

March 29, 2016
2016-045

**Switzerland – Government
Submits Commentary on
Totalization Agreement
with China**

by KPMG AG, Zurich (KPMG
AG in Switzerland is a KPMG
International member firm)

flash Alert

A Publication for Global Mobility and Tax Professionals by KPMG's Global Mobility Services Practice

The Swiss federal government submitted its commentary on the Social Security Agreement (“SSA”) between the People’s Republic of China (“China”) and Switzerland to parliament on 3 February 2016.¹ This is an important step in the legislative and ratification process from a Swiss perspective.

The SSA was signed by the two countries in September 2015. It will come into force once the Swiss parliament has ratified the agreement.

Why This Matters

The bilateral agreement between China and Switzerland will allow posted workers to be exempt for a maximum of six years from the obligation to contribute to the social security system of the other state, thereby potentially avoiding double coverage of social security contributions for temporary assignments in the other country.

In addition, the execution of the SSA should provide social security protection for international assignees, so that they do not lose their social security benefits entitlement in their home country when they go to work in the other country.

The ratification of the agreement should also simplify the administration of assignments from China to Switzerland and vice versa, thereby making it easier for international companies to deploy their employees in the other country.

Key Benefit under the SSA for International Assignees and Their Employers

Under the SSA, employees seconded by their employers in one country to work in the other country on temporary assignments, but who remain covered by their home country’s social security system, should be exempt from contributing to the social security system of the host country. This exemption from contributions in the host country is available when the employee obtains a Certificate of Coverage (CoC) from the relevant authority in the home country.

In General: Content of the SSA

In particular, the SSA seeks to eliminate the obligation to pay social security contributions for posted workers in both countries. They remain in the pension system of the home country and continue to pay these contributions. They should not be subject to social security contributions in the country in which they are temporarily employed.

From a Swiss perspective, the agreement covers the Old-Age and Survivors Insurance (OASI) and Invalidity Insurance (II).

Even after the ratification of the SSA, it is intended that Chinese nationals currently contributing to OASI in Switzerland and who permanently leave Switzerland can request a refund of their OASI contributions. Conversely, Swiss nationals currently working in China and subject to Chinese social security contributions can request repayment of their Chinese social security contributions when leaving China on a permanent basis. Additionally, transitory rules in the SSA may allow retroactive applications to remain in one's home country social security system.

Similar to the agreements with India and South Korea, no export of Swiss state pensions is stipulated in the agreement with China.

Next Steps

Although the conclusion of the totalization agreement with China marks an important step, the SSA will only come into force once it has gone through the proper steps in the Swiss legislative process. With submission of the comments from the federal government to parliament, the SSA is to be discussed in the Swiss parliament and discussions with the Swiss cantons, media, and stakeholders can be held. The Swiss legislative process can take several more months. Once agreement has been reached between the national council and the cantonal representatives, the treaty can be ratified. It is not expected that the SSA will encounter any major opposition; therefore ratification of the SSA is expected in 2016 and the agreement may be in force in January 2017.

Footnote:

1 See: <https://www.news.admin.ch/message/index.html?lang=de&msg-id=60448> .

* * * *

For more information or assistance, please contact your usual GMS or People Services professional or one of the professionals noted below with the KPMG International member firm in Switzerland:

Richard Zürcher, tel. +41 58 249 53 05; e-mail: rzuercher@kpmg.com

Stephen Turley, tel. +41 58 249 54 21, e-mail: stephenturley@kpmg.com

Patrick Allemann, tel. +41 58 249 36 68, e-mail: patrickallemann@kpmg.com

KPMG LINK Work Force:

A Technology Platform to Help You Better Manage Your International Assignments

There's little doubt that managing a globally mobile work-force is a significant challenge. Whether your business is small, large, centralized or decentralized, you need the right people in the right place at the right time.

KPMG is proud to introduce KPMG LINK Work Force, a technology platform that helps you break down the borders that exist between you, your employees and your vendors. KPMG LINK Work Force offers a single technology solution to make managing your global work-force easy, effective, and transparent.

KPMG LINK Work Force is more than a software solution; it is an innovative new structure, a different way of working. Our technology is built by mobility professionals for mobility professionals, so it facilitates the way you work and puts you in control of your processes. It's open and integrated, providing reliable information, via single sign-on, so you can deal with multiple issues in one central location.

If you want to learn more about how KPMG LINK Work Force can help drive efficiencies in your international assignment program, please contact your local KPMG GMS or People Services professional or Adrian Anderson at tel. +1 713-319-2544 or e-mail [<ajanderson@kpmg.com>](mailto:ajanderson@kpmg.com).

The information contained in this newsletter was submitted by the KPMG International member firm in Switzerland.

The KPMG logo and name are trademarks of KPMG International. KPMG International is a Swiss cooperative that serves as a coordinating entity for a network of independent member firms. KPMG International provides no audit or other client services. Such services are provided solely by member firms in their respective geographic areas. KPMG International and its member firms are legally distinct and separate entities. They are not and nothing contained herein shall be construed to place these entities in the relationship of parents, subsidiaries, agents, partners, or joint ventures. No member firm has any authority (actual, apparent, implied or otherwise) to obligate or bind KPMG International or any member firm in any manner whatsoever. The information contained in herein is of a general nature and is not intended to address the circumstances of any particular individual or entity. Although we endeavor to provide accurate and timely information, there can be no guarantee that such information is accurate as of the date it is received or that it will continue to be accurate in the future. No one should act on such information without appropriate professional advice after a thorough examination of the particular situation.

Flash Alert is a GMS publication of KPMG LLP's Washington National Tax practice. To view this publication or recent prior issues online, please click [here](#). To learn more about our GMS practice, please visit us on the Internet: click [here](#) or go to <http://www.kpmg.com>.