning strategy

In addition to personal development discussed in the section above, our lifetime learning strategy is underpinned by policies requiring all professionals to maintain their technical competence and to comply with applicable regulatory and professional development requirements.

### Formal training

Annual training priorities for development and delivery are identified by the Audit Learning and Development steering groups at global, regional and, where applicable, KPMG Kazakhstan. Training is delivered using a blend of classroom, digital learning and performance support to assist auditors on the job. Audit Learning and Development teams work with subject matter experts and leaders from the GSC, the ISG and member firm Department of Professional Practice (DPP), as appropriate, to ensure the training is of the highest quality, is relevant to performance on the job and is delivered on a timely basis.

### Mentoring and on the job training

Learning is not confined to the classroom — rich learning experiences are available when needed through coaching and just-in-time learning, available at the click of a mouse and aligned with job specific role profiles and learning paths. All classroom courses are reinforced with appropriate performance support to assist auditors on the job.

### Licensing and mandatory requirements for IFRS and U.S. GAAP engagements

### Licensing

All KPMG professionals are required to comply with applicable professional license rules and satisfy the Continuing Professional Development (CPD) requirements in the jurisdiction where they practice. Policies and procedures are designed to facilitate compliance with licence requirements. We are responsible for ensuring that audit professionals working on engagements have appropriate audit, accounting and industry knowledge, and experience in International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS).

### Mandatory requirements -U.S.GAAP engagements

In addition, we have specific requirements for partners and managers working on engagements performed outside the U.S. to report on financial statements or financial information prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP and/or audited in accordance with U.S. auditing standards, including reporting on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control over financial reporting (ICOFR). These require that the partner, manager, and EQC reviewer have completed relevant training and that the engagement team, collectively, has sufficient experience to perform the engagement or has implemented appropriate safeguards to address any shortfalls.

### Access to specialist networks

KPMG engagement teams have access to a network of local KPMG specialists as well as specialists in other KPMG member firms. Engagement partners are responsible for ensuring that their engagement teams have the appropriate resources and skills.

The need for specialists (e.g. Information Technology, Tax, Treasury, Actuarial, Forensic, Valuation) to be assigned to a specific audit engagement is considered as part of the audit engagement acceptance and continuance process. Specialists who are members of an audit team and have overall responsibility for specialist involvement on an audit engagement have the competencies, capabilities and objectivity to appropriately fulfill their role. Training on audit concepts is provided to these specialists.

### Consultation

KPMG promotes a culture in which consultation is recognized as a strength and that encourages personnel to consult on difficult or contentious matters. To assist audit engagement professionals in addressing difficult or contentious matters, protocols have been established for consultation and documentation of significant accounting and auditing matters, including procedures to facilitate resolution of differences of opinion on engagement issues. In addition, our Global Q&RM Manual includes mandatory consultation requirements where certain matters are identified such as concerns over client integrity.

Appropriate consultation support is provided to audit engagement professionals through our professional practice resources.

Auditing and technical accounting support is available to all member firms and their professionals through the GSC and the ISG as well as the US Capital Markets Group for SEC foreign registrants.

### **Global Services Centre (GSC)**

The GSC develops, maintains and deploys KPMG's global audit methodology and technology-based tools used by KPMG audit professionals to facilitate effective and efficient audits.

### International Standards Group (ISG)

The ISG works with Global IFRS and ISAs topic teams with geographic representation from around the world to promote consistency of interpretation of IFRS and auditing requirements between member firms, identify emerging issues, and develop global guidance on a timely basis.

Further details about the GSC and ISG and its activities are available in the KPMG International Transparency Report <a href="https://www.kpmg.com">www.kpmg.com</a>.

### Developing business understanding and industry knowledge

A key part of quality is having a detailed understanding of the client's business and industry.

For significant industries, global audit sector leads are appointed to support the development of relevant industry information, which is made available to audit professionals within eAudIT. This knowledge comprises examples of industry audit procedures and other information (such as typical risks and accounting processes). In addition, industry overviews are available which provide general and business information in respect of particular industries as well as a summary of the industry knowledge provided in eAudIT.

# Performance of effective and efficient audits

How an audit is conducted is as important as the final result. KPMG people are expected to demonstrate certain key behaviors and follow certain policies and procedures in the performance of effective and efficient audits.

### KPMG audit process

Our audit workflow is enabled through eAudIT, KPMG International's activity based workflow and electronic audit file. eAudIT integrates our audit methodology, guidance and industry knowledge, and the tools needed to manage audits consistently. The KPMG high quality audit process includes:

- Timely partner and manager involvement;
- Timely access to the right knowledge specialists, accredited individuals and relevant industry expertise;
- Critical assessment of audit evidence exercise of professional judgment and professional skepticism;
- Ongoing mentoring, supervision and review;
- Appropriately supported and documented conclusions;
- Robust challenge and review, including Engagement Quality Control review (EQC review.

### Timely partner and manager involvement

To help identify and respond to the significant audit risks applicable to each audit, the engagement team requires an understanding of the client's business, its financial position and the environment in which it operates. The engagement partner is responsible for the overall quality of the audit engagement.

Involvement and leadership from the engagement partner during the planning process and early in the audit process helps set the appropriate scope and tone for the audit, and helps the engagement team obtain maximum benefit from the partners experience and skill. Timely involvement of the engagement partner at other stages of the engagement

allows the engagement partner to identify and appropriately address matters significant to the engagement, including critical areas of judgment, and significant risks.

The engagement partner is responsible for the final audit opinion and reviews key audit documentation. In particular documentation relating to significant matters arising during the audit and conclusions reached. The engagement manager assists the partner in meeting these responsibilities and in the day-to-day liaison with the client and team, building deep business understanding that helps the partner and team deliver valued insights.

### Critical assessment of audit evidence with emphasis on professional skepticism

We consider all audit evidence obtained during the course of the audit, including consideration of contradictory or inconsistent audit evidence.

The nature and extent of the audit evidence we gather is responsive to the assessed risks. We critically assess that audit evidence obtained from all sources. For the purpose of obtaining sufficient appropriate audit evidence each team member is required to exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit engagement.

Professional skepticism involves a questioning mind and alertness to contradictions or inconsistencies in audit evidence. Professional skepticism features prominently throughout auditing standards and receives significant focus from regulators. The KPMG Audit Quality Framework emphasizes the importance of maintaining an attitude of professional skepticism throughout the audit.

The KPMG professional judgment process facilitates good judgment by introducing a structured approach to auditing areas that require significant judgment. It also reinforces the importance of independence and objectivity and emphasizes the importance of having the right mindset - the need to apply professional skepticism.

Our professional judgment process recognizes the need to be aware of, and alert to, biases which may pose threats to good judgment. The structured approach to auditing areas that require significant judgment involves:

- considering alternatives;
- critically assessing audit evidence by challenging management's assumptions and following up contradictory or inconsistent information;
- documenting the rationale for conclusions reached on a timely basis as a means of evaluating their completeness and appropriateness.

The use of the professional judgment process and the application of professional skepticism is reinforced through coaching and training, acknowledging that judgment is a skill developed over time and with different experiences.



### Ongoing mentoring and on-the-job coaching, supervision and review

We understand that skills build over time and through exposure to different experiences. To invest in the building of skills and capabilities of KPMG professionals, without compromising on quality, KPMG Kazakhstan promotes a continuous learning environment and supports a coaching culture.

The engagement partner, supported by the engagement manager, is responsible for driving a culture of coaching and continuous learning throughout the audit process and setting an example in the performance of the audit to drive a culture of continuous audit quality improvement.

Ongoing mentoring, coaching and supervision during an audit involves:

- Engagement partner participation in planning discussions;
- Tracking the progress of the audit engagement;
- Considering the competence and capabilities of the individual members of the engagement team, including whether they have sufficient time to carry out their work, whether they understand their instructions, and whether the work is being carried out in accordance with the planned approach to the engagement;
- Helping engagement team members address any significant matters that arise during the audit and modifying the planned approach appropriately; and
- Identifying matters for consultation with more experienced team members during the engagement.

A key part of effective monitoring and supervision is timely review of the work performed so that significant matters are promptly identified, discussed and addressed.

### Appropriately supported and documented conclusions

KPMG uses the KAM and KPMG International's electronic audit tool, eAudIT, to provide guidance, mechanisms for and documentation of, the supervision and control of the audit engagement. Audit documentation records the audit procedures performed, evidence obtained and conclusions reached on each audit engagement. Our policies require review of documentation by more experienced engagement team members.

KAM recognizes that documentation prepared on a timely basis helps to enhance the quality of the audit and facilitates the effective review and evaluation of the audit evidence obtained and conclusions reached before our report is finalized. Engagement teams are required to assemble a complete and final set of audit documentation for retention within an appropriate time period, which is ordinarily not more than 60 calendar days from the date of the auditor's report but may be more restrictive under certain applicable regulations.

The key principle that engagement team members are required to consider when preparing audit documentation is whether an experienced auditor, having no previous connection with the engagement will understand:

- the nature, timing, and extent of audit procedures performed to comply with the ISAs, KAM and other requirements, applicable legal and regulatory requirements;
- the results of the procedures performed, and the audit evidence obtained;
- significant findings and issues arising during the audit and actions taken to address them (including additional audit evidence obtained);
- the basis for the conclusions reached, and significant professional judgments made in reaching those conclusions.

### Appropriate involvement of the Engagement Quality Control reviewer (EQC reviewer)

EQC reviewers have appropriate experience and knowledge to perform an objective review of the decisions and judgments made by the engagement team and the appropriateness of the financial statements.

An EQC reviewer is required to be appointed for the audits, including any related review(s) of interim financial information, of all listed entities, non-listed entities with a high public profile, engagements that require an EQC review under applicable laws or regulations, and other engagements as designated by the quality & risk management partner or country head of audit. The EQC review takes place before the date of the auditors report and includes, among other matters:

- Review of selected audit documentation relating to significant judgments the engagement team made and the conclusions it reached;
- Review of the financial statements and proposed auditor's report;
- Evaluation of the conclusions reached in formulating the auditors' report and consideration of whether the proposed report is appropriate.

Although the engagement partner is ultimately responsible for the resolution of financial reporting and auditing matters, the EQC reviewer must be satisfied that all significant questions raised have been resolved before an audit can be considered complete. We are continually seeking to strengthen and improve the role that the EQC reviewer plays in audits, as this is a fundamental part of the system of audit quality control. In recent years, we have taken a number of actions to reinforce this, including:

 issuing leading practices guidance focusing on reviewer competencies and capabilities and on ongoing support provided to EQC reviewers;

- incorporating specific procedures in eAudIT to facilitate effective reviews;
- implementing policies relating to recognition, nomination and development of EQC reviewers, as well as monitoring and assessing the nature, timing and extent of their involvement.

#### Reporting

Auditing standards and local legislation or regulation largely dictate the format and content of the auditor's report that includes an opinion on the fair presentation of the client's financial statements in all material respects. Experienced engagement partners arrive at all audit opinions based on the audit performed.

In preparing auditor's reports, engagement partners have access to extensive reporting guidance and technical support through consultations with our DPP, especially where there are significant matters to be reported to users of the auditor's report (e.g. a modification to the opinion or through the inclusion of an emphasis of matter or 'other matter' paragraph, as well as key audit maters to be communicated).

Effective for December 2016 year ends onward in compliance with the new IAASB requirements, we have enhanced auditor reporting for those auditors' reports prepared under the ISAs. The changes in auditors' reporting give users more insight into the audit and improve transparency.

### Insightful, open and honest two-way communication

Two-way communication with those charged with governance, often identified as the audit committee, is key to audit quality and is a key aspect of reporting and service delivery. At KPMG we stress the importance of keeping those charged with governance informed of issues arising throughout the audit and the need to listen to and understanding their views. We achieve this through a combination of reports and presentations, attendance at Audit Committee or Board meetings, and, when appropriate, ongoing informal discussions with management and members of the Audit Committee.

Communications with audit committees include:

- an overview of the planned scope and timing of the audit, which includes communicating significant risks identified:
- significant findings from the audit which may include control deficiencies and audit misstatements;
- an annual written communication that states the engagement team and KPMG Kazakhstan have complied with relevant independence requirements;

describes all relationships and other matters between KPMG Kazakhstan and the audit client that, in our professional judgment, may reasonably be thought to bear on independence; and states related safeguards we have applied to eliminate (or reduce to an acceptable level) identified threats to independence.

We ensure such communications meet the requirements of professional standards.

### **Audit Committee Institute**

In recognition of the demanding and important role that Audit Committees play for the capital markets and also of the challenges that they face in meeting their responsibilities, our Audit Committee Institute (ACI) aims to help Audit Committee members enhance their commitment and ability to implement effective Audit Committee processes. The ACI operates in more than 40 countries across the globe and provides Audit Committee members with authoritative guidance on matters of interest to Audit Committees; updates on issues like EU audit reform, changes to accounting standards and other matters of interest to Audit Committees (such as cyber security and corporate culture); and the opportunity to network with their peers during an extensive program of technical updates and awareness seminars.

The ACI's offerings cover the array of challenges facing Audit Committees and businesses today — from risk management and emerging technologies to strategy and global compliance.

### Focus on effectiveness of group audits

Our audit methodology covers the conduct of group audits in detail. We stress the importance of effective two-way communication between the group engagement team and the component auditors, which is a key to audit quality. The group Audit engagement partner is required to evaluate the competence of component auditors, irrespective of whether they are KPMG member firms or not, as part of the engagement acceptance process.

Consistent methodology and tools are used across the KPMG network. We provide lead audit engagement partners with information on component auditors within the KPMG network to help them evaluate their competence and capabilities. In addition, for PCAOB engagements, the results of relevant inspections related to the KPMG component member firms are made available to the lead audit engagement partner.

Lead audit engagement partners may review component auditor engagement documentation in person or obtain electronic access.



### Client confidentiality, information security and data privacy

The importance of maintaining client confidentiality is emphasized through a variety of mechanisms including the Code of Conduct, training and the annual affidavit/confirmation process, which all of our professionals are required to complete.

We have a formal document retention policy concerning the retention period for audit documentation and other records relevant to an engagement in accordance with the relevant IESBA requirements as well as other applicable laws, standards and regulations.

We have clear policies on information security that cover a wide range of areas. Data Privacy policies are in place governing the handling of personal information, and associated training is required for all KPMG personnel.

# Commitment to continuous improvement

We commit to continually improve the quality, consistency and efficiency of our audits. Integrated quality monitoring and compliance programs enable member firms to identify quality deficiencies, to perform root cause analysis and develop, implement and report remedial action plans both in respect of individual audit engagements and the member firm's system of quality control. KPMG International's integrated quality and monitoring programs include the Quality Performance Review (QPR) program, the Risk Compliance Program (RCP) and the Global Compliance Review (GCR) program.

The quality monitoring and compliance programs are globally administered and consistent in their approach across member firms, including the nature and extent of testing and reporting. KPMG Kazakhstan compares the results of internal monitoring programs with the results of those of any external inspection programs and take appropriate action.

### Internal monitoring and compliance programs

Our internal monitoring program also contributes to the assessment of whether our system of quality control has been appropriately designed, effectively implemented, and operates effectively.

Our monitoring procedures involve ongoing consideration of:

- Compliance with KPMG's policies and procedures;
- The effectiveness of training and other professional development activities; and
- Compliance with applicable laws and regulations and member firms, standards, policies, and procedures.

Two KPMG International developed and administered inspection programs are conducted annually by each member firm across the Audit, Tax, and Advisory functions: the Quality Performance Review (QPR) Program; and the Risk Compliance Program (RCP).

Additionally all KPMG member firms are covered by cross-functional Global Compliance Reviews (GCRs). These programs are designed by KPMG International and participation in them is a condition of ongoing membership of the KPMG network (see Section 7 for further details on the KPMG network). The appropriateness of KPMG Internationals guidance materials is considered periodically.

### **Audit Quality Performance Reviews (QPRs)**

The QPR Program assesses engagement level performance and identifies opportunities to improve engagement quality.

### Risk-based approach

Each engagement leader is reviewed at least once in a three year cycle. A risk-based approach is used to select engagements.

KPMG conducts the annual QPR program in accordance with KPMG International QPR instructions. The reviews are performed at KPMG level and are monitored regionally and globally. Member firm Audit QPR reviews are overseen by a senior experienced lead reviewer independent from the member firm.

We perform a root cause analysis for pervasive issues. Remedial action plans for all significant deficiencies noted are required at an engagement and operating firm level. We disseminate our findings from the QPR Program to our professionals through written communications, internal training tools, and periodic partner, manager and staff meetings. These areas are also emphasized in subsequent inspection programs to gauge the extent of continuous improvement.

### Reviewer selection, preparation and process

There are robust criteria for selection of reviewers. Review teams include senior experienced lead reviewers that are independent of the member firm under review.

Training is provided to review teams and others overseeing the process, with a focus on topics of concern identified by audit oversight regulators and the need to be as rigorous as external reviewers.

### **Evaluations from Audit QPR**

Consistent criteria are used to determine engagement ratings and member firm Audit practice evaluations.

Audit engagements selected for review are rated as 'Satisfactory', 'Performance Improvement Needed' or 'Unsatisfactory'.

### Reporting

Findings from the QPR program are disseminated to member firm professionals through written communications, internal training tools, and periodic partner, manager and staff meetings.

These areas are also emphasized in subsequent inspection programs to gauge the extent of continuous improvement.

Lead audit engagement partners are notified of less than satisfactory engagement ratings on their respective cross-border engagements. Additionally, lead audit engagement partners of parent companies/head offices are notified where a subsidiary/affiliate of their client group is audited by a member firm where significant quality issues have been identified during the Audit QPR.

In 2017 the following engagements and partners/ directors were reviewed:

	2017 Number of engagements reviewed (2016)	2017 Number of engagement leaders reviewed (2016)	2017 % of engagement leaders reviewed (2016)
Audit	5 (5)	5 (5)	63% (71%)
Tax	12(8)	4 (2)	100% (100%)
Advisory	7 (3)	4 (3)	67% (30%)

### **Risk Compliance Program (RCP)**

KPMG International develops and maintains quality control policies and processes that apply to all member firms. These policies and processes, and their related procedures, include the requirements of ISQC-1. During the annual RCP, we perform a robust assessment program consisting of documentation of quality controls and procedures, related compliance testing and reporting of exceptions, action plans and conclusions.

The objectives of the RCP are to:

- monitor, assess, and document the extent of compliance of KPMG system of quality control established through KPMG Internationals quality and risk management policies and key legal and regulatory requirements as they relate to the delivery of professional services;
- provide the basis for KPMG to evaluate that the firm and its personnel comply with relevant professional standards and applicable legal and regulatory requirements.

Where deficiencies are identified, we are required to develop appropriate actions plans.

### Global Compliance Review (GCR) Program

Each member firm is subject to a GCR conducted by the KPMG International's GCR team, independent of the member firm, at least once in a three year cycle.

The GCR provides independent oversight of our assessment of our system of quality control, including:

- Our commitment to quality and risk management (tone at the top) and the extent to which the overall structure, governance and financing support and reinforce this commitment; and
- The completeness and robustness of our RCP.

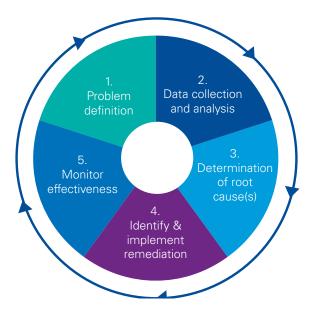
The GCR team performing the reviews is independent of KPMG Kazakhstan, objective and knowledgeable of Global Quality and Risk Management policies.

We develop action plans to respond to all GCR findings and agree these with the GCR team. Our progress on action plans is monitored by a Global GCR Central Team. Results are reported to the Global Quality & Risk Management Steering Group (GQRMSG), and where necessary to appropriate KPMG International and regional leadership, to help ensure timely remedial actions taken by the member firm.

### Root Cause Analysis (RCA)

KPMG Kazakhstan performs root cause analysis to identify and address audit quality issues in order to prevent them from recurring and help identify good practices as part of continuous improvement.

The Global RCA 5 step principles are as follows:



It is the responsibility of member firms to perform RCA and thereby identify and subsequently develop appropriate remediation plans for the audit quality issues identified.

The KPMG CIS Head of Audit is responsible for the development and implementation of action plans as a results of RCA including identification of solution owners. The Quality and Risk Management Partner monitors their implementation.



### Recommendations for improvements

At a global level, through the GAQIC and the GQRMSG, KPMG International reviews the results of the quality monitoring programs, analyzes member firm root causes and action plans and develops additional global actions as required.

The GAQIC considers network-wide issues arising from internal quality control reviews and external inspections, monitors progress being made in addressing audit quality issues and makes recommendations to the Global Audit Steering Group (GASG) on audit quality issues.

To date, Global remediation plans developed by KPMG International have been aimed at changing culture and behavior across the KPMG network and at driving consistent engagement team performance within KPMG member firms. The remediation plans have been implemented through the development of global training, tools and guidance to drive consistency, ensure the fundamentals are right and that best practice is shared across the network.

### External feedback and dialogue

### Regulators

In Kazakhstan, the Chamber of Auditors of the Republic of Kazakhstan inspected the Kazakhstan audit practice during the year ended 31 December 2017 and did not identify any issues that have a material impact on the conduct of the statutory audit business.

KPMG Kazakhstan is also registered with regulators in the European Union in the UK and Luxembourg. No reviews have been performed in respect of the European registrations.

#### Client feedback

We proactively seek feedback from clients through inperson conversations and third party surveys to monitor their satisfaction with services delivered. We endeavor to take this feedback and make dynamic changes at both the engagement level and firm level to meet clients' needs.

### Monitoring of complaints

We have procedures in place for monitoring and addressing complaints received from clients relating to the quality of our work. These procedures are detailed on our websites.

### Interaction with regulators

At an international level, KPMG International has regular two-way communication with the International Forum of Independent Audit Regulators (IFIAR) to discuss issues identified and actions taken to address such issues at a network level.

### Other assessments of audit quality

The Department of Professional Practice pre-issuance reviews of all financial statements of listed and other high or moderate risk engagements as required by the firm's policy. Any issues identified need to be cleared before the report can be issued.

Feedback is provided to individual engagement leaders as regards the quality of reports submitted for review and the annual results are taken into account in the engagement leaders performance evaluation.



# 5

# Financial information \*

The summary of revenues presented below is for KPMG Kazakhstan (excluding KPMG Bishkek LLC). Revenues are combined, not consolidated; include expenses billed to clients and revenue related to billings to other member firms of KPMG International.

Service	Year ended 31 December 2017 Millions of Tenge
Total Audit services	4,117
Tax and Advisory services	3,581
Total revenues	7,698

The summary of revenues presented below is for KPMG Kazakhstan earned from the statutory audit of Chagala Group and Development Bank of Kazakhstan which are the firm's non-EU/EEA entities that are listed in the EU, which were audit clients of KPMG Kazakhstan during 2017 calendar year. The revenues are combined, not consolidated; include expenses billed to clients and revenue related to billings to other member firms of KPMG International.

Service	Year ended 31 December 2017 Millions of Tenge	
Total revenue earned for services from statutory audit of non-EU/EEA entities that are listed in the EU, and which were audit clients of KPMG Kazakhstan during the 2017 calendar year	37	
Total revenue earned from other clients	7,661	
Total revenue earned for audit services from other entities	4,080	
Total revenue earned from non- audit services to non-EU/EEA entities that are listed in the EU, and which were audit clients of KPMG Kazakhstan during the 2017 calendar year.	72	

<sup>\*</sup> Additional financial disclosures provided February 2019

KPMG Tax and Advisory LLC and KPMG Valuation LLC. All rights reserved.

# Partner remuneration

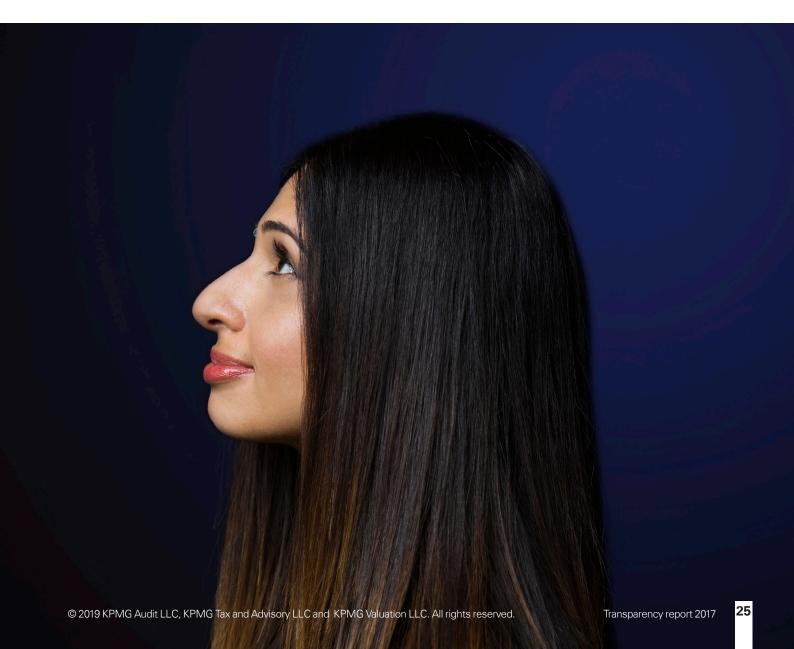
CIS partners are employed by corporate entities and part of their remuneration comprises a base salary and associated benefits as for other employees. They receive an additional variable element to their pay which is established once the profits for the year have been determined.

Partners currently make their own provision for retirement and are personally responsible for funding most benefits.

The final allocation of all variable elements of partner's remuneration and hence overall remuneration is proposed by the CIS Executive, after assessing each partners contribution for the year in line with the process followed

for all KPMG personnel. This takes into account a number of factors including quality of work, excellence in client service, growth in revenue and profitability, leadership and living the values of the firm. Audit partners are explicitly not rewarded for non-audit services sold to their audit clients.

The Senior Partner determines the remuneration of the members of the CIS Executive. The Remuneration Committee determines the remuneration of the Senior Partner. The Remuneration Committee also reviews the process used to determine Partners remuneration and reports to the Board of Partners on compliance with the established remuneration process.



## Network arrangements

### Legal structure

The independent member firms of the KPMG network (including KPMG CIS's operating firms) are affiliated with KPMG International, a Swiss cooperative which is a legal entity formed under Swiss law.

KPMG International carries on business activities for the overall benefit of the KPMG network of member firms but does not provide professional services to clients. Professional services to clients are exclusively provided by member firms.

One of the main purposes of KPMG International is to facilitate the provision by member firms of high-quality Audit, Tax and Advisory services to their clients. For example, KPMG International establishes, and facilitates the implementation and maintenance of, uniform policies and standards of work and conduct by member firms and protects and enhances the use of the KPMG name and brand.

KPMG International is an entity that is legally separate from each member firm. KPMG International and the member firms are not a global partnership, joint venture or in a principal or agent relationship or partnership with each other. No member firm has any authority to obligate or bind KPMG International or any other member firm vis- a-vis third parties, nor does KPMG International have any such authority to obligate or bind any member firm.

The name of each audit firm that is a member of the network and the EU/EEA countries in which each network member firm is qualified as a statutory auditor or has its registered office, central administration or principal place of business are available <a href="here">here</a>.

Total turnover achieved by EU/EEA audit firms resulting from the statutory audit of annual and consolidated financial statements<sup>3</sup>.

Aggregated revenues generated by KPMG audit firms, from EU and EEA Member States resulting from the statutory audit of annual and consolidated financial statements was EUR 2.7 billion during the year ending 30th September 2017. The EU/EEA aggregated statutory audit revenue figures are presented to the best extent calculable and translated at the average exchange rate prevailing in the 12 months ended 30th September 2017.

<sup>3</sup> The financial information set forth represents combined information of the separate KPMG member firms from EU and EEA Member States that perform professional services for clients. The information is combined here solely for presentation purposes. KPMG International performs no services for clients nor, concomitantly, generates any client revenue.

## Responsibilities and obligations of member firms

Under agreements with KPMG International, member firms are required to comply with KPMG International's policies and regulations including quality standards governing how they operate and how they provide services to clients to compete effectively. This includes having a firm structure that ensures continuity and stability and being able to adopt global strategies, share resources (incoming and outgoing), service multinational clients, manage risk, and deploy global methodologies and tools.

Each member firm takes responsibility for its management and the quality of its work. Member firms commit to a common set of KPMG values.

KPMG International's activities are funded by amounts paid by member firms. The basis for calculating such amounts is approved by the Global Board and consistently applied to the member firms. A firm's status as a KPMG member firm and its participation in the KPMG network may be terminated if, among other things, it has not complied with the policies and regulations set by KPMG International or any of its other obligations owed to KPMG International.

### **Professional indemnity insurance**

A substantial level of insurance cover is maintained in respect of professional negligence claims. The cover provides a territorial coverage on a worldwide basis and is principally written through a captive insurer that is available to all KPMG member firms.

### **Governance structure**

The key governance and management bodies of KPMG International are the Global Council, the Global Board, and the Global Management Team.

### Global Council

The Global Council focuses on high-level governance tasks and provides a forum for open discussion and communication among member firms. It performs functions equivalent to a shareholders meeting (albeit that KPMG



International has no share capital and, only has members, not shareholders).

Among other things, the Global Council elects the Global Chairman and also approves the appointment of Global Board members. It includes representation from 58 member firms that are "members" of KPMG International as a matter of Swiss law. Sublicensees are generally indirectly represented by a member.

### Global Board

The Global Board is the principal governance and oversight body of KPMG International. The key responsibilities of the Global Board include approving strategy, protecting and enhancing the KPMG brand, overseeing management of KPMG International, and approving policies and regulations. It also admits member firms.

The Global Board includes the Global Chairman, the Chairman of each of the three regions (the Americas; Asia Pacific (ASPAC); and Europe, the Middle East, and Africa (EMA)) and a number of senior partners of member firms.

It is led by the Global Chairman who is supported by the Executive Committee, consisting of the Global Chairman, the Chairman of each of the regions and currently four other senior partners of member firms.

One of the other Global Board members is elected as the lead director by those Global Board members who are not also members of the Executive Committee of the Global Board ("non-executive" members). A key role of the lead director is to act as liaison between the Global Chairman and the "non-executive" Global Board members.

### Global Management Team

The Global Board has delegated certain responsibilities to the Global Management Team. These responsibilities include developing global strategy by working together with the Executive Committee. The Global Management Team also supports the member firms in their execution of the global strategy and is responsible for holding them accountable for commitments.

It is led by the Global Chairman and includes the Global Chief Operating Officer, Global Chief Administrative Officer, global function and infrastructure heads, and the General Counsel.

The list of Global Management Team members as at 1 January 2018 is available in the International Annual Review.

### Global Steering Groups

The Global Steering Groups work closely with regional and member firm leadership to:

- establish and communicate appropriate audit and quality/risk management policies;
- enable effective and efficient risk processes to promote

- audit quality; and
- proactively identify and mitigate critical risks to the network.

The Global Steering Groups act under the oversight of the Global Management Team. The roles of the Global Audit Steering Group and the Global Quality & Risk Management Steering Group are detailed in Appendices to the KPMG International Transparency Report.

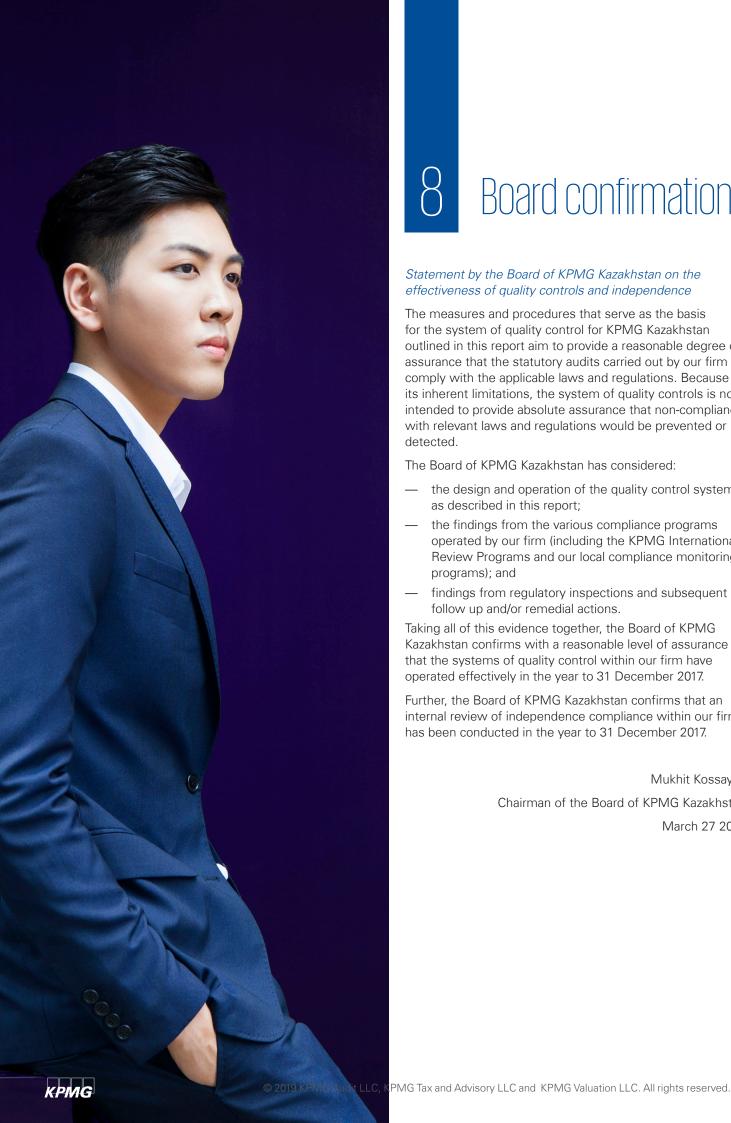
Each member firm is part of one of three regions (the Americas, ASPAC, and EMA). Each region has a Regional Board comprising a regional chairman, regional chief operating or executive officer, representation from any subregions, and other members as appropriate. Each Regional Board focuses specifically on the needs of member firms within their region and assists in the implementation of KPMG International's policies and processes within the region.

Further details about KPMG International including the governance arrangements, can be found in Appendices to the KPMG International Transparency Report.

### Area Quality & Risk Management Leaders

The Global Head of Quality, Risk and Regulatory appoints Area Quality & Risk Management Leaders who:

- assess the effectiveness of a member firm's quality and risk management efforts to identify and mitigate significant risks to the member firm and network, actively monitor alignment with global quality and risk management strategies and priorities;
- share leading best practices in quality and risk management; and
- report to Global Head of Quality, Risk and Regulatory.



## Board confirmations

Statement by the Board of KPMG Kazakhstan on the effectiveness of quality controls and independence

The measures and procedures that serve as the basis for the system of quality control for KPMG Kazakhstan outlined in this report aim to provide a reasonable degree of assurance that the statutory audits carried out by our firm comply with the applicable laws and regulations. Because of its inherent limitations, the system of quality controls is not intended to provide absolute assurance that non-compliance with relevant laws and regulations would be prevented or detected.

The Board of KPMG Kazakhstan has considered:

- the design and operation of the quality control systems as described in this report;
- the findings from the various compliance programs operated by our firm (including the KPMG International Review Programs and our local compliance monitoring programs); and
- findings from regulatory inspections and subsequent follow up and/or remedial actions.

Taking all of this evidence together, the Board of KPMG Kazakhstan confirms with a reasonable level of assurance that the systems of quality control within our firm have operated effectively in the year to 31 December 2017.

Further, the Board of KPMG Kazakhstan confirms that an internal review of independence compliance within our firm has been conducted in the year to 31 December 2017.

> Mukhit Kossayev Chairman of the Board of KPMG Kazakhstan March 27 2018

# Appendices

## **Key Legal Entities and areas of operation**

Name of Entity	Legal Structure	Regulatory Status	Nature of Business	Area of Operation
KPMG Audit LLC	Kazakh Limited Liability Company	Audit Regulated	Audit Services	Kazakhstan
KPMG Tax and	Kazakh Limited	Valuation	Tax & Advisory	Kazakhstan
Advisory LLC	Liability Company	Regulated	Services	
KPMG Valuation LLC	Kazakh Limited Liability Company	Valuation Regulated	Valuation Services	Kazakhstan
KPMG Bishkek LLC	Kyrgyz Limited Liability Company	Audit Regulated	Audit Services	Kyrgyzstan

# Appendices

# Details of those charged with governance at KPMG CIS - Board of Partners

### **Oleg Goshchansky CIS**

CIS Chairman and Managing Partner, CIS Head of Markets

Oleg is a member of the CIS Executive. He has been a partner with KPMG for 15 years and was Head of Audit in the CIS for 5 years before taking up the position of Chairman and Managing Partner on 1 October 2012 and position of CIS Head of Markets on 1 July 2013

### **Alevtina Borisova**

Head of People CIS Head of People

Alevtina is a member of the CIS Executive. She has been a partner with KPMG for 9 years and became CIS Head of People in September 2011

### **Mikhail Orlov**

Head Tax and Legal CIS Head of Tax and Legal

Mikhail became the CIS Head of Tax and Legal on October 1st 2014. He has been a partner in KPMG for 7 years



### Sean Michael Tiernan

Head of Advisory
<a href="CIS COO">CIS COO</a> and CIS Head of Advisory

Sean is a member of the CIS Executive. He has been a partner with KPMG for 19 years and was the CIS Head of the Transactions and Restructuring since 1 September 2012 before taking up the CIS Head of Advisory role on 1 July 2013 and CIS COO role on 1 October



### **Anton Oussov**

Partner, Audit



### Alexei Romanenko

Partner, Management Consulting



**Rustem Sadykov** Partner, Tax & Legal



Ivan Tyagoun Partner, Advisory



Yerkozha Akylbek Partner, Audit



**Dmitry Aleev** Partner, Audit



**Victor Akulian** Partner, Audit





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# Appendices Public interest entities

The entities listed on a recognized stock exchange for which KPMG in Kazakhstan has signed an audit opinion in the year ended 31 December 2017 is given below. Entities that are nonlisted public interest entities are not included.

- ATF Bank JSC
- Bank CenterCredit JSC
- Bank of Astana JSC
- Batys Transit JSC
- Caspi Limited LLP
- Chagala Group Limited
- Corporation Tsesna JSC
- Development Bank of Kazakhstan
- Eurasian Bank JSC
- Home Credit and Finance Bank SB JSC

- Kazakhmys Insurance Company JSC
- Kazakhstan Mortgage Company JSC
- KMK Munai JSC
- National Bank of Kazakhstan
- Nurbank JSC
- Standard Insurance Company JSC
- Tin One Mining JSC
- Tsesnabank JSC
- Ust-Kamenogorsk Titanium and Magnesium Plant JSC



# Appendices KPMG's global values



### We lead by example

At all levels we act in a way that exemplifies what we expect of each other and our clients.



## We are open and honest in our communication

We share information, insight and advice frequently and constructively and manage tough situations with courage and candor.



### We work together

We bring out the best in each other and create strong and successful working relationships.



## We are committed to our communities

We act as responsible corporate citizens by broadening our skills, experience and perspectives through work in our communities and protecting the environment.



# We respect the individual We respect people for who they are and

for their knowledge, skills and experience as individuals and team members.



## Above all, we act with integrity

We are constantly striving to uphold the highest professional standards, provide sound advice and rigorously maintain our independence.



# We seek the facts and provide insight

By challenging assumptions and pursuing facts, we strengthen our reputation as trusted and objective business advisers.

