KPMG Tax Breakfast Seminar



Transfer Pricing: Impact of BEPS & Other Reforms

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Base Erosion and Profit Shifting (BEPS)

BEPS:

A collection of strategies for exploiting gaps in tax rules to make profits "disappear" from the place of economic activities to locations where little or no real activity took place.

Opportunity for BEPS:

- ✓ Technological advancements
 - ✓ Mismatches in tax rules
 - \checkmark Outdated tax rules
 - ✓ Weaknesses in international tax rules

Cure for BEPS:

- ✓ Global tax standards for digital economy
- ✓ Eliminate mismatches in global tax rules
- Rules on base-eroding payments
- Eliminate harmful tax practices
- ✓ Increased transparency
- ✓ Effective dispute resolution

BEPS General Background

Main Objective

The BEPS

Project

- Ensure that profits are taxed where economic activities that generate the profits are performed
 - Structured into 15 Action Plans
 - Started in 2013 and completed in 2 years
 - Only G20 & OECD members participated at start

The Inclusive Framework

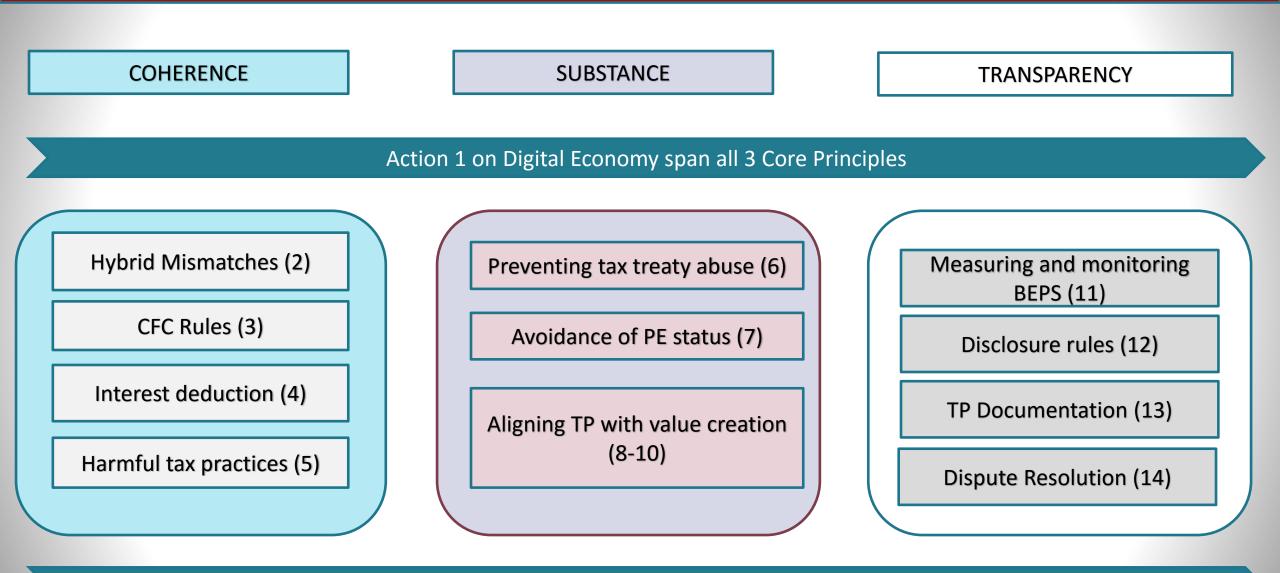
- Non-G20/OECD members co-opted in 2014
- Nigeria became BEPS Associate in 2015 and joined Inclusive Framework in 2016

BEPS Timelines

- Development of standards (2013 2015)
- Implementation (2015 Date)
- Monitoring implementation, and measuring impacts (2015 – Date)



OECD/G20 BEPS Actions



Action 15 on the Multilateral Instrument (MLI) span all 3 Core Principles

Results of BEPS Project

Harmonised international tax rules

Changes to Tax Treaty Models

Changes to Transfer Pricing Guidelines

Increased collaboration (BEPS Inclusive Framework, EOI, Stronger Regional Tax Bodies, etc.)

Global war against harmful tax practices

Wide-spread tax reforms



Action 4

New interest deductibility rules

Action

8 - 10

- Transaction delineation
- Risk allocation
- Low value-adding inter-group services
- ALP for commodities
- Intangibles
- Hard-To-Value Intangibles
- Financial Transactions

Action 13

Country-by-Country Reporting

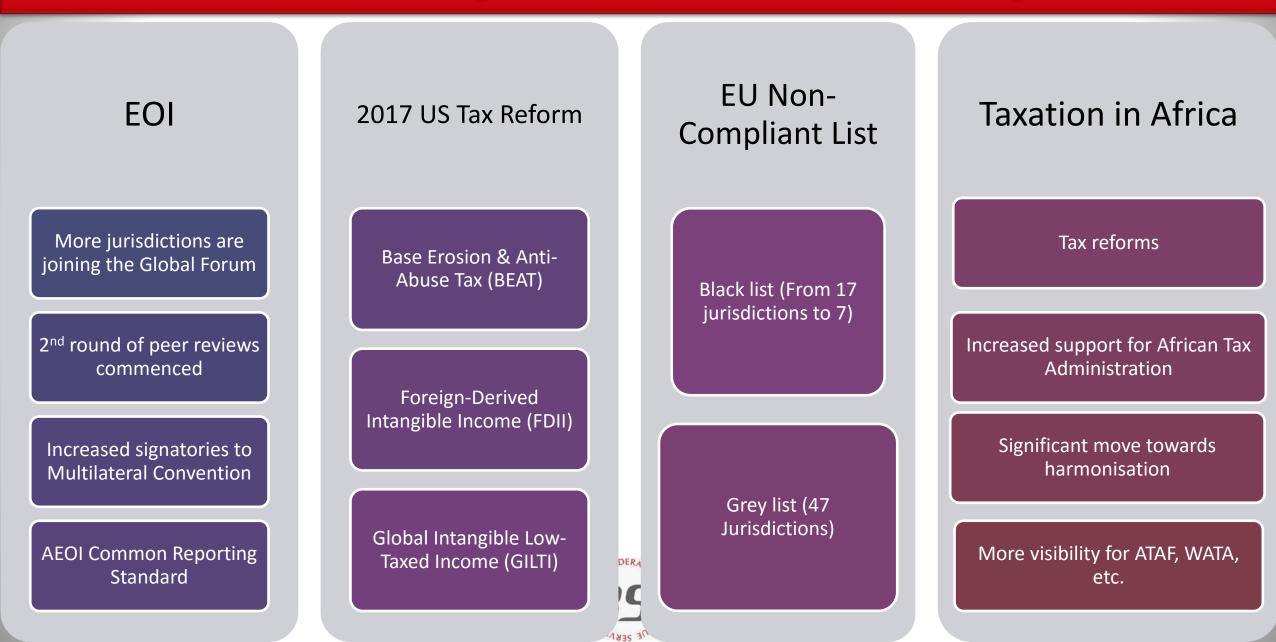
Notable Changes to OECD TPG

SN	Issue Addressed	Guidance
1	Intangibles	 Legal ownership is not enough condition for entitlement to remuneration Associated entities performing value-adding activities are entitled to adequate remuneration; Associated enterprises providing funding without assuming relevant risks to receive only "risk-free" return
	Commodity Transactions	 The applicability of CUP & use of quoted prices as CUP Transaction date for pricing to aligned to shipment date
3	Applying Arm's Length Principles	 Transactions to be delineated based on actual behaviour of parties Contractual allocation of risks is only accepted if supported by facts

Notable Revision to OECD TPG

SN	Issue Addressed	Guidance
4	Low value-adding intra- group services	 Definition of low value-adding activities Applies the use of consistent allocation key for all recipients of the service Disclosure of pooled-cost
5	Cost Contribution Arrangements	 Analytical framework for delineating actual transaction in CCA is the same as in other contractual arrangements Analysis of CCA is based on actual behaviour and not on just contract terms Participation is condition on enjoyment of shared-benefits
6	TP Documentation	 Three-tiered approach to TP documentation

Other Developments in Global Tax Space



Ongoing Domestic Tax Reforms

Transfer Pricing

- New TP Regulations approved
- Practice notes in progress



AEOI

- MCAA signed
- Regulations in draft
- Guidelines in draft
- ICT & other structures in progress

Tax Law Amendments

 Preparatory backroom activities in progress

CBCR

MCAA signed CBCR Regulation signed CBCR Guidelines in progress

Nigeria MTC

- Nigeria MTC being reviewed
- Tax Treaty Policy in draft

REGULATIONS COMPLIANCE

CBCR Rules

- BEPS Model CBCR Legislation adopted
- Ultimate parent company to file CBCR with FIRS
- A resident constituent entity of MNE may file CBCR with FIRS under certain conditions
- MNE may file CBCR through Surrogate Parent Company
- CBCR must be filed within 12months of MNE's financial year end
- ➤ Turnover threshold for filing CBCR is ₦160 Billion
- Administrative penalties:
 - ➤ Late filing
 - Incorrect or false report
- CBCR reporting language is the English Language



TP Regulations: Additional Provisions



- Intra-group services
 Intangibles
 Allocation of rick
- Allocation of risk
- Administrative penalties
 - Compliance & timelines
 - Correctness of information
- ➤TP documentation:
 - ➤Threshold
 - ➢ Master file & local file introduced



TP Regulations: Other Enhancements



Added Beauty:

- Simplified language for better clarity
- ➢ Elegance
- > Improvements:
 - Use of statistical approach to determine Arm's Length Range
 - Separate rules for TP declaration & disclosures
 - Detailed rules on extension of time to provide information or make disclosures
 - Clarity of Decision Review Panel's roles
 - More terms defined



A word for the wise ...





FIRS PEDERAL MAL

The Service is diligent in service.

... because lies can withstand neither diligent nor rigorous cross-examination.

Many thanks ...



... for the great privilege



Feedback Time ...



