



# 'How can we use a data-driven approach to increase our performance?'

**KPMG helps Team DSM**  
Client story



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Team DSM is a professional cycling team with three programs; a men's, a women's and a training program. To keep up with the best teams in today's cycling, riding fast and old-fashioned team tactics are no longer enough. Team DSM wants to use a data-driven approach to make better decisions and make the team stronger. Narelle Neumann, Head of Science at Team DSM explains: „One of our goals is to develop all aspects of riders' performance so that they can reach their full potential – as individuals and as part of the team.“ Achieving this requires the right insights and analysis. That is why KPMG was asked to play a central role in this.

### Why KPMG?

KPMG is an international leader in data analytics, with unique expertise in the combined fields of processes, technology, and advanced data analysis. But this is not the only reason why Team DSM chose KPMG. According to Neumann: „In top-level sport, it is not just a question of having the right technology, but also of being able to respond to changing or new situations. For that, you need to be able to think out-of-the-box. Fortunately, they are very good at that at KPMG.“



**Paul Adriani**  
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**Narelle Neumann**  
Head of Science Team DSM

Paul Adriani, Senior Manager Digital Transformation in Sports at KPMG Netherlands and lead of KPMG's European Sports Consultancy practice puts KPMG's role this way: „In this assignment, we combine advanced analytics, digital transformation expertise, and software engineering expertise. As a result, we are creating a Digital Transformation Framework with which we improve insights, and thus decision-making and communication between the various expert groups of Team DSM. That is one of the important building blocks of what we at KPMG call a Connected Enterprise.“

### What was Team DSM's request to KPMG?

Build an integrated data platform with multidimensional data types and different time scales so that Team DSM, based on the insights from the platform, can make more informed decisions. As explained by Adriani: „You have to look at it this way: we support data-driven decision-making during the annual performance planning process. That starts with data analysis to determine the vision, strategy and target for, say, a new cycling season. So that's at team level. Through apps and predictive analytics, the approach for a specific race is formed for 50+ riders for 100+ races.“ And the great thing is: these analyses can be adjusted at lightning speed during the season, or even just before a race – for example, if a rider is injured.

### Using the data platform

The data platform collects and combines thousands of data points from, for example, historical results and stage information. And also importantly, the riders' physical data is continuously tracked in order to optimise their training planning for the races in which they are most likely to succeed.

## Dimensions measured on include the following



### Physical

Heart rate and physical test results such as maximum power at different time intervals and critical power, but also, for example, the number of hours of sleep.



### Bike

Correct gear ratio, tire and frame type and other personal specifications.



### Aero

What is the optimal positioning of the rider on the bike, adjusted to the goal of the race or training?



### Nutrition

Energy translated to nutrition, translated to optimal weight.



### External factors

Such as weather.



### Course

Length, decisive moments in the past, steepness of climbs per km and obstacles towards the finish.



### Race information

All race results from the past ten years.



**We see that it works. Thanks to this program, many talents rise to the top.**

Narelle Neumann, Team DSM

### The right insights

Working with KPMG means that you often arrive at new, sometimes surprising and unprecedented insights. Insights that shed a different light on the situation and allow you to make different, better decisions than you would have made without these insights. At Team DSM, for example, this leads to insights showing that a rider who was thought to be a sprinter has much more potential to play a big role in the classics (one-day races). And for that rider, that then leads to a different annual schedule, different forms of training, different nutrition and so on.

Neumann explains: „We have an extensive database documenting riders’ performances based on almost 15 years of success at the highest level of professional sport. Based on KPMG’s scientific algorithms, we were able to integrate this information and knowledge to gain new insights into the potential of riders, including any riders to be contracted. So, instead of just making decisions based on race results, we can use a range of physical parameters to make much more informed decisions about how a rider will develop and where his or her strengths will lie – whether a sprinter, a classics rider, or a climber.“

### Concrete actions

According to Paul Adriani: „Our dashboards provide concrete and factual insights. One of the goals of the transformation to a data-driven approach is to provide experts with insights that confirm or disconfirm intuitive decision-making.“

And gaining those insights never stops. Continuous measurement of the impact of decisions and whether they lead to performance improvement is important. That, as described above, is about long-term decision-making, i.e. whether someone becomes a climber, a sprinter, or a time-trial specialist. But it is also about elements like the optimal line-up for a race, and also, for example, what the line-up is for the most ideal sprint train. Everything is analysed and considered for optimising the chances of success.

### Real solutions

Every decision is about improving and optimising performance. Long-term, short-term, as a team and as individuals. Neumann is satisfied with this approach: „We see that it works. Many talents advance to the top because of this programme.“

In addition, take the crucial importance of the balance between energy intake and consumption. Thanks to this programme, we can predict much better how much energy a rider should take in and use, so that he or she performs and recovers optimally day after day. What is especially salient here is that we saw that riders often need to eat less than they think. It took a while to convert their faith in their own intuition into trust in the data. But now they are used to it and are content with it, because they see that it works for them.“

Adriani adds: „It is just wonderful to see that, with the data, analyses and insights in hand, you examine sprint tactics with each other and then witness a victory in the bunch sprint together with the team while working. That’s more than satisfying, that’s just plain cool.“

### The collaboration

„It’s very simple,“ says Narelle Neumann: „We have been working with KPMG since 2018. And the cooperation has been very successful. Moreover, the people at KPMG are very passionate and inspiring to work with! Our motto is ‚Keep Challenging‘, and that is exactly what this cooperation contributes to. We look forward to building on it with the people at KPMG.“

Adriani agrees: „Actually, the cooperation has only just begun. The end goal is... to win the Tour de France.“

## What else the data platform will bring:

Paul Adriani: „There are so many things we can collect data on and analyse.“

**Example 1:** „We are doing a project in which we are using data to investigate whether cycling is a team sport. How do we do that? Normally, you always look at the results of the strongest rider. But now we are also looking at what the six support riders do, and how they support their leader. So, we are exploring very different race tactics.“

**Example 2:** „We are working on the ultimate objective. Winning the Tour de France. Here we analyse everything in detail, both physical and external factors. So, the question is: what does it take to win the Tour de France? We look at individual riders, the team, the type of stage (mountains, sprint, time trial, etc.) – in short, all the factors that determine whether and how you can win the Tour de France. A Valhalla for data scientists.“



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