

Boardroom Questions

China's Development Roadmap 2016-2020

KPMG Board Leadership Centre



How to think about the impact of China's economic development in the market?



680m

Chinese people have been brought out of poverty between 1981-2010.

Source: OECD

+44%

China's GDP is expected to grow by 44% between 2015-2020.

Source: IMF forecast

~30%

China contributes approx. 30% of global GDP growth per year.

Source: IMF, World Bank, KPMG analysis

A changing business model



Investment intensive,
export-led
growth model

**transitioning
towards**



Innovation and
consumption
focused model

**leading
to**



A more productive economy and a
larger middle income group creating
more demand for high quality
premium goods and services

What is the 13th Five-Year Plan's roadmap to support China's growth?^(a)



1 Implementing 'supply-side structural reform'



- Promote China's industrial restructuring to increase the quality of supply and meet consumers' evolving demands
- Strengthen market-oriented and institutional reforms, and build a level-playing field in the market
- Reduce excess industrial capacity, excess housing inventory, financial leverage and costs, and also correct structural shortcomings

2 Improving the quality and efficiency of growth



- Encourage innovation-dependent growth; raise investment efficiency; and elevate the quality of consumption in order to:
- Maintain level of growth of no less than 6.5% per year
- Achieve a more coordinated, innovation-driven mode of development
- Raise the standard of living across the broader population
- Strengthen social, cultural and educational fundamentals
- Improve environmental conditions
- Develop secure, robust institutions

3 Development should be consistent with five key tenets



- **Innovation:** Develop a system that is conducive to innovation in all aspects
- **Trans-regional and urban rural development:** Better allocate resources among regions and between urban and rural areas
- **Green development:** Ensure the preservation of ecological assets, tackle pollution and address energy efficiency issues
- **Open development:** Develop a close and mutually beneficial relationship between China and the world through more sophisticated approaches to 'opening up' and 'going out'
- **Inclusive development:** Benefits of development to be enjoyed by all citizens

Note: (a) KPMG Global China Practice, The 13th Five-Year Plan – China's Transformation and Integration with the World Economy, <http://kpmg.com/cn/13fyp-report2-en>

Boardroom Questions/2017

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'Belt and Road' is a major opportunity for global organizations – what is it?



- Countries included in the 'Belt and Road' Initiative
- Silk Road Economic BELT
- 21st Century Maritime Silk ROAD



All countries can be international cooperation partners of the Belt and Road Initiative"

President Xi Jinping, Belt and Road Forum for International Cooperation, 2017/05/14

70+ Countries ~65% Global population >30% Global GDP

Objective: Improve infrastructure connectivity to facilitate trade and investment

- It will **drive infrastructure development and with it demand for goods and services** necessary for the undertaking of projects – e.g. construction materials, commodities, machinery, financial services, etc
- Enhanced policy, infrastructure, trade and people connectivity will lead to the **generation of new markets** along the 'Belt and Road', including in China's western and central regions

Three key underlying factors that will help drive China's growth



- Reforms.** Chinese leadership has shown a strong commitment to continue implementing the important reforms that China needs to achieve a more stable, healthier and higher quality growth
- The Chinese consumer.** Rapid urbanization and expansion of middle classes will lead to an increase in discretionary spending, especially in high-quality products and services
- Industrial transformation and upgrading.** Economic restructuring is prompting firms in traditional and high value-added sectors to leverage technological advances to increase productivity and competitiveness



Boardroom Questions

- What is the **outlook for our current business** in China?
- How will the **ongoing economic transition** impact our existing businesses in China: positively and negatively?
- Which **sectors and regions** will provide the greatest opportunities and where are we best placed to take advantage of them? How do we hear of new opportunities?
- What **strategy review** has our business undertaken to assess the opportunities under China's 13th Five-Year Plan?
- How does the **value proposition** for our business in China **align** with the economic and social development goals in the 13th Five year Plan?
- What **disruptions – technological, regulatory, competitors** – could take place in my industry in China and how would they impact our business? How will my business in China be transformed over the next three years – new technologies, new business/operating models, new processes, new products and services, disruption from existing competitors?
- How will **globalization of Chinese companies** – who might be our suppliers, competitors and/or customers – affect our business in China and in our top markets outside China? What can we do about it?
- What are the **opportunities for co-operation** between Chinese companies and us in China, our home markets and/or third countries? What are the comparative advantages (e.g. **market knowledge**, technology/ experience, track record) that we could bring to such a cooperation?
- What does "**Belt & Road**" mean for our group? Are there opportunities for us to supply goods and/or services to "Belt and Road" **infrastructure projects**? How do we access these opportunities?
- Which "Belt and Road" markets would be attractive for our group to sell goods and/or services? How and when would we **"enter" these new markets**, and what would the role be for our Chinese business to **manage sales and production operations** in "Belt and Road" regions?
- How would various **potential geopolitical outcomes** – e.g., US administration policy towards China, EU policy towards China, North Korea – affect our business in China? What steps have we taken or should we take to **mitigate potential business impact** of these risks?

For further insights: [China CEO Outlook 2017 report](#)

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