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## REVIEW OF INCOME TAX RATE FOR RESIDENT INDIVIDUAL

### Current Position

The income tax structure for resident individuals is based on progressive rates ranging from 0% to 30% on chargeable income as follows:

Chargeable Income (RM)	Current Tax Rates (%)
0 - 5,000	0
5,001 - 20,000	1
20,001 - 35,000	3
35,001 - 50,000	8
50,001 - 70,000	14
70,001 - 100,000	21
100,001 - 250,000	24
250,001 - 400,000	24.5
400,001 - 600,000	25
600,001 - 1,000,000	26
1,000,001 - 2,000,000	28
2,000,001 and above	30

Non-resident individuals are subject to income tax at a flat rate of 30%.

### Proposal

To increase the disposable income of individual tax payer and especially to assist the tax payers in the middle income group affected by the current economic situation, it is proposed that the income tax rate for resident individuals be reduced by 1 percentage point for the chargeable income band of RM50,001 to RM70,000.

Income tax savings for individuals resulting from the reduction of tax rate are as follows:

Chargeable Income (RM)	Current		Proposal		Tax Savings	
	Tax Rate (%)	Tax Payable (RM)	Tax Rate (%)	Tax Payable (RM)	(RM)	(%)
0 - 5,000	0	-	-	-	0	0
5,001 - 20,000	1	0*	1	0*	0	0
20,001 - 35,000	3	200*	3	200*	0	0
35,001 - 50,000	8	1,800	8	1,800	0	0
<b>50,001 - 70,000</b>	<b>14</b>	4,600	<b>13</b>	4,400	200	4.55
70,001 - 100,000	21	10,900	21	10,700	200	1.87
100,001 - 250,000	24	46,900	24	46,700	200	0.43
250,001 - 400,000	24.5	83,650	24.5	83,450	200	0.24
400,001 - 600,000	25	133,650	25	133,450	200	0.15
600,001 - 1,000,000	26	237,450	26	237,250	200	0.08
1,000,001 - 2,000,000	28	517,450	28	517,250	200	0.04
2,000,001 and above	30		30			

\*After rebate of RM400 for chargeable income up to RM35,000

### Effective Date

From the year of assessment 2021.

**INCREASE IN LIMIT OF INCOME TAX RELIEF ON EXPENDITURES OF  
MEDICAL TREATMENT, SPECIAL NEEDS AND PARENTAL CARE**

**Current Position**

Income tax relief of up to RM5,000 is eligible to be claimed by individual taxpayer on medical expenses and parental care limited to the following expenses:

- i. treatment in clinics and hospitals;
- ii. treatment at nursing homes;
- iii. dental treatment not including cosmetics dental treatment; and
- iv. treatment and care at home, day care centres and home care centres.

**Proposal**

To alleviate the cost incurred on treatment and care for parents, it is proposed that income tax relief limit on expenses for medical treatment, special needs and parental care be increased from up to RM5,000 to up to RM8,000.

**Effective Date**

From the year of assessment 2021.

## REVIEW OF INCOME TAX RELIEF FOR MEDICAL TREATMENT EXPENSES FOR SELF, SPOUSE AND CHILD

### Current Position

Income tax relief up to RM6,000 is eligible to be claimed by individual taxpayer on medical expenses for serious diseases for taxpayer, spouse and child and fertility treatment for taxpayer and spouse. The claim of tax relief must be proved by receipts and certification issued by medical practitioners registered with the Malaysian Medical Council confirming that the treatment is given to the taxpayer, spouse and child. The relief includes the amount of up to RM500 for full medical check-up expenses.

### Proposal

To alleviate the cost of medical treatment of taxpayer, spouse and child, and to encourage more Malaysians to be vaccinated, it is proposed that:

- i. the limit of tax relief on medical expenses for serious diseases for taxpayer, spouse and child and fertility treatment for taxpayer and spouse be increased from up to RM6,000 to up to RM8,000;
- ii. the limit of tax relief for full medical check-up expenses be increased from up to RM500 to up to RM1,000; and
- iii. the scope of tax relief for medical treatment expenses be expanded to include vaccination expenses up to RM1,000 for taxpayer, spouse and child. The vaccines eligible for the tax relief are as follows:
  - a. Pneumococcal;
  - b. Human Papillomavirus (HPV);
  - c. Influenza;
  - d. Rotavirus;
  - e. Varicella;
  - f. Meningococcal;
  - g. Combination of tetanus-diphtheria-acellular pertussis (Tdap);  
and
  - h. COVID-19 (subject to the availability of the vaccine).

### Effective Date

From the year of assessment 2021.

**INCREASE IN THE LIMIT OF INCOME TAX RELIEF  
FOR DISABLED SPOUSE**

**Current Position**

An individual taxpayer with a disabled spouse is given an additional tax relief of RM3,500.

**Proposal**

To further assist an individual taxpayer with a disabled spouse, it is proposed that the additional tax relief limit for disabled spouse be increased from RM3,500 to RM5,000.

**Effective Date**

From the year of assessment 2021.

**EXTENSION OF PERIOD OF INCOME TAX RELIEF ON  
CONTRIBUTION TO PRIVATE RETIREMENT SCHEME**

**Current Position**

Income tax relief of up to RM3,000 on contribution to Private Retirement Scheme (PRS) is eligible to be claimed annually by individual taxpayers from the year of assessment 2012 to the year of assessment 2021.

**Proposal**

Income tax relief up to RM3,000 on contribution to PRS be extended for another 4 years.

**Effective Date**

From the year of assessment 2022 to the year of assessment 2025.



**REVIEW OF INCOME TAX RELIEF FOR LIFESTYLE**

**Current Position**

From the year of assessment 2017, income tax relief for lifestyle of up to RM2,500 is provided to an individual taxpayer on the purchase of reading materials including e-book, printed daily newspapers, computers, smartphones/tablets, internet subscriptions, sports equipment and gymnasium membership fees.

**Proposal**

To enhance the current income tax relief for lifestyle, it is proposed that:

- i. the income tax relief limit for lifestyle be increased from up to RM2,500 to up to RM3,000, in which an additional of up to RM500 is allocated for the cost of purchasing sports equipment, entry/rental fees for sports facilities and participation fees in sports competitions; and
- ii. the scope of relief for printed daily newspapers be expanded to include subscription for electronic newspapers.

**Effective Date**

From the year of assessment 2021.

**EXTENSION OF PERIOD OF INDIVIDUAL INCOME TAX RELIEF ON NET ANNUAL SAVINGS IN THE NATIONAL EDUCATION SAVINGS SCHEME**

**Current Position**

Income tax relief of up to RM8,000 is given to an individual taxpayer for net annual savings in the National Education Savings Scheme (*Skim Simpanan Pendidikan Nasional* - SSPN) effective from year of assessment 2019 until year of assessment 2020.

**Proposal**

To further encourage savings among parents for financing tertiary education of their children, it is proposed that the tax relief of up to RM8,000 on net annual savings in the SSPN be extended for another 2 years.

**Effective Date**

For years of assessment 2021 and 2022.

## EXPANSION OF THE SCOPE OF INCOME TAX RELIEF FOR EXPENSES ON STUDY FEES

### Current position

An individual taxpayer who pursues any course of study in selected fields of study, or Master or Doctorate in any field offered by institutions or professional bodies in Malaysia recognised by the Government of Malaysia or approved by the Minister of Finance are eligible to claim tax relief on the study fees. The relief is up to a maximum amount of RM7,000 a year and the eligible fields of study are as follows:

Level of Study	Field of Study
Certificate/Diploma/Bachelor	Law, accounting, Islamic finance, skills or vocational, technical, industrial, scientific and technological skills
Master/Doctorate	All fields

### Proposal

To encourage Malaysian citizens affected by the COVID-19 pandemic to enroll for up-skilling, re-skilling or acquiring new skill, it is proposed that the scope of relief of RM7,000 a year be expanded to cover fees for attending up-skilling and self-enhancement courses in any field of skills recognised by the Department of Skills Development, Ministry of Human Resources. The tax relief is limited to RM1,000 for each year of assessment.

### Effective Date

For the years of assessment 2021 and 2022.

## INCREASE IN THE LIMIT OF INCOME TAX EXEMPTION ON COMPENSATION FOR LOSS OF EMPLOYMENT

### Current Position

Section 13(1)(e) of the Income Tax Act (ITA) 1967 provides that compensation received for loss of employment is a gross income from employment and subject to income tax. However, the employee is entitled for exemption of income tax under paragraph 15(1) of Schedule 6 of the ITA 1967 under the following circumstances:

- i. full exemption on income tax on compensation for loss of employment if the Director General of Inland Revenue is satisfied that the compensation is received due to health problems; or
- ii. exemption on income tax of RM10,000 for each full year of service with the same employer or companies within the same group.

The exemption limit in paragraph (ii) was increased from RM5,000 to RM10,000 effective from 1 July 2008.

### Proposal

To assist taxpayers who lost their jobs due to the current economic condition arising from the COVID-19 pandemic, it is proposed that the income tax exemption limit for compensation for loss of employment with the same employer or companies within the same group be increased from RM10,000 to RM20,000 for each full year of service.

### Effective Date

For the years of assessment 2020 and 2021.

**REVIEW OF STAMP DUTY EXEMPTION FOR THE PURCHASE  
OF FIRST RESIDENTIAL HOME**

**Current Position**

The Government has provided 100% stamp duty exemption on instrument of transfer and loan agreement for the purchase of first residential home priced up to RM300,000 by Malaysian citizens.

For the purchase of first home priced exceeding RM300,000 up to RM500,000, stamp duty on instrument of transfer and loan agreement is fully exempted, limited to the first RM300,000 of the value of the property. The remaining balance of the home value is subjected to the prevailing rate of stamp duty.

This exemption is effective for sale and purchase agreement executed from 1 January 2019 to 31 December 2020.

**Proposal**

To increase the ownership of first residential home by Malaysian citizens who are yet to own a house, it is proposed that stamp duty exemption limit for the first home be increased from RM300,000 to RM500,000. The period of stamp duty exemption of 100% that are given on the instrument of transfer and loan agreement for the purchase of first residential home be extended for another 5 years.

**Effective Date**

For sale and purchase agreement executed from 1 January 2021 to 31 December 2025.

## EXTENSION OF PERIOD OF STAMP DUTY EXEMPTION TO REVIVE ABANDONED HOUSING PROJECTS

### Current Position

To support efforts in reviving abandoned housing projects, stamp duty exemption is given on the following instruments :

- i. Rescuing Contractor/Developer
  - a. loan agreements to finance the revival of the abandoned housing projects; and
  - b. instruments of transfer of title for land and houses in abandoned housing projects.

These exemptions are given on the instruments executed from 1 January 2013 to 31 December 2020.

- ii. Original House Purchaser in the Abandoned Project:
  - a. loan agreements for additional financing; and
  - b. instruments of transfer of the houses.

These exemptions are given on the above instruments executed from 1 January 2013 to 31 December 2020.

The eligible abandoned housing projects must be certified by the Ministry of Housing and Local Government.

### Proposal

To further alleviate the financial burden borne by the original house purchasers and to encourage the involvement of rescuing contractors/developers to revive the abandoned housing projects, it is proposed that the existing stamp duty exemptions be extended for another 5 years.

### Effective Date

Loan agreements and instruments of transfer executed from 1 January 2021 to 31 December 2025 for abandoned housing projects certified by the Ministry of Housing and Local Government.

**EXTENSION OF PERIOD OF STAMP DUTY EXEMPTION FOR  
PERLINDUNGAN TENANG PRODUCTS**

**Current Position**

Stamp duty exemption is given on the purchase of insurance policies and takaful certificates for Perlindungan Tenang products covering life, fire and flood insurance with an annual premium or contribution value not exceeding RM100. This exemption is granted for policies and certificates issued from 1 January 2019 to 31 December 2020.

**Proposal**

To further encourage more low-income groups to have insurance and takaful coverage, it is proposed that the stamp duty exemption period on the purchase of Perlindungan Tenang products be extended for another 5 years.

**Effective Date**

For insurance policies and takaful certificates issued from 1 January 2021 to 31 December 2025.

**EXTENSION OF PERIOD OF STAMP DUTY EXEMPTION  
FOR EXCHANGE TRADED FUND**

**Current Position**

Stamp duty exemption is given on contract notes for trading of Exchange Traded Fund (ETF) from 1 January 2018 to 31 December 2020.

**Proposal**

It is proposed that the stamp duty exemption on contract notes for trading of ETF be extended for another 5 years.

**Effective Date**

For the trading of ETF executed from 1 January 2021 to 31 December 2025.



## REVIEW OF INCOME TAX EXEMPTION ON THE SUSTAINABLE AND RESPONSIBLE INVESTMENTS SUKUK GRANT

### Current Position

Securities Commission Malaysia through the statutory fund of the Capital Market Development Fund has provided Green Sustainable and Responsible Investments (SRI) sukuk grant amounting up to RM6 million. Each Green SRI sukuk issuer needs to apply to Securities Commission Malaysia for this grant to finance the external review expenses, limited to RM300,000. Grant received by Green SRI sukuk issuers are exempted from income tax for applications received by the Securities Commission Malaysia from 1 January 2018 to 31 December 2020.

### Proposal

To further encourage the issuance of SRI sukuk and bond that meet green, social and sustainability standards in Malaysia, it is proposed that:

- i. the existing income tax exemption on grant for Green SRI sukuk be expanded to all SRI sukuk and bond which meets the ASEAN Green, Social and Sustainability Bond Standards approved by the Securities Commission Malaysia; and
- ii. the income tax exemption on the above grant be given for a period of 5 years.

### Effective Date

For applications received by the Securities Commission Malaysia from 1 January 2021 to 31 December 2025.

## MEASURES TO MAKE MALAYSIA AS A PREFERRED DESTINATION FOR INVESTMENT AND SUPPLY CHAIN

### A. REVIEW OF TAX INCENTIVES FOR COMPANIES RELOCATING THEIR OPERATIONS TO MALAYSIA AND UNDERTAKING NEW INVESTMENTS

#### Current Position

New and existing companies that relocate their business or manufacturing activities from abroad to Malaysia are eligible for the following tax incentives:

INVESTMENT IN FIXED ASSET	NEW COMPANIES		EXISTING COMPANIES	
	TAX INCENTIVE	PERIOD	TAX INCENTIVE	PERIOD
RM300 million - RM500 million	Income Tax Rate 0%	10 years	Investment Tax Allowance 100%	5 years
Above RM500 million		15 years		

The incentives are made available for eligible companies in manufacturing sector except selected industries and subject to the following conditions:

- i. the company incurring its first capital expenditure within 1 year from the date of the approval of the incentive; and
- ii. the company meeting the investment in fixed asset within 3 years from the first date of the capital expenditure incurred.

For applications received by Malaysian Investment Development Authority from 1 July 2020 until 31 December 2021.

#### Proposal

To spur the economic recovery through investment activities and to create multiplier effect to the economy, it is proposed that the tax incentives for companies relocating their operations to Malaysia and making new investment be reviewed as follows:

- i. application period for the tax incentives be extended for another 1 year; and
- ii. the scope of tax incentives be expanded to companies in selected services sector including companies adapting Industrial Revolution 4.0

and digitilisation technology with investment that contribute to significant multiplier effect in the following services:

- a. provision of technology solution, or more typically technology company which develops technology and provides technology solutions based on substantial scientific or engineering challenges;
- b. provision of infrastructure and technology for cloud computing;
- c. research and development/design and development activities;
- d. medical devices testing laboratory and clinical trials; and
- e. any services or manufacturing related services as determined by the Minister of Finance.

These tax incentives are given as follows:

- i. New Company  
Income tax rate of 0% to 10% for a period up to 10 years.
- ii. Existing Company with new services segment  
Income tax rate of 10% for a period up to 10 years.

#### **Effective Date**

- i. For manufacturing sector, applications received by the Malaysian Investment and Development Authority until 31 December 2022.
- ii. For selected services sector, applications received by the Malaysian Investment and Development Authority from 7 November 2020 until 31 December 2022.

## **B. TAX INCENTIVES FOR COMPANIES MANUFACTURING PHARMACEUTICAL PRODUCTS INCLUDING VACCINES**

### **Current position**

- i. Tax incentives under the Promotion of Investment Act 1986 for Manufacturers of Pharmaceutical Products

Manufacturers of pharmaceutical products are given tax incentives under the Promotion of Investment Act 1986 in high technology products category. The tax incentives are given as follows:

- a. Pioneer Status

Income tax exemption of 100% from the statutory income for a period of 5 years; or

- b. Investment Tax Allowance

Investment Tax Allowance of 60% on qualifying capital expenditure incurred within a period of 5 years. This allowance can be set off against 100% of the statutory income for each year of assessment.

- ii. Tax Incentives for BioNexus Status Companies

BioNexus status companies approved by Malaysian Bioeconomy Development Corporation Sdn. Bhd. undertaking biotechnology activities related to pharmaceutical including vaccines are given tax incentives as follows:

- a. New Companies

1. Income tax exemption of 70% on the statutory income for a period of 10 consecutive years from the first statutory income; or
2. Income tax exemption equivalent to 100% Investment Tax Allowance on qualifying capital expenditure incurred within a period of 5 years. This allowance can be set off against 70% of the statutory income for each year of assessment.

- b. Existing companies undertaking expansion projects

1. Income tax exemption of 70% on the statutory income for a period of 5 consecutive years from the first statutory income; or

2. Income tax exemption equivalent to 100% Investment Tax Allowance on qualifying capital expenditure incurred within a period of 5 years. This allowance can be set off against 70% of the statutory income for each year of assessment.
  - c. Concessionary income tax rate of 20% on the statutory income received from qualifying activities for a period of 10 years upon the expiry of tax exemption period in (a) and (b);
  - d. Import duty exemption for equipment and raw materials;
  - e. Double tax deduction on expenditure incurred on research and development activities; and
  - f. Industrial Building Allowance on the building constructed or purchased for research operations;
- iii. Tax Incentives for Investor
- Tax deduction equivalent to the amount of investment made in the BioNexus status company.

These tax incentives are effective for BioNexus status company and investor applications received by Malaysian Bioeconomy Development Corporation Sdn. Bhd. from 1 January 2019 until 31 December 2020.

### **Proposal**

To encourage manufacturers of pharmaceutical products including vaccines especially COVID-19 vaccine to invest in Malaysia, it is proposed that the following tax incentives be given:

- i. Income tax rate of 0% up to 10% for the first 10 years; and
- ii. Income tax rate of 10% for the subsequent period of 10 years.

Apart from the above tax incentives, strategic investments by such companies may be considered for other facilities including grants, import duty/sales tax exemption for machineries and equipment as well as raw materials.

### **Effective Date**

For applications received by Malaysian Investment and Development Authority from 7 November 2020 to 31 December 2022.

## **C. REVIEW AND EXPANSION OF SCOPE OF TAX INCENTIVE FOR COMMERCIALISATION OF RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT FINDINGS**

### **Current Position**

Tax incentives for commercialisation of research and development (R&D) findings of public research institutions including public higher learning institutions in Malaysia are as follows:

- i. Resource-Based
  - a. For investor company  
  
Tax deduction equivalent to the amount of investment made in the subsidiary company that undertakes commercialisation of R&D findings of public research institutions.
  - b. For subsidiary companies that commercialise R&D findings of public research institutions  
  
Income tax exemption of 100% of statutory income for 10 years.

The incentive is available for applications received by the Malaysian Investment Development Authority from 11 September 2004.

- ii. Non-Resource Based
  - a. For investor company  
  
Tax deduction equivalent to the amount of investment made in the subsidiary company that undertakes commercialisation of R&D findings of public research institutions.
  - b. For subsidiary companies that commercialise R&D findings of public research institutions  
  
Income tax exemption of 100% of statutory income for 10 years.

Non-resource based activities or products are subject to the list of activities or products under the Promotion of Investment Act 1986. This incentive was available for applications received by the Malaysian Investment Development Authority from 29 September 2012 to 31 December 2017.

### **Proposal**

To create a competitive R&D ecosystem and to encourage new R&D activities by public research institutions including public higher education institutions as well as to enhance the role of private higher education institutions in producing high quality researchers and quality R&D, it is proposed that:

- i. tax incentive for the commercialisation of non-resource-based R&D findings be reintroduced; and
- ii. tax incentives for the commercialisation of R&D findings by public research institutions including public higher learning institutions be expanded to private higher learning institutions.

The tax incentives for (i) and (ii) are as follows:

- a. For investor company

Tax deduction equivalent to the amount of investment made in a subsidiary company that commercialises the R&D findings of public research institutions including public higher learning institutions and private higher learning institutions.

- b. For subsidiary companies that commercialise R&D findings of public research institutions including public higher learning institutions and private higher learning institutions

Income tax exemption of 100% of statutory income for 10 years.

Resource based and non-resource based activities or products are subject to the list under the Promotion of Investment Act 1986.

### **Effective Date**

For applications received by the Malaysian Investment Development Authority from 7 November 2020 until 31 December 2025.

## **D. TAX INCENTIVE FOR GLOBAL TRADING CENTRE**

### **Current position**

Principal Hub which carries out services and trading activities are eligible for special tax rate of 0% or 5% on statutory income on the qualifying activities for a period of up to 10 years. This incentive will expire on 31 December 2020.

### **Proposal**

As a measure to enhance and simplify tax incentive for trading activities previously covered under the Principal Hub incentives which was subjected to higher eligibility criteria, it is proposed that a new incentive scheme to be introduced as Global Trading Centre and be given 10% income tax rate for a period of 5 years and renewable for another 5 years.

### **Effective Date**

For applications received by Malaysian Investment Development Authority from 1 January 2021 until 31 December 2022.



## **E. INCREASE OF SALES LIMIT FOR VALUE-ADDED AND ADDITIONAL ACTIVITIES CARRIED OUT IN THE FREE INDUSTRIAL ZONE AND LICENSED MANUFACTURING WAREHOUSE**

### **Current position**

Starting from 1 April 2020, all application and approval processes for value-added and additional activities in the Free Industrial Zone and Licensed Manufacturing Warehouse are processed at the Zone or State Customs Office for the following activities:

- i. Research and Development;
- ii. Product Design;
- iii. Marketing, for company with International Procurement Centre status only;
- iv. Distribution, for company with Regional Distribution Centre status only;
- v. Quality Control;
- vi. Testing and Commissioning including Calibration and Configuration;
- vii. Labelling, Packaging and Re-Packaging;
- viii. Remanufacturing, Repairing and Servicing; and
- ix. Supply Chain Management, Strategic Procurement Operation and Total Support Solutions.

Approval for the value-added and additional activities is subject to the condition of the sales value from these activities should not exceed 10% of the company's annual sales value.

### **Proposal**

To further enhance the company's competitiveness and to meet the global trade dynamics, it is proposed that the 10% limit on the sales value from value-added and additional activities be increased to not exceed 40% of the company's annual sales value.

### **Effective Date**

For new applications and applications to increase the sales value limit received by the Royal Malaysian Customs Department from 7 November 2020.

## **F. SPECIAL INCOME TAX RATE TREATMENT FOR NON-RESIDENT INDIVIDUALS HOLDING KEY POSITIONS IN COMPANIES INVESTING IN NEW STRATEGIC INVESTMENTS**

### **Current Position**

The income tax structure for resident individual is based on progressive rates ranging from 0% to 30% on chargeable income. Meanwhile, non-resident individuals are subject to income tax at a flat rate of 30%.

Income tax treatment at a flat rate of 15% is given to the following individuals:

- i. Malaysian citizens who are categorised as experts and approved under the Returning Expert Program and return to work in Malaysia;
- ii. Individual knowledge workers in Iskandar Malaysia; and
- iii. Individual knowledge workers in Malaysia-China Kuantan Industrial Park.

In addition, the Government through the *Pelan Jana Semula Ekonomi Negara* (PENJANA) has announced tax incentive for manufacturing companies that relocate their operations to Malaysia with income tax rate at 0% for a period of up to 15 years.

### **Proposal**

In addition to the existing tax incentive offered to companies relocating their operations to Malaysia, it is proposed that individual income tax at a flat rate of 15% be given to non-residents holding key positions / C-Suite positions for a period of 5 consecutive years. This tax incentive is limited to 5 non-resident individuals employed in each company that has been granted relocation tax incentive under PENJANA initiative.

Individuals that are approved the flat rate of 15% shall be:

- i. receiving a monthly salary of not less than RM25,000; and
- ii. a Malaysian tax resident for each year of assessment throughout the flat rate tax treatment.

### **Effective Date**

Applications received by the Malaysian Investment and Development Authority from 7 November 2020 until 31 December 2021.

## REVIEW OF TAX INCENTIVE FOR PRINCIPAL HUB

### Current Position

Companies incorporated in Malaysia who make Malaysia as a centre to conduct business and regional or global operations for the purpose of management, control and support function including risk management, decision making, strategic business activities, commerce, finance, management and human resource management are qualified to be considered for Principal Hub incentive with concessionary income tax rate as follows:

- i. New Company
  - a. Tier 1 : 0% income tax rate for a period of 5 years and eligible for renewal for another 5 years subject to the following criteria:
    1. employment of at least 50 high valued workers;
    2. employment of at least 5 key posts personnel; and
    3. annual operational expenditure of at least RM10 million.
  - b. Tier 2 : 5% income tax rate for a period of 5 years and eligible for renewal for another 5 years subject to the following criteria:
    1. employment of at least 30 high valued workers;
    2. employment of at least 4 key posts personnel: and
    3. annual operational expenditure of at least RM5 million.
- ii. Existing company
 

10% income tax rate for a period of 5 years subject to the following criteria:

  - a. employment of at least 30 high valued workers;
  - b. employment of at least 5 key posts personnel; and
  - c. annual operational expenditure of at least RM10 million.

This tax incentive is effective for applications received by Malaysia Investment Development Authority from 1 January 2019 to 31 December 2020.

### Proposal

To further encourage more companies establishing their Principal Hub in Malaysia, it is proposed that:

- i. the application period for Principal Hub incentive for companies undertaking qualifying services activities be extended for another 2 years; and

- ii. minimum condition of the number of high value job, annual operating expenditure and the number of key post for renewal of the tax incentive for the second 5 years be relaxed.

### **Effective Date**

For applications received by Malaysia Investment Development Authority from 1 January 2021 to 31 December 2022.

## TAX INCENTIVE FOR INVESTMENT IN EQUITY CROWDFUNDING

### Current Position

Tax incentives for companies and individuals that make investments in companies are as follows:

- i. Investment in Venture Capital (VC)  
  
Companies or individuals with business income from investment in VC are given tax deduction equivalent to the investment amount in VC.
- ii. Investment in Venture Capital Company (VCC)  
  
Companies or individuals with business income from investment in VCC funds are given tax deduction equivalent to the investment amount made in VCC, limited to a maximum of RM20 million per year.
- iii. Angel Investor  
  
Angel investor who invests in investee companies is given tax exemption equivalent to the investment amount made.

### Proposal

Alternative financing such as an investment in venture capital, investment by Angel investors and investment in equity crowdfunding is becoming increasingly important to start-up companies. This alternative financing complements bank financing as well as provides access to financing resources to start-up companies to meet their needs for capital injection at various stages of development, which may be considered non-viable or high risk for bank financing.

To encourage more individual investors to invest in equity crowdfunding, it is proposed that individual investors be given income tax exemption on aggregate income equivalent to 50% of the amount of investment made in equity crowdfunding subject to the following:

- i. the eligible amount for tax exemption is limited to RM50,000 for each year of assessment;
- ii. the deductible amount is limited to 10% of the aggregate income for that year of assessment, the excess amount will be disregarded;
- iii. the investor, investee company and amount of investment made must be verified by the Securities Commission Malaysia;

- iv. the investor must not have any family relationship with the investee company;
- v. investment must be made through equity crowdfunding platform approved by the Securities Commission Malaysia; and
- vi. the investment must not be disposed of either in full or in part within 2 years from the date the investment made.

**Effective Date**

For investment made from 1 January 2021 until 31 December 2023.

## EXTENSION OF TAX INCENTIVE FOR RETURNING EXPERT PROGRAMME

### Current position

Tax incentives for the Returning Expert Programme (REP) are as follows:

Year	Tax Incentives
2001-2010	Duty/tax exemption for the purchase of 2 locally assembled vehicles (Completely Knocked-Down-CKD) or imported vehicles (Completely Built-Up-CBU).
2011-2014	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>i. flat rate of 15% on employment income for a period of 5 consecutive years of assessment; and</li> <li>ii. duty/tax exemption for the purchase of 2 CKD vehicles.</li> </ul>
2014-2020	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>i. flat rate of 15% on employment income for a period of 5 consecutive years of assessment; and</li> <li>ii. exemption on import duty and excise duty for the purchase of a CBU vehicle or excise duty exemption for the purchase of a CKD vehicle subject to the total duty exemption limited up to RM150,000.</li> </ul>

### Proposal

To further encourage skilled Malaysian citizens working abroad to return and work in Malaysia, it is proposed that application period for REP incentive be extended for another 3 years and revised as follows:

- i. flat rate of 15% for a period of 5 consecutive years of assessment; and
- ii. exemption on import duty and excise duty for the purchase of a CBU vehicle or excise duty exemption for the purchase of a CKD vehicle subject to the total duty exemption limited up to RM100,000.

### Effective date

For applications received by Talent Corporation Malaysia Berhad from 1 January 2021 until 31 December 2023.

## EXTENSION OF PERIOD OF TAX INCENTIVES FOR EXPORT OF PRIVATE HEALTHCARE SERVICES

### Current Position

Companies that provide private healthcare services are eligible to claim income tax exemption equivalent to 100% of the value of the increase in exports of services and can be set-off against 70% of the statutory income derived from the export of healthcare services, to foreign patients either in Malaysia or from Malaysia subject to the following conditions:

- i. at least 10% of the total number of patients receiving private healthcare services for each year of assessment are comprised of qualified healthcare travellers; and
- ii. at least 10% of company's gross income for each year of assessment is derived from qualified healthcare travellers.

This incentive is available until the year of assessment 2020.

### Proposal

To promote the export of private healthcare services in Malaysia as well as to attract high value healthcare travellers, it is proposed that tax exemption equivalent to 100% of the value of the increased in exports of services and can be set-off against 70% of the statutory income derived from the export of healthcare services be extended for another 2 years.

### Effective Date

For the years of assessment 2021 and 2022.



## REVIEW OF TAX INCENTIVE FOR MANUFACTURERS OF INDUSTRIALISED BUILDING SYSTEM COMPONENTS

### Current Position

Manufacturers of industrialised building system (IBS) components producing IBS basic components such as columns, beams, slabs, walls and roof trusses and producing IBS systems such as precast concrete system, formwork system, steel framing system, block work system, timber framing system, innovative system, and modular system/components are provided with the following tax incentives:

- i. Category 1: Companies producing at least 3 basic components of IBS or IBS system that use at least 3 basic IBS components
  - a. Income tax exemption of 70% of statutory income for a period of 5 years; or
  - b. Investment Tax Allowance of 60% on qualifying capital expenditure incurred within 5 years. This allowance can be set off against 70% of statutory income.
- ii. Category 2: Companies producing at least 4 or more basic components of IBS or IBS system that use at least 4 basic IBS components
  - a. Income tax exemption of 100% of statutory income for a period of 5 years; or
  - b. Investment Tax Allowance of 60% on qualifying capital expenditure incurred within 5 years. This allowance can be set off against 100% of statutory income.

This tax incentives is effective for application received by Malaysian Investment Development Authority from 10 September 2015 until 31 December 2020

### Proposal

To further improve technology adaptation in the construction sector through usage of IBS, it is proposed that the IBS tax incentive be extended for a period of 5 years and Category 1 and 2 to be merged where companies are only required to produce at least 3 basic components of IBS or IBS system that use at least 3 basic IBS components be given Investment Tax Allowance of 60% on qualifying capital expenditure incurred within 5 years. This allowance can be set off against 70% of statutory income for each year of assesment.

**Effective Date**

For applications received by Malaysian Investment Development Authority from 1 January 2021 to 31 December 2025.

**EXTENSION OF PERIOD OF TAX DEDUCTION FOR EMPLOYMENT  
OF SENIOR CITIZENS, EX-CONVICTS, PAROLEES, SUPERVISED  
PERSONS AND EX-DRUG DEPENDANTS**

**Current position**

Further tax deduction on remuneration is given for employers who employ senior citizens, ex-convicts, parolees, supervised persons and ex-drug dependants from year of assessment 2019 until year of assessment 2020.

Allowable tax deduction is subjected to the following conditions:

- i. the employee is employed on a full-time basis;
- ii. the monthly remuneration does not exceed RM4,000;
- iii. the employer and the employee are not the same person; and
- iv. the employer is not a relative of the employee.

**Proposal**

To further encourage employers to provide job opportunities for senior citizens, ex-convicts, parolees, supervised persons and ex-drug dependants, it is proposed that further tax deduction on remuneration be extended for a period of 5 years.

**Effective date**

From year of assessment 2021 until year of assessment 2025.

## IMPOSITION OF EXCISE DUTY ON ELECTRONIC CIGARETTE

### Current Position

Cigarette and tobacco products are subjected to excise duty as follows:

Tarif Code	Description	Excise Duty Rate
2402.10.0000	Cigars, cheroots and cigarillos, containing tobacco	RM400.00/kg
2402.20.1000	Beedies	5% and RM7.50/kg
2402.20.2000	Clove Cigarettes	RM0.40/stick
2402.20.9000	Other	RM0.40/stick
2402.90.1000	Cigars, cheroots and cigarillos of tobacco substitutes	RM400.00/kg
2402.90.2000	Cigarettes of tobacco substitutes	RM400.00/kg
2403.11.0010	Water pipe tobacco	5% and RM27.50/kg
2403.99.9000	Other	RM778.00/kg

Electronic cigarettes including vape are not subjected to excise duty as opposed to cigarettes and other tobacco products regulated under the Control of Tobacco Product Regulations 2004.

### Proposal

To ensure an equal tax treatment on all types of cigarettes and other tobacco products, it is proposed:

- i. excise duty at the rate of 10% ad valorem for all types of electronic and non-electronic cigarette devices including vape; and
- ii. excise duty at the rate of RM0.40 per milliliter for liquid or gel used for electronic cigarette including vape.

### Effective Date

From 1 January 2021.

## EXPANSION OF THE SCOPE OF IMPOSITION OF TOURISM TAX ON ACCOMMODATION BOOKED THROUGH ONLINE PLATFORM

### Current Position

Tourism tax is imposed on tourists staying in accommodation premises registered under the Tourism Tax Act 2017 at a flat rate of RM10/room/night. Malaysian tourists and permanent residents are exempted from imposition of tourism tax.

Operators who operate and provide accommodation premises to tourists are required to be registered under the Tourism Tax Act 2017 for the purpose of collecting tourism tax from tourists, accounting for, declaring and paying tourism tax collected to the Royal Malaysian Customs Department. However, the operators of the following accommodation premises are exempted from registering under the Tourism Tax Act 2017:

- i. Homestay operators registered with the Ministry of Tourism and Culture Malaysia;
- ii. *Kampungstay* operators registered with the Ministry of Tourism and Culture Malaysia;
- iii. accommodation premises operated by the Federal Government, State Governments or statutory bodies, local authorities or private higher education institutions;
- iv. private educational institutions that provide accommodation facilities to foreign students registered with the institution;
- v. the employer who operates the accommodation premises as a facility for his employees;
- vi. religious bodies or charitable bodies that operate accommodation premises for religious purposes and non-commercial purposes; and
- vii. operators of accommodation premises having 4 or less accommodation rooms.

To support economic recovery for tourism sector affected by COVID-19 pandemic, the imposition of tourism tax has been exempted from 1 July 2020 until 30 June 2021.

## **Proposal**

To ensure equal treatment between tourists who make their reservation for accommodation directly with the registered accommodation premises operators and through online platform providers, it is proposed that the imposition of tourism tax be expanded to accommodation premises reserved through online platform providers.

## **Effective Date**

From 1 July 2021.