

# **Myanmar Tax Alert**

**KPMG** in Myanmar



### Contact us

### Yasuhide Fujii

Managing Director E: yfujii@kpmg.co.th

#### **Thomas Chan**

Executive Director
E: tchan8@kpmg.com

### Tax alert - Union Tax Law 2014

The Pyidaungsu Hluttaw enacted the Union Tax Law on 28 March 2014. The provisions introduced therein will take effect from 1 April of 2014.

It should be noted that just prior to the introduction of the above Union Tax Law, the Pyihtaungsu Hluttaw enacted the changes to the Commercial tax Legislation and the Pyidaungsu Hluttaw enacted the changes to the Income Tax Legislation on 24 March 2014.

Upon deeper examination, it is observed that changes introduced on 24 March related to legislative changes whilst the Union Tax Law introduced the respective tax rates for the fiscal year 2014/2015. This represents a positive change in direction for the Myanmar tax system in providing a way to update the tax legislation on an annual basis.

Broadly speaking, the Union Tax Law 2014 has introduced changes to:-

- Income Tax
- Commercial Tax

We will highlight some of the key changes in relation to the above.

## **Income tax changes**

With the enactment of the Union Tax Law 2014, the applicable tax rates for resident companies and non-resident entities continues to be 25% and 35% respectively.

Notwithstanding the above, the highest applicable tax rate for resident individual's salary, property, business and other income has increased from

20% to 25% accordingly. A table showing the new tax brackets is illustrated below.

No	Income Schedule for assessing income tax on the remaining income after offsetting it with specified reliefs  From To  Kyat Kyat		Income Tax Rate
1.	1 2,000,000		0%
2.	2,000,001	5,000,000	5%
3.	5,000,001	10,000,000	10%
4.	10,000,001 20,000,000		15%
5.	20,000,001 30,000,000		20%
6.	30,000,001 and above		25%

Further to the above, individuals will also enjoy a slight increase in spouse relief and child relief. The new amounts for the relief are as follows:-

- a. 500,000 kyat for spouse (limited to one spouse);
- b. 300,000 kyat per child

### Previously unassessed income

Prior to 2014, income that has not been subject to tax would be taxed at 30%. However, from 1 April 2014, anyone purchasing, constructing or acquiring a capital asset will be taxed on a the following rates if the is unable to demonstrate the source of the income.

	Income Schedule for	or assessing income tax on	
	the remaining income after offsetting it with		Income Tax Rate
No	specified reliefs		
	From	То	Rate
	Kyat	Kyat	
1.	0	50,000,000	5%
2.	50,000,001	150,000,000	10%
3.	150,000,001	300,000,000	20%

4.	300,000,001 and above	30%

### Capital gains tax

Capital gains of resident companies will continue to be taxed at 10% and capital gains tax of 40% will be applicable to non-resident entities. However, oil and gas entities will be subject to capital gains tax at the following

progressive rates:-

No	From	То	Capital Gains
110	Kyat	Kyat	Tax Rate
1.	0	100 billion	40%
2.	100 billion	150 billion	45%
3.	150 billion and above		50%

# **Changes to Commercial Tax**

Prior to the changes to Commercial Tax introduced in 2014, the commercial tax rates applicable to the various goods and services were set out in the 7 schedules of the commercial tax legislation. This was administratively cumbersome as new items would need to be continuously added as the economy in Myanmar matured.

As such, the negative list system was introduced to the commercial tax legislation where only exemptions to the general rule would be listed. However, it is important to note that the detailed regulations for the implementation of the changes have yet to be released.

We will discuss the commercial tax changes in greater detail below.

### Commercial taxes on goods

It has been clarified that generally products that are produced and sold within Myanmar would be subject to 5% commercial tax. The exceptions to this general rule are listed in table (1) and (2) below.

### Table (1) (Section 11(b) of the Union Tax Law 2014)

Goods listed in table (1) will be subject to commercial tax based on its landed cost if it is imported and on sale proceeds if it is produced within Myanmar.

No	Description of the Goods	Commercial tax rate
1.	Cigarettes	100%

2.	Tobacco	50%
3.	Virginia tobacco, cured	50%
4.	Cheroots	50%
5.	Cigars	50%
6.	Pipe Tobacco	50%
7.	Betel Chewing preparation	50%
8.	Various kinds of liquor	50%
9.	Various kinds of beer	50%
10.	Various kinds of wine	50%
11.	Teak, hardwood logs and conversions	25%
12.	Jade, rubies, sapphires, emeralds, diamonds and	30%
	other precious stones	
13.	Jewelry made from jade, rubies, sapphires,	15%
	emeralds, diamonds or other precious stones	
14.	Vehicles above 1800 CC, light vans, saloons,	25%
	sedans and light wagons, estate wagons and coupes	
15.	Petrol, diesel, aviation jet fuel	10%
16.	Natural Gas	8%

# Table 2 (Section 11 (c) of the Union Tax Law 2014)

If the products listed in the table below are produced within Myanmar, they would not be subject to commercial tax. However, if the products are imported, they would be subject to 5% commercial tax on the landed cost.

No	Description of the goods
1.	Paddy, rice, split, bran, rough bran, paddy husk
2.	Wheat grain, flour, smooth and rough flour
3.	Maize and other cereals, powder maize and other powder cereals
4.	Pulses, chick peas, pea flour
5.	Groundnuts, shelled or unshelled
6.	Sesame, flower sesame

- 7. Mustard seeds, sunflower seeds, tamarind seeds, cotton seeds
- 8. Oil palm
- 9. Various cottons
- 10. Jute and similar fibers
- 11. Garlic, onions
- 12. Potatoes
- 13. Cassava plants, cassava powder
- 14. Spices (leaves, fruits, seeds, bark), prepared spices
- 15. Various fresh fruits
- 16. Vegetables
- 17. Sugarcane
- 18. Mulberry leaves
- 19. Medicinal plants or herbs
- 20. Animal feed, fresh and dried (farm products only)
- 21. Thatch, reeds, 'dani' and such agricultural products not elsewhere specified
- 22. Wood, bamboo
- 23. Live animals
- 24. Silk cocoons
- 25. Canes, finished and unfinished
- 26. Honey and bee wax
- 27. Lac
- 28. Residue of groundnuts, sesame, cotton seeds, rice bran, etc.
- 29. | Soap stocks (oil residue)
- 30. Bleaching substances
- 31. Ginned cotton
- 32. | Coir yarn
- 33. Bird feathers, duck feathers
- 34. Umbrella cloths
- 35. Stamps, all sorts
- 36. | Sealing wax and sticks

37.	Slates, slate pencils and chalk
38.	Shrimp paste (ngapi)
39.	Shrimp and fish sauces (ngan-pya-ye)
40.	Groundnut oil, sesame oil, sunflower seed oil, rice bran edible oil
	and oil cakes
41.	Fresh fish, fresh prawns
42.	Sterilized and other pasteurized milk
43.	Chili, chili powder
44.	Saffron, saffron powder
45.	Ginger
46.	Fish paste
47.	Ripe tamarinds
48.	National flag
49.	Various kinds of beads
50.	Various kinds of rulers, erasers, sharpeners
51.	Alternatives to firewood
52.	Coconut oil
53.	Various kinds of fowl eggs
54.	Pumpkin seeds, watermelon seeds
55.	Religious clothes (thingan robe etc.)
56.	Oil dregs
57.	Salt
58.	Latex
59.	Betel nuts
60.	Computers, telephone handsets

Table (3) (Section 18 of the Union Tax Act, 2014)

No commercial tax will be applicable on the importation or sale of the goods in Myanmar listed in the table below.

No	Description of the Goods
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1.	Fertilizers	
2.	Insecticides, pesticides, fungicides, etc	
3.	Farm equipment, farm machines and machine parts	
4.	Fish feed, shrimp feed (raw material, finished goods)	
5.	Animal feed (raw material, finished goods)	
6.	Animal medicines	
7.	Animal breed	
8.	Solar panels, solar charge controllers and solar inverters	
9.	X-ray films and plates and other X-ray, surgical,	
	medicinal or pharmaceutical apparatus and equipment	
10.	Bandages, gauze, other surgical dressing material,	
	hospital and surgical outfit and sundries	
11.	Pharmaceuticals and other medicines (except medicine	
	restricted by rules and regulations)	
12.	Drugs	
13.	Textbooks, exercise and drawing books of various kinds	
	and papers for the production of such books and all sorts	
	of pencils	
14.	Graphite for the production of pencils	
15.	Condoms	
16.	Defense and military equipment	
17.	Various kinds of gun powder, various kinds of dynamite	
	and accessories thereto used by the civil departments	
18.	Crop seeds, nursery plants	
19.	Printed material of the Ministry of Defense relating do	
	defense; arms and ammunition, auxiliary goods and	
	motor vehicles of the Ministry of Defense	
20.	Duty free goods to be sold in foreign currency at the	
	departure places to passengers departing for overseas	
21.	Motor vehicles imported for the staff of foreign	
	embassies and consulates	

22.	Goods purchased for the consumption of the armed	
	forces if the expenses are in the budget of the Ministry of	
	Defense	
23.	CMP goods, packing material for such goods	
24.	Fuel sold to foreign embassies, UN organizations and	
	foreign diplomats by the Ministry of Energy	

Table 5 (Section 14 of the Union Tax Act, 2014) Commercial tax will apply to the following products if they are exported.

No.	Description of the Goods	Tax Percentage
1.	Crude Oil	5%
2.	Natural Gas	8%
3.	Teak, hardwook logs and conversion	50%
4.	Jade, Rubies, Sapphires, emeralds, diamonds and other precious stone	30%
5.	Jewelry made from Jade, rubies, sapphires, emeralds, diamonds and other precious stone	10%

### Commercial taxes on services

Table 5 (Section 11(f) of the Union Tax Act, 2014)

From 1 April 2014, commercial tax of 5% will be generally applicable to all domestic services. The exception to the above are listed in the table below.

No	Description of the goods
1.	Services consisting of renting out houses
2.	Services consisting of renting out car parks
3.	Life insurance services
4.	Microfinance services

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5.	Health care services
6.	Education services
7.	Services consisting in the transportation of goods
8.	Services of employment agencies
9.	Banking services
10.	Customs clearance services
11.	Renting out objects such as tables, chairs or crockery for
	social functions
12.	Licensed slaughtering of animals
13.	Contract manufacturing
14.	Funeral services
15.	Container transport services
16.	Child nursery services
17.	Myanmar traditional massage / massage performed by a blind
	person
18.	Moving services
19.	Services for which a road toll is charged
20.	Animal health care services
21.	Services consisting in the provision of public toilets
22.	Outbound air transport services
23.	Services concerning culture and art
24.	Information technology services
25.	Technology and management consultancy services
26.	Public transport services (bus, railway and ferry boat)

# Restriction on commercial tax set off

Commercial tax on the import or production of the goods listed below will not be allowed to be offset against the commercial tax applicable on the proceeds of their sale. However, offset will be allowed in trading transactions.

No.	Description of the Goods
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Cigarettes
Tobacco
Virginia Tobacco, cured
Cheroots
Cigars
Pipe tobacco
Betel Chewing preparation
Various kinds of liquor
Various kinds of beer
Various kinds of wine

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