



# COVID-19: A guide to maintaining Enterprise Resilience

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for most up to date information

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# Foreword

These are uniquely testing times for us all. The speed at which COVID-19 has spread across the world and the severity of the disruption to the global economy are, unprecedented. At KPMG, our absolute priority is the health and well-being of our people, their families and our wider community – just as is the case for your business. But in the face of this unusually complex crisis, we're also deeply committed to supporting our clients as they seek to safeguard their business on behalf of their employees, customers and the broader economy.

COVID-19 is affecting every element of businesses, from the robustness of supply chains, to the stability of the financial markets, the availability of the labour force and the threat of rapidly waning customer demand. KPMG is standing side by side with our clients across all industries and all sectors to ensure they receive fast, informed and highly practical guidance – drawing on the latest Industry Insights and learnings from our experts based right across our network around the globe.

In this unparalleled and unpredictable environment, the key to business survival – and to future success – is resilience throughout the entire enterprise. Including commercial resilience, operational resilience and financial resilience, all agile enough to evolve over time and in the light of changing circumstances.

This guide sets out KPMG's perspectives on maintaining enterprise wide resilience and some practical ways in which we're equipping clients to tackle not just the current global health crisis but a raft of other fast-moving trends set to shape the business landscape for years to come.



Take our COVID-19 response assessment

[kpmgcovid19response.co.uk](https://kpmgcovid19response.co.uk)



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# Enterprise resilience

## Financial resilience

Financial stress testing and forecasting

Liquidity and financing

Financial crisis response and contingency planning



## Operational resilience

Operational crisis management

People

Supply chain

Technology and data

Premises and property

Cyber and fraud risk



## Commercial resilience

Markets, products and services

Customer experience and behaviours



# Enterprise resilience

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**The COVID-19 pandemic is creating unprecedented disruption throughout our lives and the global economy. The speed at which events continue to evolve is unparalleled, the public health crisis, response of governments, changes to our daily lives and its implications for our economy. Customer demand, supply chains, financial markets, the labour force and every aspect of day-to-day business are affected. Businesses have faced crises before, but this one is uniquely complex and unpredictable. Many businesses will have their crisis management plans in place, the challenge now is how do you sustain a plan typically built for days and weeks to manage a period of extended uncertainty?**

Businesses were already working hard to maintain resilience in the face of other fast-moving trends, including relentless technology innovation, extended supply chains and changing customer expectations, and of course, BREXIT. Facing COVID-19, businesses must now urgently assess all aspects of their resilience, hone in on the key issues and keep them under review to ensure survival and success.

Maintaining resilience will mean taking an organisation-wide view across three pillars: financial, operational and commercial.

## Financial resilience

The ability to withstand the financial impact on liquidity, income and assets.



## Operational resilience

The ability to withstand operational shocks and continue to deliver your core business.



## Commercial resilience

The ability to respond to changing market and consumer pressures.



These pillars are interdependent and underpinned by multiple factors, with horizontal trusses, such as management information and stress testing, providing the glue that holds the structure together.

Our guide sets out the challenges facing organisations, provides insight about best practice, and outlines our view of immediate, medium and long term actions organisations should be taking. We share our experiences and explore practical ways in which you can assess, strengthen and plan a phased response, bolstering resilience through to recovery.

Our approach to Enterprise Resilience is designed to be adaptable to the dynamics of your organisation and will evolve over time to reflect the changing nature of this crisis, enabling us to share the breadth of our insights rapidly and efficiently.

When you complete our online assessment, which has been tailored to the issues of COVID-19, you will receive a customised report providing practical considerations and potential actions to take. We believe maintaining resilience holds the key to protecting today and being ready for the opportunities and challenges of tomorrow.

**Please get in touch with your usual KPMG contact to discuss your situation in more detail.**



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# Financial resilience

**The financial effects of the pandemic are reminiscent of the 2008 financial crisis, but with the stresses extended across every sector of the economy. Previously healthy businesses are suddenly coming under acute financial pressure. Without financial resilience, commercial and operational resilience cannot be maintained. Keeping this pillar strong requires firms to adapt existing financial frameworks to a more hostile, volatile environment in which profitability, cash flow and access to finance are coming under simultaneous pressure. The pillar is supported by three key themes:**

## 1. Financial stress testing and forecasting

## 2. Liquidity and financing

## 3. Financial crisis response and contingency planning

Pressure is coming from all sides, as customers withhold settlement and suppliers demand faster payment. Managers unfamiliar with financial distress are struggling to shift their financial frameworks onto 'a war footing', with many struggling to forecast cash flows, to model their liquidity and to identify downside risks effectively. For some, the likelihood of breaching financial covenants or worse still, experiencing a funding shortfall in the near term, is a further source of concern. To make matters even worse, this may be a multi-phase crisis with finances coming under pressure repeatedly over the next 12-18 months.

In response, businesses are taking their own steps to preserve and generate cash. They are also exploring external financing options with new or existing lenders, and understanding how to access the range

of support initiatives that have been announced by HM Government, e.g. the Coronavirus Job Retention Scheme and the Coronavirus Business Interruption Loan Scheme ("CBILS") (for more information see <https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/guidance-to-employers-and-businesses-about-covid-19/covid-19-support-for-businesses>).

Despite these moves, many firms are facing imminent financial crisis and some are already contemplating insolvency. The support packages the UK government has provided is a major source of hope to many, but questions remain over eligibility and accessibility and most importantly, how quickly businesses will see the real cash benefit from these schemes.

KPMG's Enterprise Resilience Framework can help businesses to identify and manage the threats presented by the COVID-19 pandemic, and in the next few pages we outline some of the key steps that we believe organisations should take to maintain their Financial Resilience, if they are not doing so already. They also provide examples of the practical, outcome-based support we can offer our clients.

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**"How do you ensure that the firm has sufficient financial resources to maintain stability in the context of commercial and operational disruption?"**



# Financial resilience

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## Financial stress testing and forecasting

## Liquidity and financing

## Financial crisis response and contingency planning

### Challenges and concerns

- Customers are hoarding cash, while suppliers – whose failure would be harmful – seek faster payment
- Disruption is slowing revenue generation, while costs like salaries and maintenance remain fixed
- Cash burn is accelerating, but regular financial management data does not provide adequate granular visibility of short-term cash flow
- Defensive cash preservation and generation tactics are of paramount importance, but the timing and prioritisation of individual initiatives and actions is difficult to manage effectively
- Firms want to approach lenders and funders, but can't demonstrate a clear view of their 'ask'
- Companies face the likelihood of breaching financial covenants and want to 'get on the front foot'

### Industry Insights

- Adapting cash flow models for uncertainty and disruption, revising them regularly – even daily
- Using short term cash forecasts to underpin resilience strategies and determine response priorities
- Using short term forecasting to engage with creditors and funders to seek forbearance and support



Short term



Medium term



Long term



How KPMG is helping?

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### Short term

- Set up robust 13-17 week short term cash flow (STCF) forecasts at business unit and group level, reviewing weekly against prior forecast and outturn
- Reconcile the STCF with monthly financial forecasts including P&L, balance sheet and funds flow
- Assess enterprise-wide cash flow risks to spot potential downsides to the STCF; analyse them by timing, quantum and probability
- Identify rapid, achievable ways to reduce costs and preserve cash and classify them as:
  - **Green** ('no regrets'): e.g. maximising existing supplier payment terms
  - **Amber** ('counter to BAU'): e.g. deferring capital expenditure on growth projects
  - **Red** ('last resort'): e.g. closing or reducing operations
- Match cash mitigation initiatives to STCF risks, based on timing and quantum
- Assess the impact of cash flow scenarios on cash reserves, facility headroom and financial covenants, revisiting weekly
- Initiate early discussions with lenders or funders if necessary, supported by forecasting packages that combine monthly reports, STCF forecasts and potential risk scenarios

#### Short term



#### Medium term



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## Liquidity and financing

### Medium term

- Forecast the full p&I, balance sheet and cash flow effect of hibernating then re-awakening parts or all of your business. Not only will it help you in the contingency planning exercise you should be undertaking, but your stakeholders will expect you to have done so
- Introduce the 13-week cash forecast and recent 4 week 'actual' cash flow history to management information packs, with analysis of variance against prior forecasts
- Put short term cash flow on the agenda of monthly Executive or Board meetings, allocating cash flow targets outside the Finance function
- Consider early discussions with lenders and funders if forecasts predict a funding shortfall beyond the horizon of the STCF



## Financial crisis response and contingency planning

Short term



Medium term



Long term



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## Liquidity and financing

## Financial crisis response and contingency planning

### Long term

- Assess the potential impact of short-term disruption on longer-term financial behaviour by customers and suppliers
- Reengineer customer journeys and processes to take account of altered behaviours



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Medium term



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## Liquidity and financing

## Financial crisis response and contingency planning

### How KPMG is helping?

- **Forecasts** – implementing robust short-term cash flow forecasts, including dynamic scenarios and consolidation
- **Stress testing** – sensitising forecasts to model cash burn rates, cash reserves and facility headroom
- **Workshops** - facilitating 'brainstorming' sessions on cash preservation and financing options
- **Diagnostics** – data-driven programmes to identify short and medium-term cash 'win' opportunities
- **Training** – providing coaching on tactical, strategic and crisis cash management
- **Finance requests** – helping firms to prepare applications to new and existing funders and lenders



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## Financial crisis response and contingency planning

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Short  
term



Medium  
term



Long  
term



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- Managers without experience of business distress are unsure how to mitigate liquidity pressures
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- Accessing sufficient debt facilities to meet liquidity requirements

## Liquidity and financing

### Industry Insights

- Firms are temporarily halting payments, with some seeking to cut costs - often by reducing staff – even before seeking clarity over funding options
- Best in class businesses are refreshing cash flow forecasts and looking at available mitigations
- Firms are drawing down available credit
- Businesses are assessing financing strategies / options and approaching lenders to access or amend debt facilities or participate in the Government-backed funding schemes
- Companies are engaging with HMRC to seek tax payment holidays, which are proving fruitful
- Smaller firms are finding it hard to understand and access UK funding packages fast enough

## Financial crisis response and contingency planning



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### Short term

- Draw down all existing funding lines to maximise available cash
- Take a holistic view of the full range of internal and external options to support your liquidity
- Identify and risk grade those levers which can be used to accommodate different scenarios. This will illustrate to lenders proactive identification of risks and steps taken to mitigate
- Assess baskets and triggers under existing financing documentation
- Evaluate funding strategies, options, markets, lenders and other sources of capital in order to meeting your funding needs in the timescale available
- Approach lenders both on loan schemes supported by HM Government (CCFF and CBILS), and in connection with wider lending support they may be able to offer outside of those.
- Engage with other key stakeholders on interim funding and payment alleviation options supported by HM Government, e.g. Job Retention Scheme, Business Rates Relief, Grants, various Tax support offered by HMRC and Statutory Sick Pay cover
- Review VAT processes to maximise cash, ensuring claims for all tax reliefs and incentives that provide cash credits have been made
- Engage with other significant 3rd party creditors on payment deferral options, e.g. with landlords on rent
- Set up spending freezes and tighten authorisations to limit outgoings
- Brainstorm a 'self-help plan' to preserve and generate cash, and initiate actions in conjunction with all key function

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## Liquidity and financing

### Medium term

- Establish a cash-focused culture across the business, valuing cash over profit
- Develop financing and lender engagement strategies to support the business with the funding or flexibility to trade through and out of the COVID-19 crisis
- Engage with lenders or alternative funding providers to maximise total available headroom, if required
- Set up a central cash management team (or individual) responsible for embedding cash maximisation processes
- Establish an Executive level cash committee
- Work with suppliers to understand their funding pressures and how they may impact your operations



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## Liquidity and financing

### Long term

- Embed robust 13 week and annual cash flow forecasts into budgetary and financial management cycles
- Consider ways to optimise funding arrangements for a less certain future
- Establish a sustainable strategic working capital programme to ensure that liquidity is optimised under normal and stressed conditions
- Put in place long term financing to support a return to normalised trading conditions, including investment and growth



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### How KPMG is helping?

- Identifying options to meet funding requirements, including advising on how to access different government backed funding programmes and approach lenders
- Structuring requests to lenders for funding or amendments to financial covenants succeed within timescales available
- Providing strategic, financing and legal advice to assist in the negotiation of terms, drafting and implementation of financial documentation
- Supporting financial stress testing, cash flow risk assessment and modelling of mitigation options to assist businesses in presenting the implementation of proactive self-help measures when seeking additional funding.
- Liquidity planning - supporting the design and execution of cash flow management plans, to demonstrate ongoing 'liquidity grip' to lenders including UK government loan schemes
- Negotiation – supporting firms' negotiations with key stakeholders and funding providers
- VAT – identifying overpaid VAT on sales and non-standard transactions; under-recovered VAT expenses; and all available reliefs and incentive



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Medium term



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- Despite taking all available actions to preserve and generate cash (such as delaying payments and accelerating receipts), some short-term cash flow forecasts are showing imminent funding shortfalls emerging
- Support packages such as the Coronavirus Job Retention Scheme, the Coronavirus Business Interruption Loan Scheme and the COVID-19 Corporate Finance Funding programme may take too long to access for some and have eligibility criteria which not all firms will meet
- Other refinancing options with lenders are becoming limited, will take time to arrange, or may already have been exhausted

### Industry Insights

- Businesses in immediate cash crisis are taking steps to preserve cash balances by restricting payments to only the most business-critical vendors as they mobilise contingency plans
- Firms in a variety of sectors are considering solvent mothballing options, founded on support from landlords and the UK's COVID-19 Job Retention Scheme, although businesses in acute financial distress continue to be challenged by the timescales involved in schemes such as JRS
- Several businesses have already moved to appoint Insolvency Practitioners who are working to extend the mothballing options available using insolvency mechanisms. This may open up the possibility of implementing a strategy for some of those businesses unable to fully fund the hibernation period (even with Government help schemes)



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### Short term

- Take legal advice on mothballing and insolvency options
- Model mothballing options (to preserve value for a future recovery, sale or exit). The key options are:
  - Limited trading in administration, e.g. with an online revenue stream
  - Closing down all activities for a period with a view to achieving an exit via CVA, or an accelerated sale
  - Shutting down fully, if mothballing or a solvent wind down are unfeasible. Possible insolvency regimes include administration and liquidation
- If insolvency looks unavoidable, carry out contingency planning to decide the strategy (i.e. administration or liquidation) most likely to protect value for creditors
- Directors should consider their duties in a financially distressed situation, for example:
  - The duties owed by directors' shift from shareholders to creditors
  - Personal liability and disqualification risks should be considered
  - Wrongful trading or 'trading irresponsibly', a civil offence, should be avoided
  - The duty to ensure employee health and safety continues, including taking reasonable steps to control the spread of COVID-19

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- Several businesses have already moved to appoint Insolvency Practitioners who are working to extend the mothballing options available using insolvency mechanisms. This may open up the possibility of implementing a mothball strategy for some of those businesses unable to fully fund the hibernation period (even with Government help schemes).

## Financial crisis response and contingency planning

### Medium term

- Not applicable



Short term



Medium term



Long term



How KPMG is helping?

Contacts





# Financial resilience

## Financial stress testing and forecasting

## Liquidity and financing

## Financial crisis response and contingency planning

### Challenges and concerns

- Despite taking all available actions to preserve and generate cash (such as delaying payments and accelerating receipts), some short-term cash flow forecasts are showing imminent funding shortfalls emerging
- Support packages such as the Coronavirus Job Retention Scheme, the Coronavirus Business Interruption Loan Scheme and the Covid-19 Corporate Finance Funding programme may take too long to access for some and have eligibility criteria which not all firms will meet
- Other refinancing options with lenders are becoming limited, will take time to arrange or may already have been exhausted

### Industry Insights

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### Long term

- Not applicable



Short term



Medium term



Long term



How KPMG is helping?

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# Financial resilience

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## Liquidity and financing

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### How KPMG is helping?

- Contingency planning – advising on and modelling comprehensive contingency scenarios
- Supporting businesses implementing solvent mothball / hibernation strategies with key stakeholder support as a primary contingency option
- Working with Government agencies and regulators on additional support measures to help Directors of challenged companies implement other relevant contingency options, including insolvency, where necessary



Short term



Medium term



Long term



How KPMG is helping?

Contacts



# Financial resilience

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## Financial stress testing and forecasting

## Liquidity and financing

## Financial crisis response and contingency planning

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### Contact



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Short term



Medium term



Long term



How KPMG is helping?

Contacts



# Operational resilience

**The fundamental importance of Operational Resilience is understood by businesses that have faced crisis situations, whether they were major IT outages, cyber-attacks, geo-political incidents or any number of physical events such as severe weather, fire or floods. Almost overnight, COVID-19 has become the single greatest threat to the continuity and existence of many businesses. The maturity of an organisation's operational resilience now has the very real potential to dictate whether an organisation will survive.**

COVID-19 is causing unprecedented operational disruption. Organisations are unable to deploy their people effectively. Supply chains are being tested to an extreme extent, and access to premises and physical assets is severely compromised. This disruption and the consequential reliance on remote ways of working are leading to knock-on impacts in terms of the resilience of technology, data, legal affairs, revenue and taxation.

COVID-19 is causing significant disruption to organisations' workforces. Illness, and the need to self-isolate and care for others, will result in large numbers of people being physically absent from work. Supporting the health of an organisation's people, both physical and mental, over the coming months will be urgent priorities for business leaders. They are already responding with flexible working arrangements and prioritising the direction of resources – often into new, adjacent or alternative activities – to meet new and emerging operational needs. The best leaders are also thinking about their personal resilience and taking steps to secure and support deputies as well as protecting their own physical and mental wellbeing.

The resilience of supply chains, both upstream and downstream, will be critical to the continued and effective management of business

operations. The impacts of COVID-19 will see contracts unfulfilled, with force majeure clauses being invoked. This will create broader consequences for the availability of goods and the provision of services. Managed Service Providers will come under pressure as call centres encounter staff absences and lockdowns, and data centre operations and engineering support becomes challenging.

Under severe operational stress, organisations will need to make important priority calls. Deciding which products, services and processes should be kept operational. In these circumstances, firms will need to understand their prioritisation criteria, what constitutes the minimum viable business model, and develop a viable recovery strategy. It will have implications for staff; involve potentially difficult discussions with customers and suppliers and the potential closure of sites and facilities. Legal and regulatory implications are also certain.

Add in the heightened threat of cyber-attack during the period of COVID-19 disruption, and exploitation by organised and opportunistic criminals, and the operational hardiness of businesses will be roundly tested.

**Please get in touch with your usual KPMG contact to discuss your situation in more detail.**



**Andrew Husband**

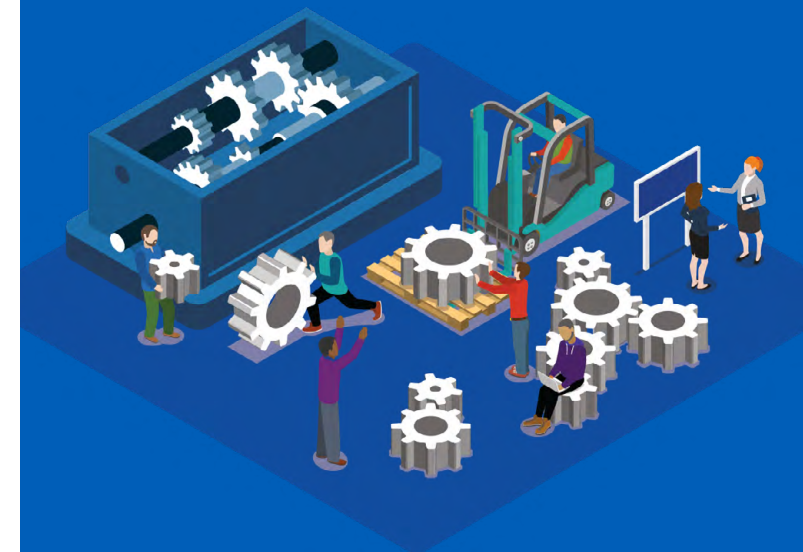
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**“How will businesses minimise the operational impacts of COVID-19, adapt to maintain delivery of their products and services, survive the crisis and then accelerate their recovery?”**





# Operational resilience

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## Operational Crisis Management

People

Supply chain

Technology and data

Premises and property

Cyber and fraud risk

### Challenges and concerns

- How can we work through the future scenarios and make sure we can anticipate the implications?
- We must identify key customers and products, and likely demand changes
- We need to determine the minimum viable business model, its structure and financial viability
- We need to identify our resourcing approach, and how we flex staff from non-core to critical business functions
- Which parts of the business which need to be temporarily closed for the business to survive and are there any work around for us and our customers?
- How do we communicate decisions and underlying reasons to shareholders, financiers, regulators and staff?
- How do we minimise reputational damage and financial losses?

### Industry Insights

- Discipline is needed to operate a “gold” and “silver” crisis management model – keep the “gold” team focussed on strategic and longer term issues – empower “silver” to manage day-to-day, and to trust people
- Focus on what the core of your business really is that you need to protect – and be ready to flex resources, financial and human, to protect it
- Getting consistent communications out matters – internal and external. People need a trusted and definitive source of advice in these times of uncertainty
- Make sure everyone is working from a single version of the truth. It is easy to lose track of the actions being taken, and the decisions that are being made in a fast-changing crisis
- Beware of suppliers failing as liquidity pressures mount and movement restrictions bite. You may find yourself dependent on suppliers you don’t expect.
- Expect that you will burn people out, watch for it, designate deputies, and try to persuade people not to be superheroes, it is not sustainable for the long term
- Ensure feedback and continuous improvement mechanisms are in place. You may find yourself working through similar issues on a repeated basis, as the crisis unfolds



Short term



Medium term



Long term



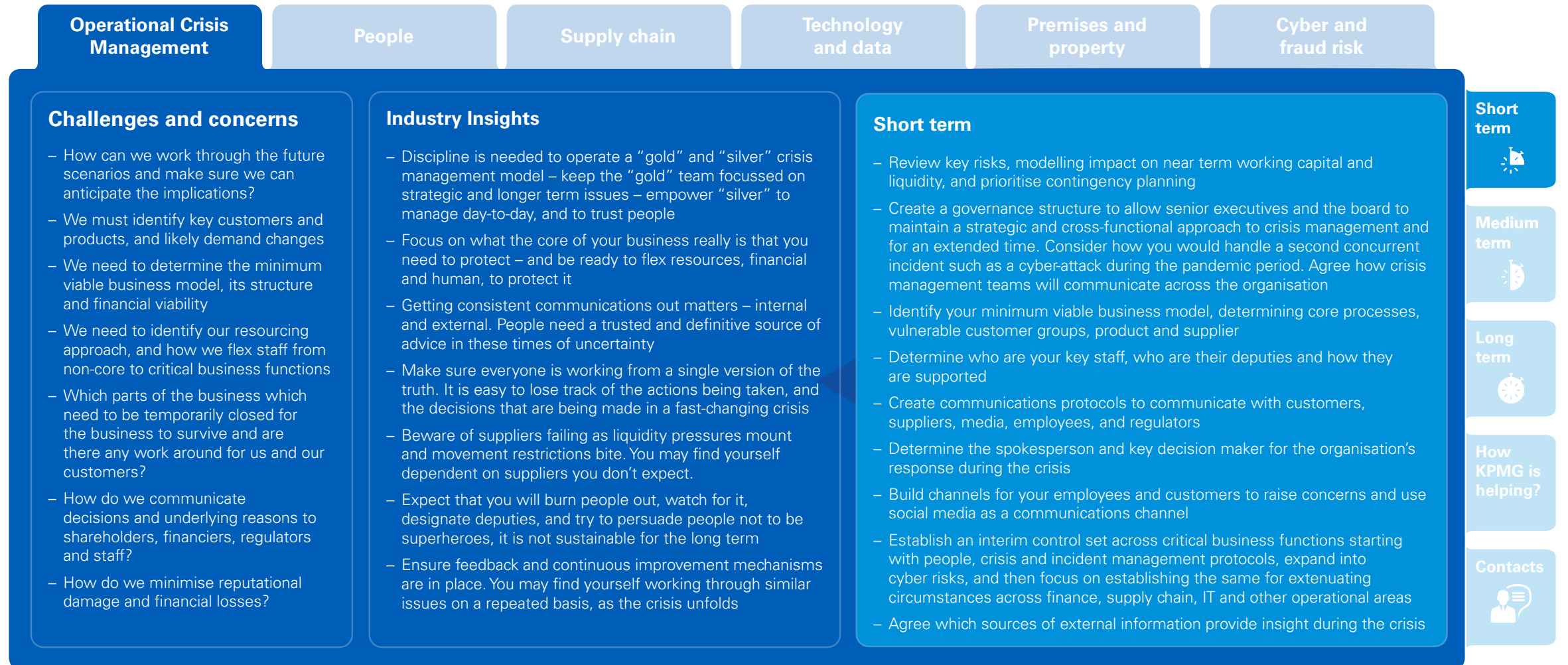
How KPMG is helping?

Contacts



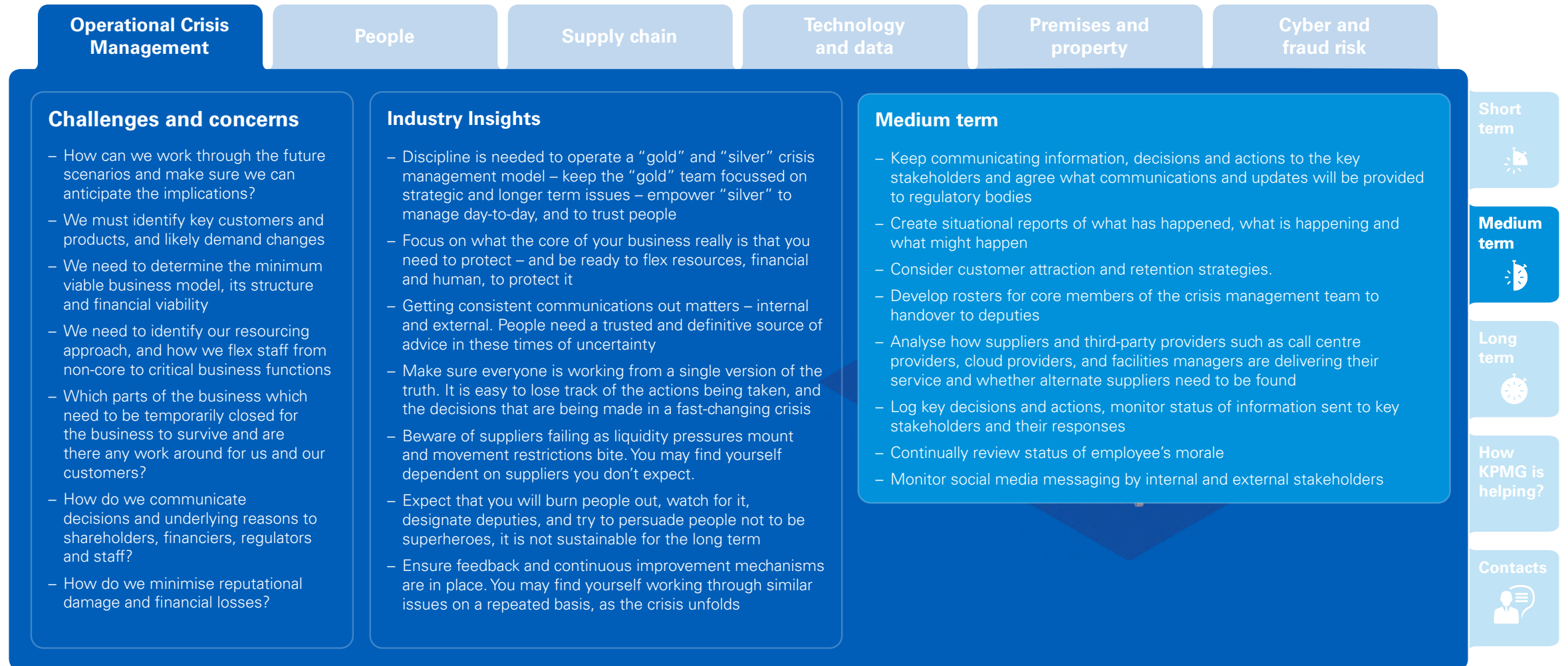
# Operational resilience

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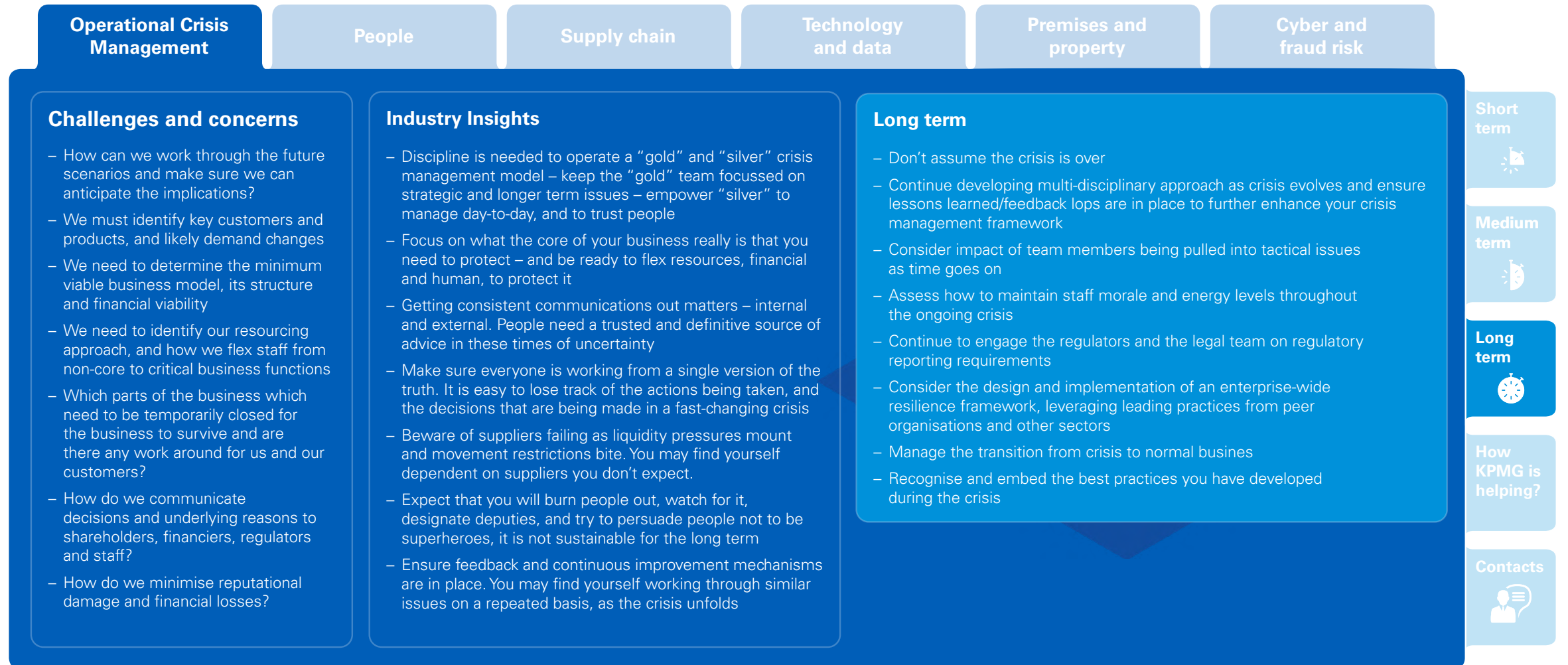
# Operational resilience

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# Operational resilience

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# Operational resilience

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## Operational Crisis Management

People

Supply chain

Technology and data

Premises and property

Cyber and fraud risk

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### How KPMG is helping?

- Coaching organisations in crisis management practices
- Augmenting crisis management teams to provide extra capacity and specialist skills
- Providing crisis management tools including methodologies, toolkits and checklists
- Bringing communities together to share good practice and provide mutual support



Short term



Medium term



Long term



How KPMG is helping?

Contacts





# Operational resilience

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## Operational Crisis Management

## People

## Supply chain

## Technology and data

## Premises and property

## Cyber and fraud risk

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Short term



Medium term



Long term



How KPMG is helping?

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# Operational resilience

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## Operational Crisis Management

## People

## Supply chain

## Technology and data

## Premises and property

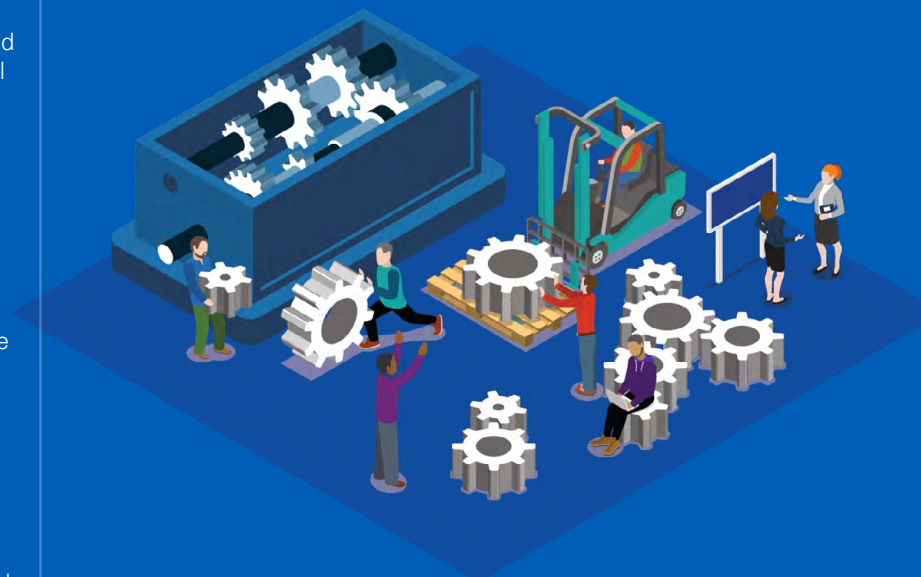
## Cyber and fraud risk

### Challenges and concerns

- **Compassion:** First and foremost, organisations need to consider the impact of COVID-19 on individuals and families. The stress of working from home, cut off from fellow team members, can compromise physical and mental wellbeing
- **Capability and Capacity:** It's difficult to meet the operational needs of the business and deliver adequate bandwidth and remote-working capabilities when staff absences and availability are unpredictable and demand is shifting, resulting in a need to rebalance teams. Organisations need an effective workforce management capability to optimise resourcing options including flexible working, contingent and managed service provision
- **Cost:** Many of the changes we are making to the way work is done now will be long lasting and, therefore, need to be considered strategically as an investment (rather than a knee-jerk reaction)
- **Connectivity:** Individuals need to feel connected, engaged and motivated in order continue working effectively, and this requires digital tools and applications that people know how to use
- **Compliance:** Commercial and pragmatic business responses to this crisis situation need to be balanced against the need to ensure all decision making in relation to people is compliant with tax and legal obligations and that directors are aware of their directors' duties

### Industry Insights

- Where appropriate, upskilling and redeploying teams to accommodate variable demand and shifts into new and critical products and services
- Initially splitting the workforce and assigning duplicate roles so that teams operate on alternative days or at different sites, and moving now to closing physical sites and working from home or considering alternatives where working from home is not an option
- Encouraging increasingly flexible working and helping individual employees depending on circumstances, e.g. extending access to private healthcare and reduced working hours for employees with children at home



Short term



Medium term



Long term



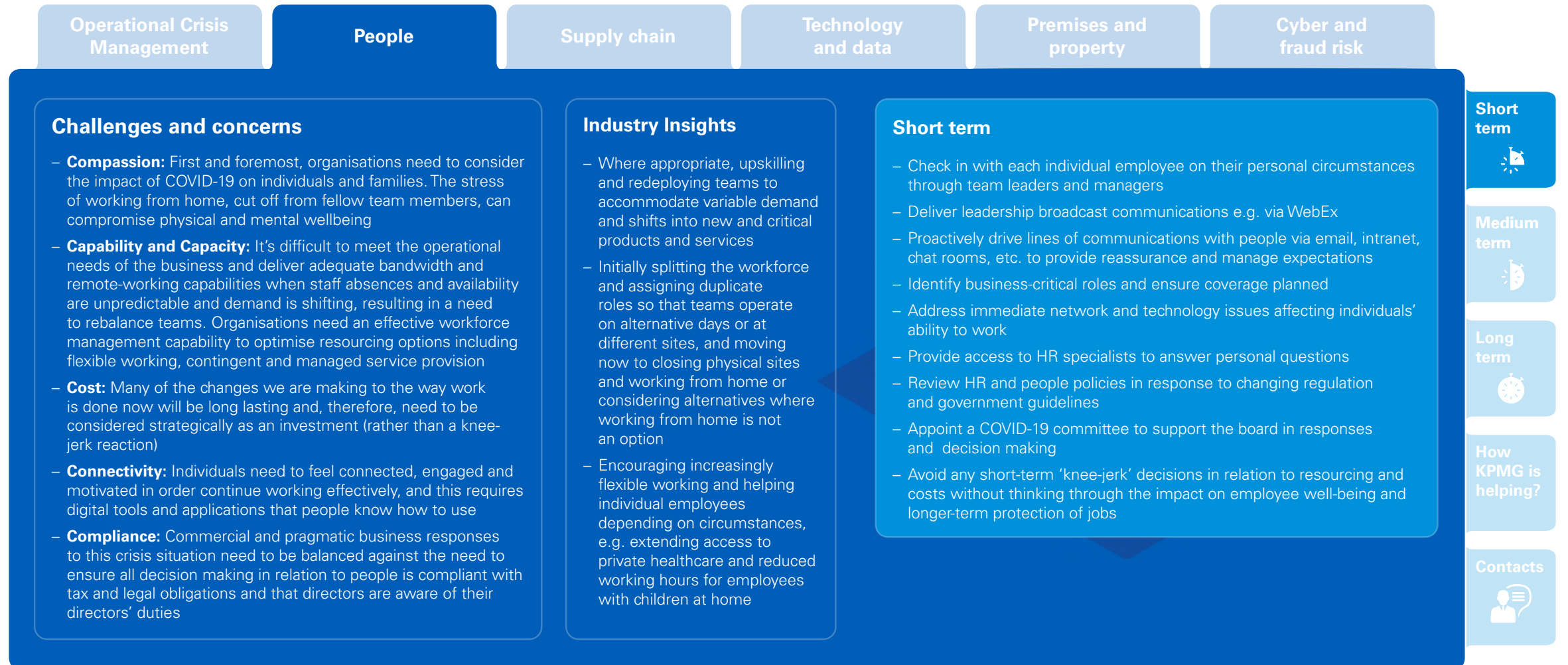
How KPMG is helping?

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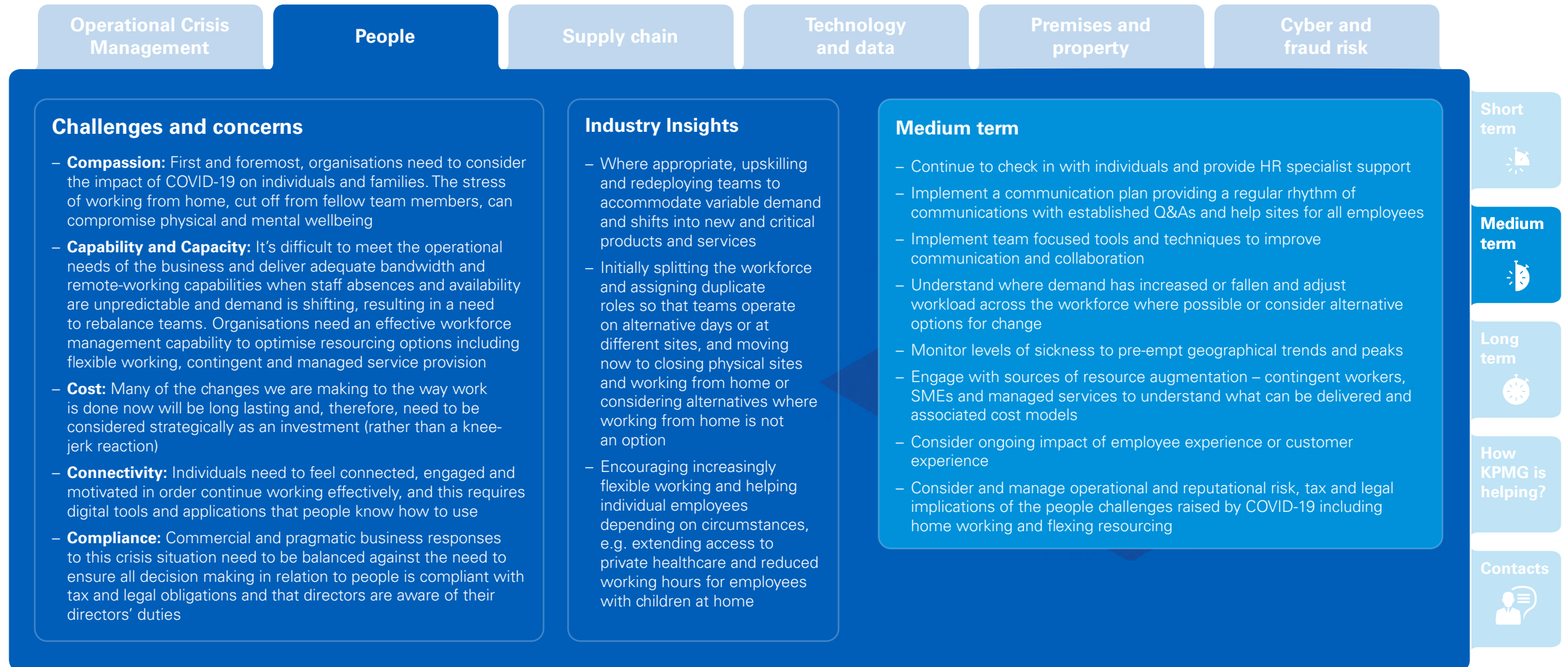
# Operational resilience

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# Operational resilience

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# Operational resilience

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## Operational Crisis Management

## People

## Supply chain

## Technology and data

## Premises and property

## Cyber and fraud risk

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### Long term

- Follow the global trend from role-based to skills-based organisational design
- Build internal workforce management capability
- Invest in homeworking technologies and connectivity
- Revisit employee experience design based on new normal of employment and work



Short term



Medium term



Long term



How KPMG is helping?

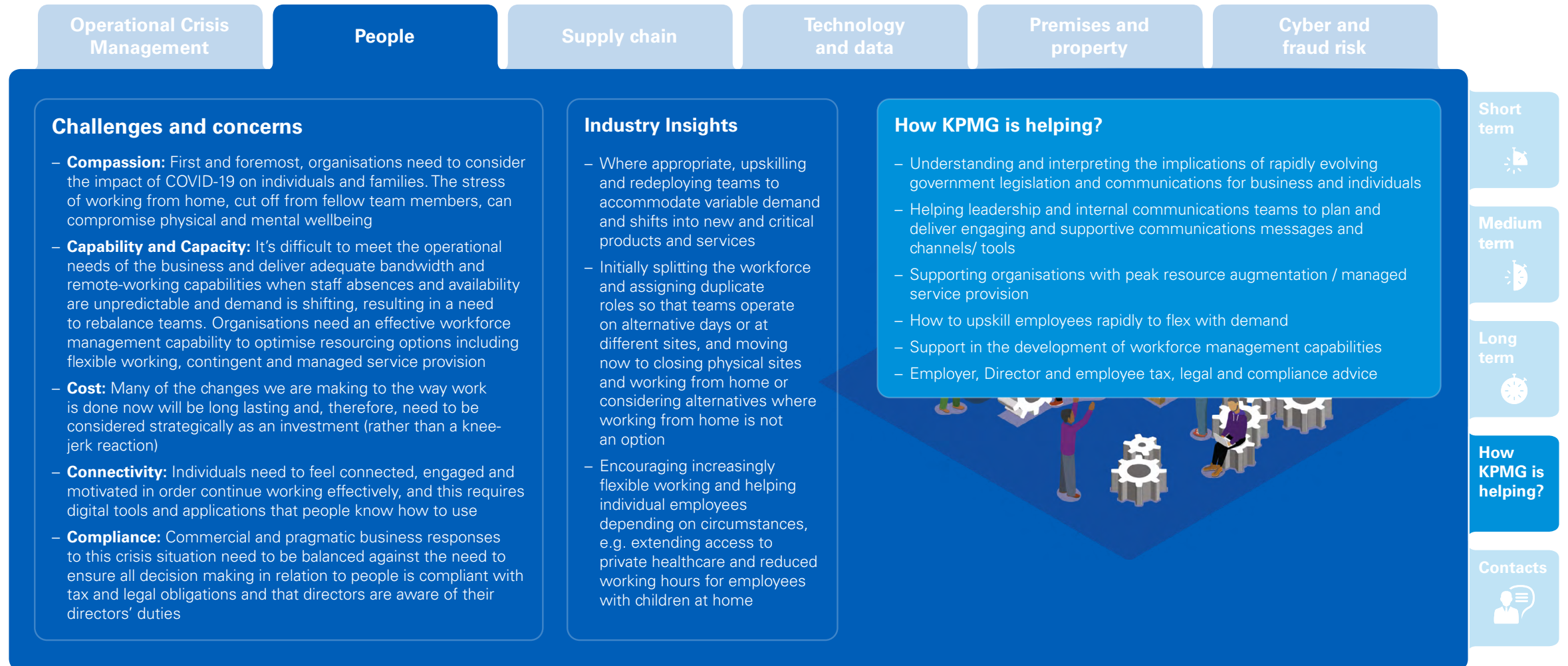
Contacts





# Operational resilience

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# Operational resilience

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## Operational Crisis Management

## People

## Supply chain

## Technology and data

## Premises and property

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Short term



Medium term



Long term



How KPMG is helping?

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# Operational resilience

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## Operational Crisis Management

## People

## Supply chain

## Technology and data

## Premises and property

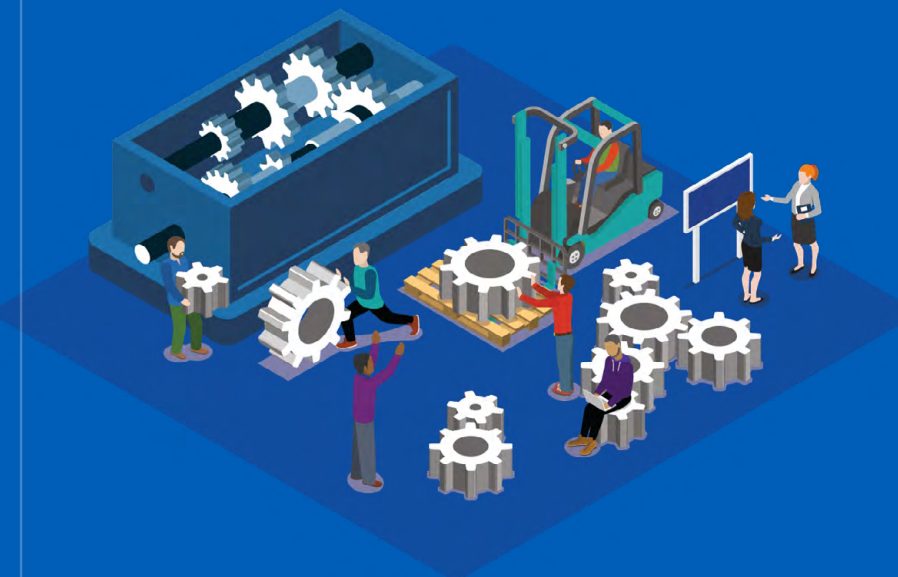
## Cyber and fraud risk

### Challenges and concerns

- Lost revenue and poor customer service due to failure of supply
- Limited understanding of who supplies the raw material or sub-assembly components
- Limited time and resource to develop contingency supply options, including cost, timings and manufacturing facilities
- Limited understanding of how much working capital stock may be tied up in logistics routes, impacting operations and liquidity
- Managing high risk contracts with suppliers/ service providers
- Limited understanding of inventory cover
- Operations staff are stretched with the reduced workforce; back office and fulfilment teams may be deprioritised with subsequent backlogs

### Industry Insights

- Supplier risk assessments
- Undertaking end-to-end supply chain and supplier mapping projects
- A shift towards supplier partnerships
- Increased scenario modelling
- Continuous conversations with service providers and suppliers to ensure continuity of supply
- Many clients are dependent on suppliers they didn't expect, often those providing niche services
- Need to review their supplier risk assessments and don't assume they are the same as their pre COVID-19 assessments
- Check for managed service providers who are encountering security and capacity issues, as well as the impact of global travel restrictions on managed service providers (including call centre operations)



Short term



Medium term



Long term



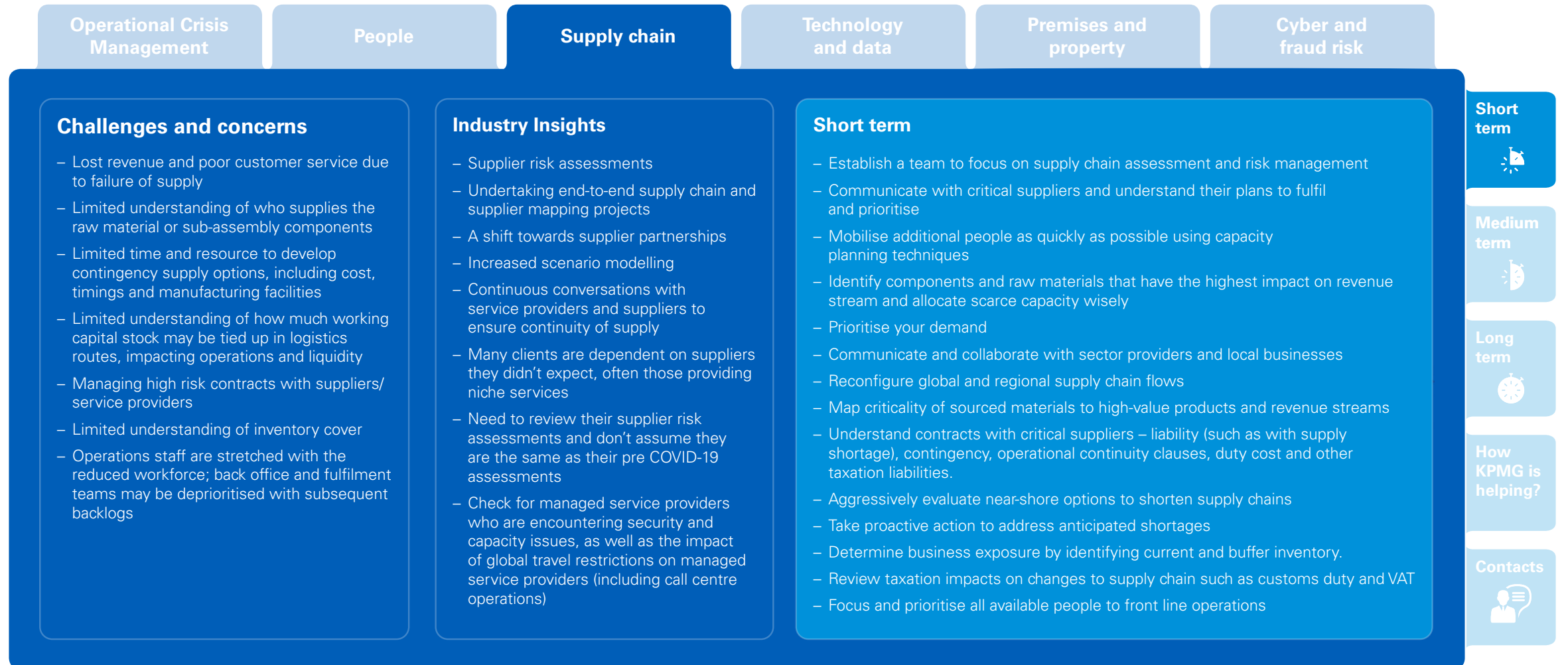
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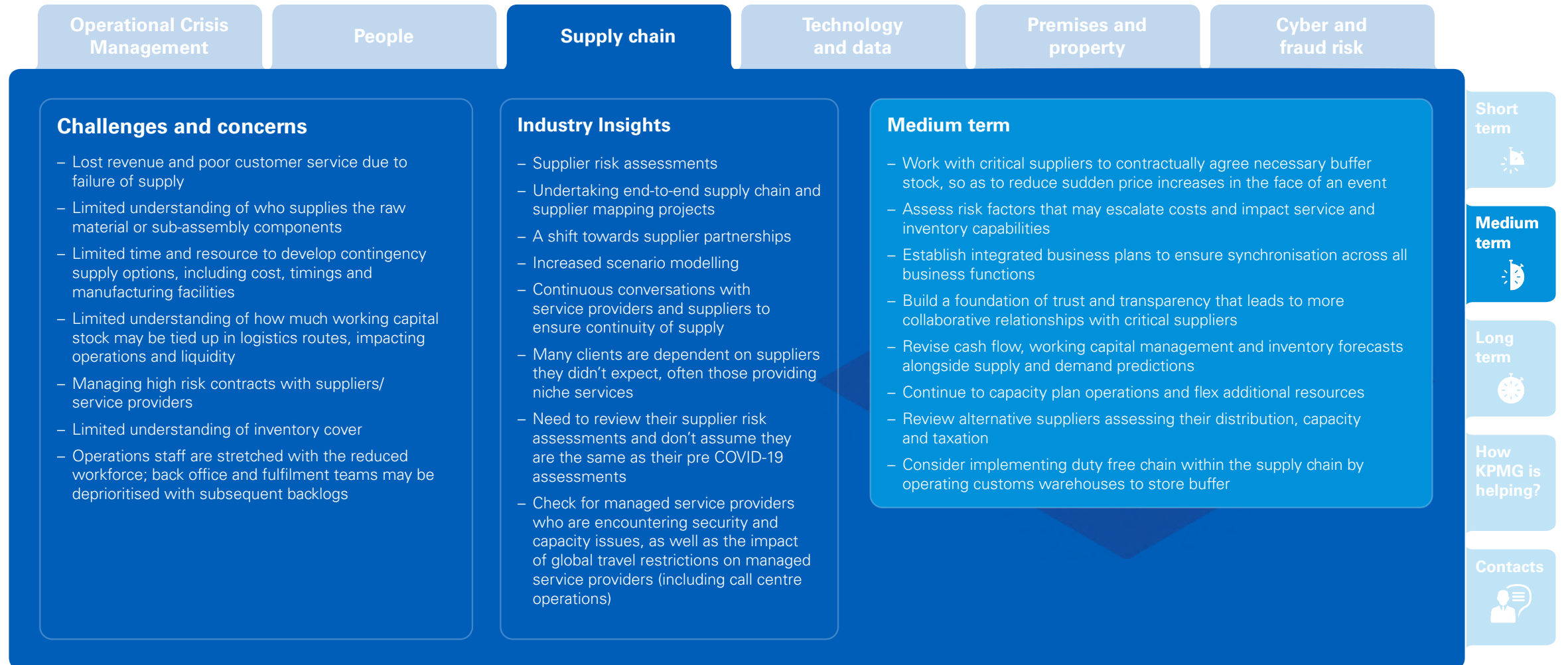
# Operational resilience

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# Operational resilience

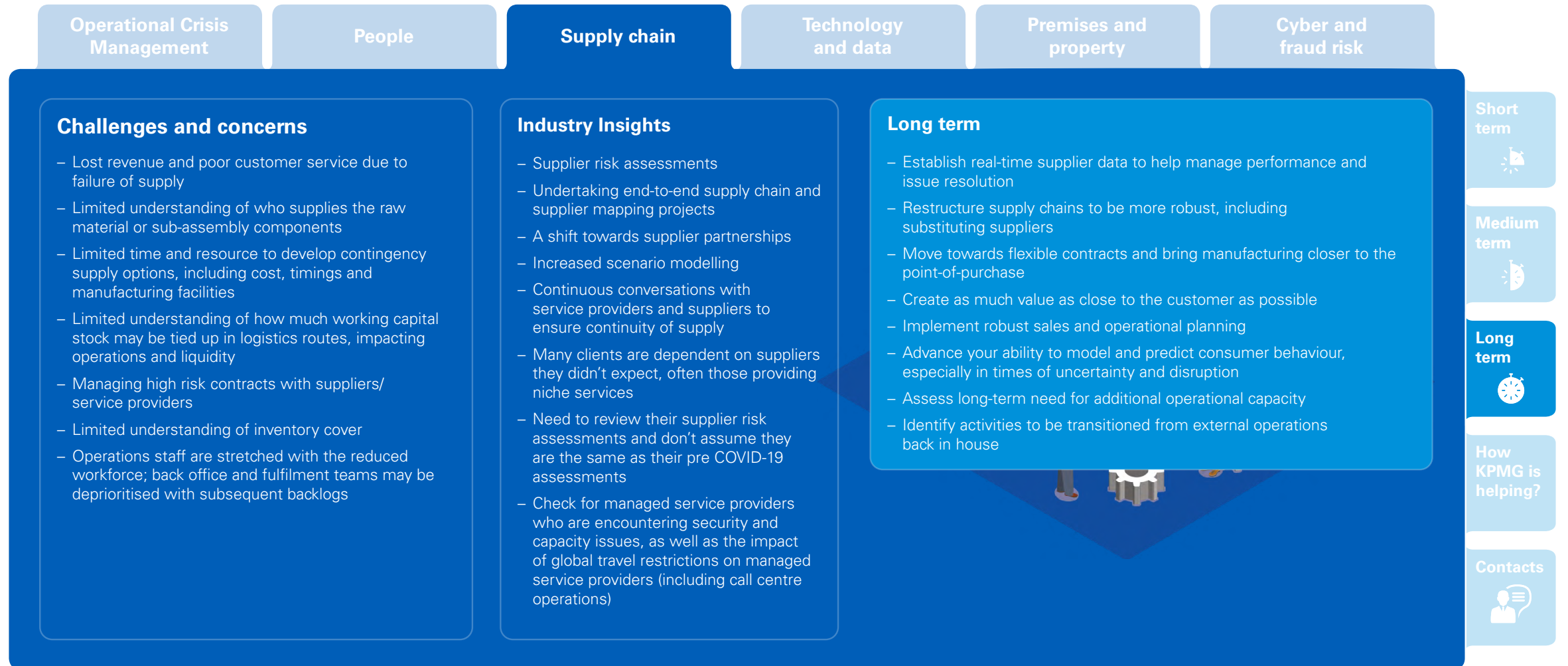
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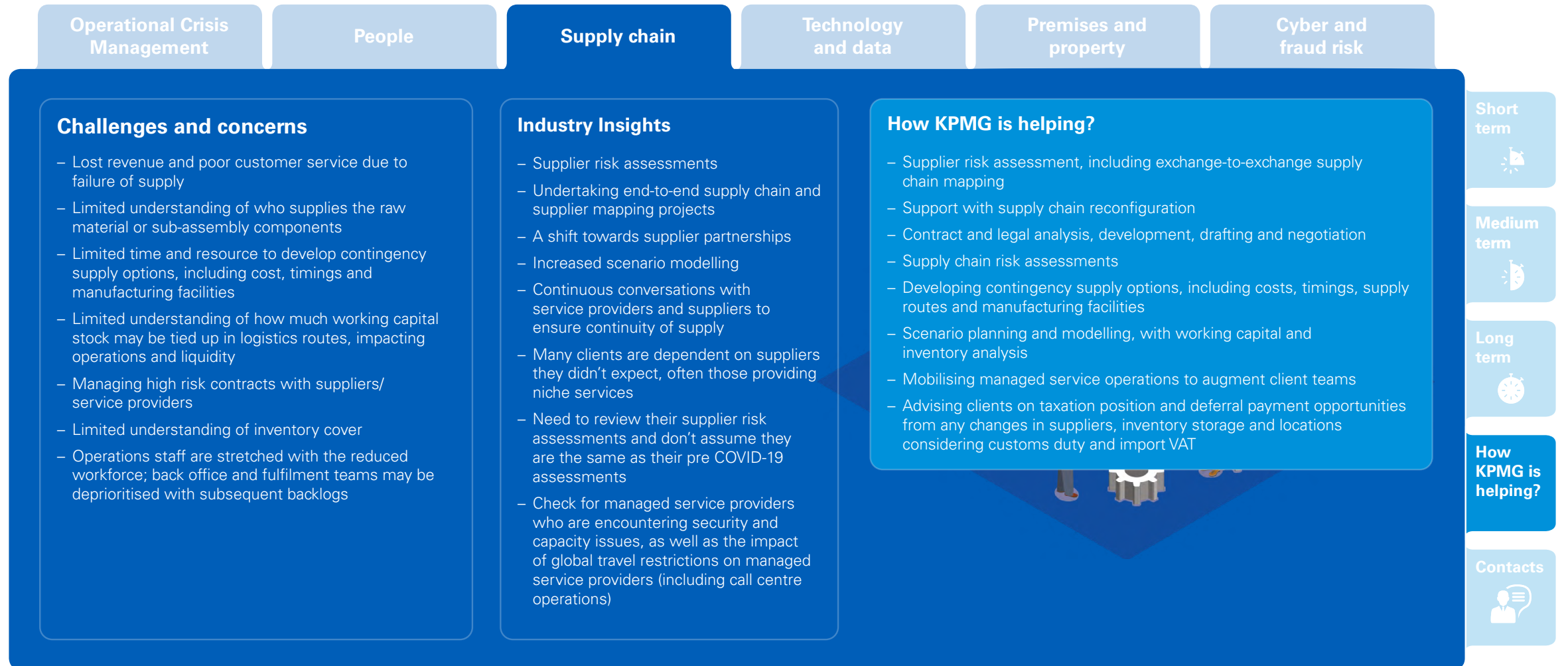
# Operational resilience

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# Operational resilience

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# Operational resilience

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## Operational Crisis Management

## People

## Supply chain

## Technology and data

## Premises and property

## Cyber and fraud risk

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Short term



Medium term



Long term



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# Operational resilience

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## Operational Crisis Management

## People

## Supply chain

## Technology and data

## Premises and property

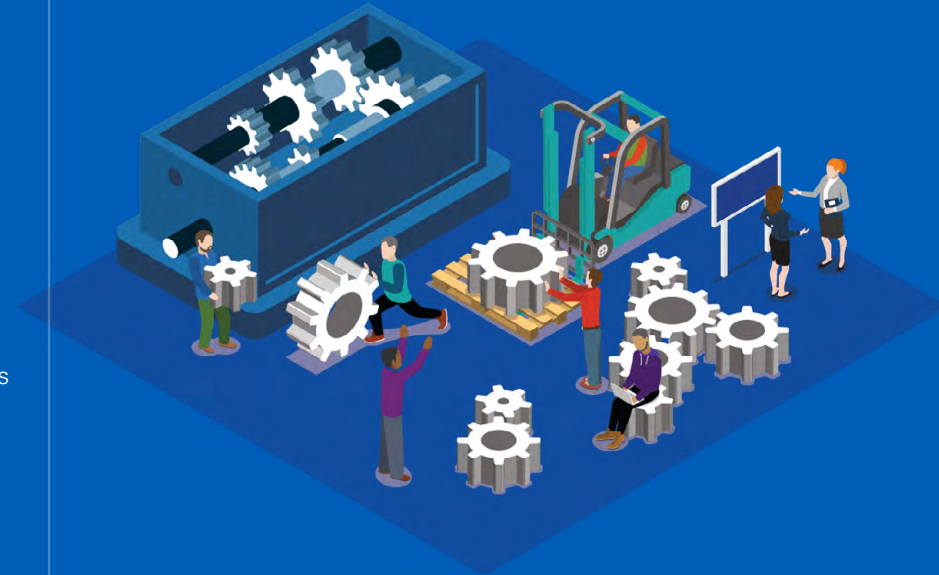
## Cyber and fraud risk

### Challenges and concerns

- Do collaboration tools and remote working solutions have enough capacity to cope with exponential demand driven by remote working?
- Can delivery teams adapt to this new operating model and adapt to dynamic changes in delivery priorities?
- Can businesses operate effectively and maintain continuity of operations, recover from large-scale technology failure, meet tactical business needs, and operate from alternative locations whilst still effectively governing their operations with reduced staff and remote working?
- What is the impact to companies as rapid changes are made with short term tactical solutions and as longer-term technology strategy initiatives are stalled?
- Validation of key suppliers' and partners' continuity planning and evaluation of changes to service agreements and the resulting risk to your business
- Can you use your data to rapidly drive insights and react quickly to the current rapid changes whilst ensuring that this data remains secure and protected?
- Need to understand planned/scheduled maintenance activities and whether these should continue

### Industry Insights

- Ensuring frontline IT support staff are equipped to provide remote troubleshooting expertise, maintain core services and increase technology resiliency
- Reprioritising IT resources, to support frontline IT services – to increase organisational resilience and maintain core IT services
- Mobilising hardware and workplace supply chains and support vendors to ensure remote workers have the tools and support they need for remote working and can manage peak volumes
- Refocus discretionary activity such as projects, to focus resources and investment on supporting the wider business response



### Short term



### Medium term



### Long term



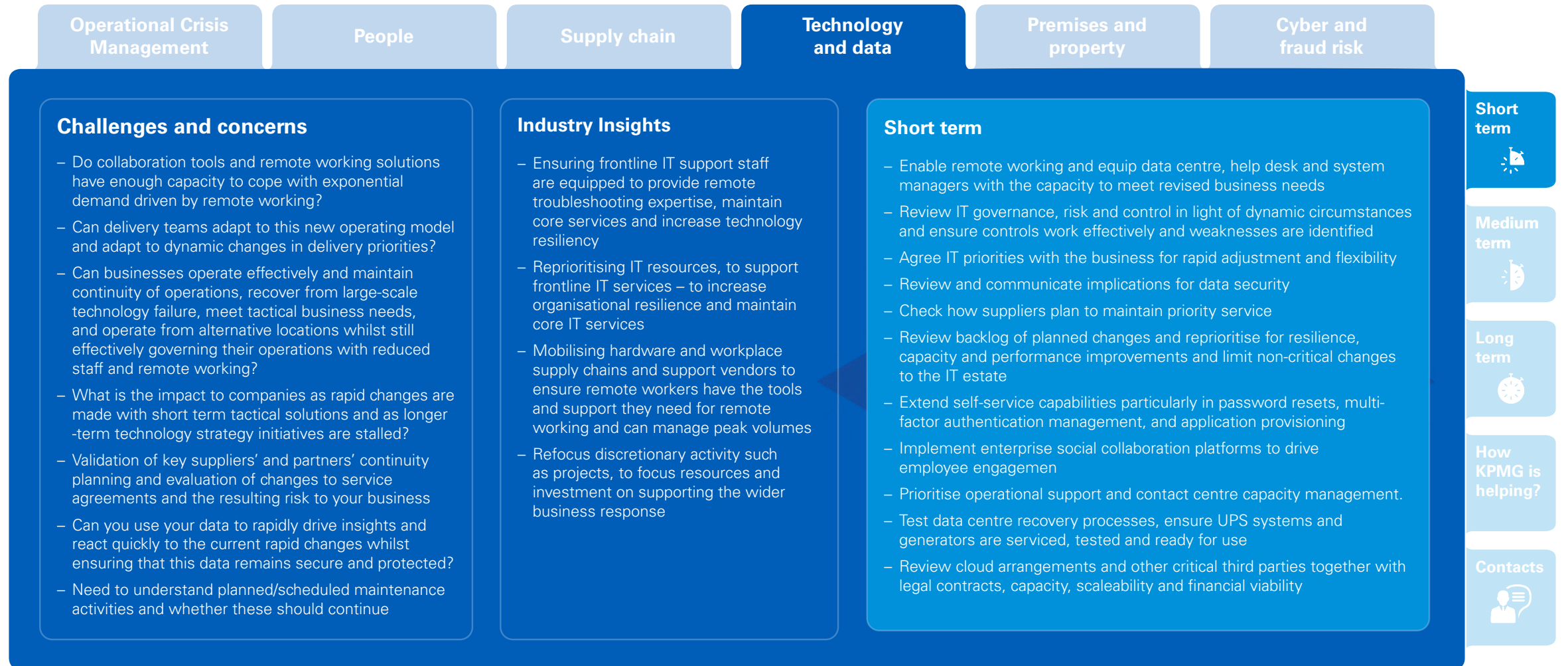
### How KPMG is helping?

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# Operational resilience

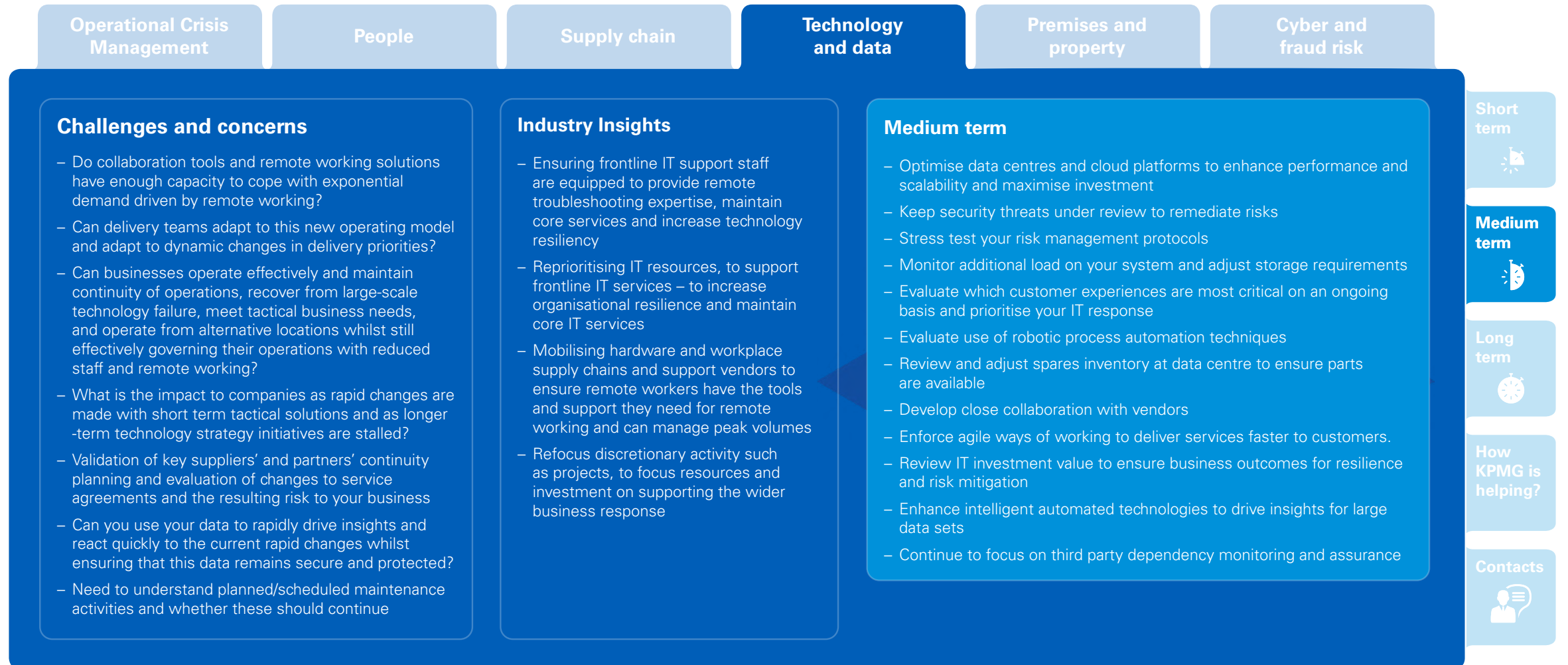
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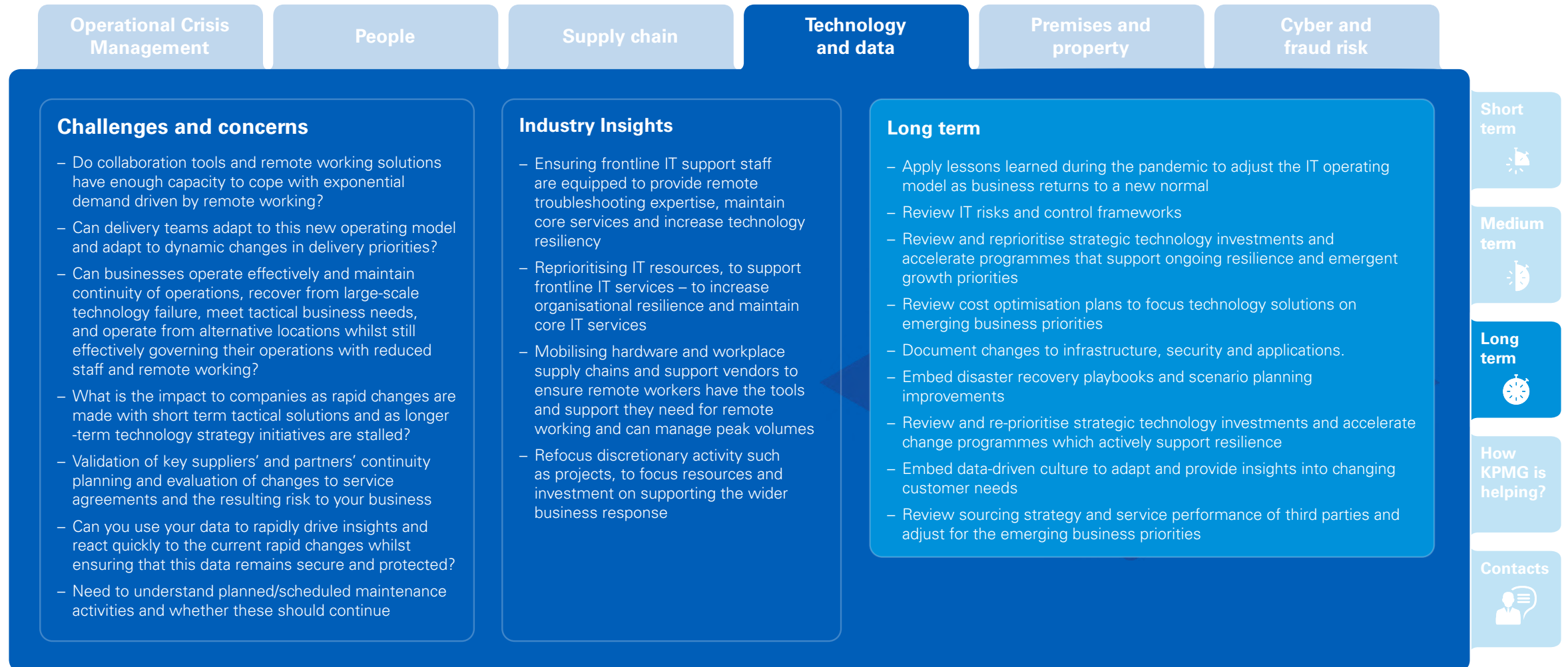
# Operational resilience

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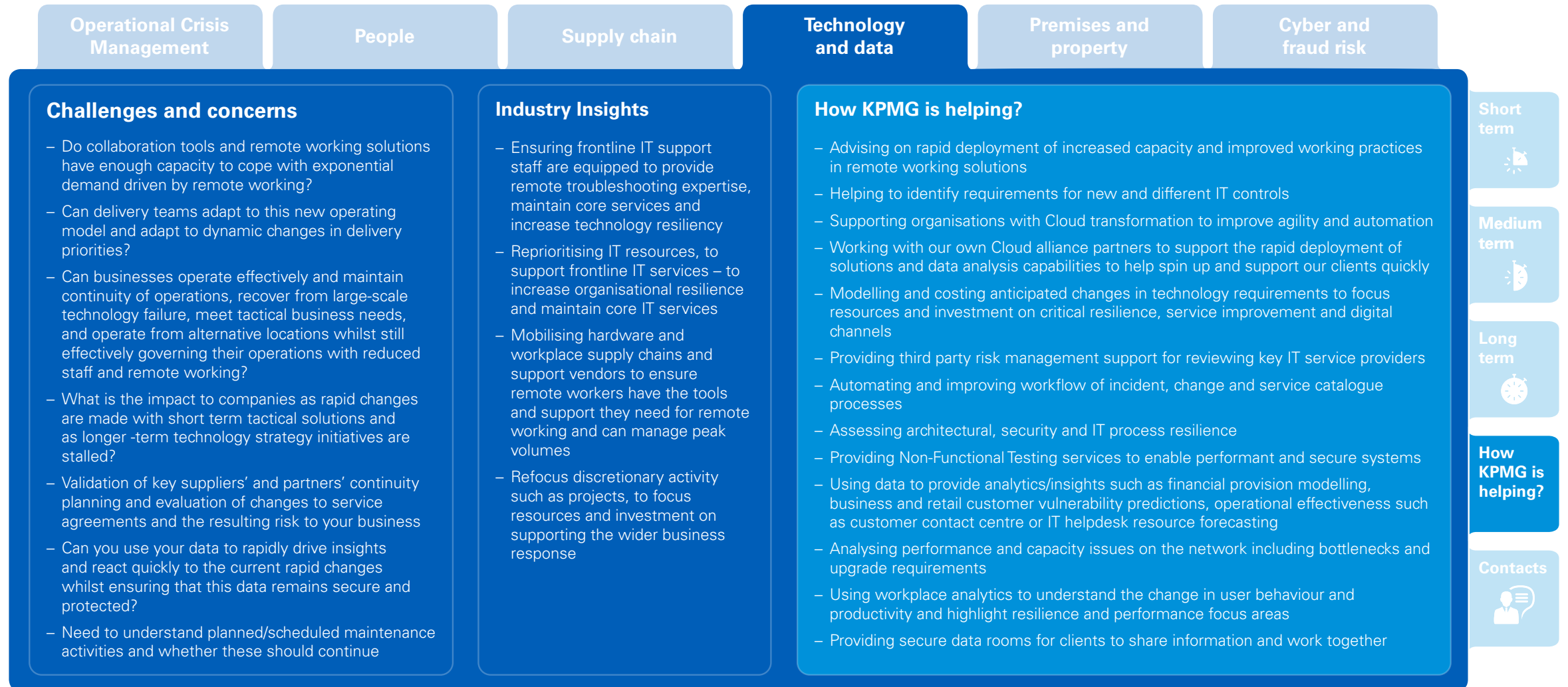
# Operational resilience

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# Operational resilience

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# Operational resilience

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## Operational Crisis Management

## People

## Supply chain

## Technology and data

## Premises and property

## Cyber and fraud risk

### Challenges and concerns

- Do collaboration tools and remote working solutions have enough capacity to cope with exponential demand driven by remote working?
- Can delivery teams adapt to this new operating model and adapt to dynamic changes in delivery priorities?
- Can businesses operate effectively and maintain continuity of operations, recover from large-scale technology failure, meet tactical business needs, and operate from alternative locations whilst still effectively governing their operations with reduced staff and remote working?
- What is the impact to companies as rapid changes are made with short term tactical solutions and as longer-term technology strategy initiatives are stalled?
- Validation of key suppliers' and partners' continuity planning and evaluation of changes to service agreements and the resulting risk to your business
- Can you use your data to rapidly drive insights and react quickly to the current rapid changes whilst ensuring that this data remains secure and protected?
- Need to understand planned/scheduled maintenance activities and whether these should continue

### Industry Insights

- Ensuring frontline IT support staff are equipped to provide remote troubleshooting expertise, maintain core services and increase technology resiliency
- Reprioritising IT resources, to support frontline IT services – to increase organisational resilience and maintain core IT services
- Mobilising hardware and workplace supply chains and support vendors to ensure remote workers have the tools and support they need for remote working and can manage peak volumes
- Refocus discretionary activity such as projects, to focus resources and investment on supporting the wider business response

### Contact



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Short term



Medium term



Long term



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# Operational resilience

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## Operational Crisis Management

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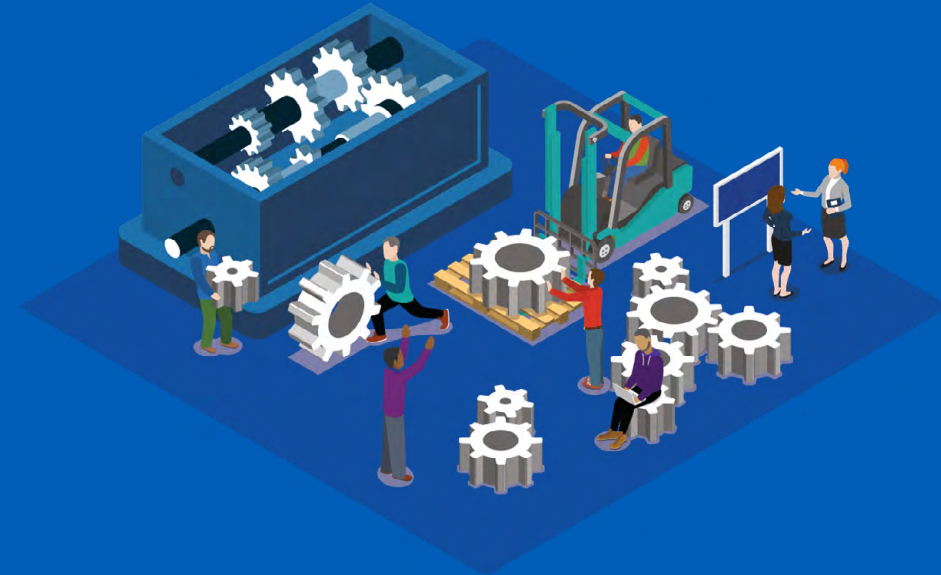
## Cyber and fraud risk

### Challenges and concerns

- Safeguarding buildings during periods of low occupancy or sustained lockdown
- Securing sites and valuable assets against opportunistic crime
- How to clean and deep clean occupied properties in response to the COVID-19 pandemic
- Supporting ongoing operations with a skeleton staff and providing a safe environment for on-site workers
- Meeting health and safety requirements and protecting company assets
- With all attention focused on COVID-19, other emergency responses and business continuity protocols risk being neglected
- Maintaining uninterrupted and back-up power supply

### Industry Insights

- Review the service catalogue and identify those services which are critical to resilience, across building types
- Ensuring the capabilities of landlords, internal teams and service providers to monitor and safeguard building infrastructure and facilities
- Assessing and assuring the ability of facilities management providers to continue service provision during the current period
- Considering increasing security presence during the current lockdown period
- Providing remote monitoring for building management systems for closed sites
- Ensuring remote monitoring and management capabilities for data centres and technology facilities
- Developing plans for “mothballing” and “making safe” unused facilities
- Review provision in 3rd party contracts to scale back services and reduce costs



Short term



Medium term



Long term



How KPMG is helping?

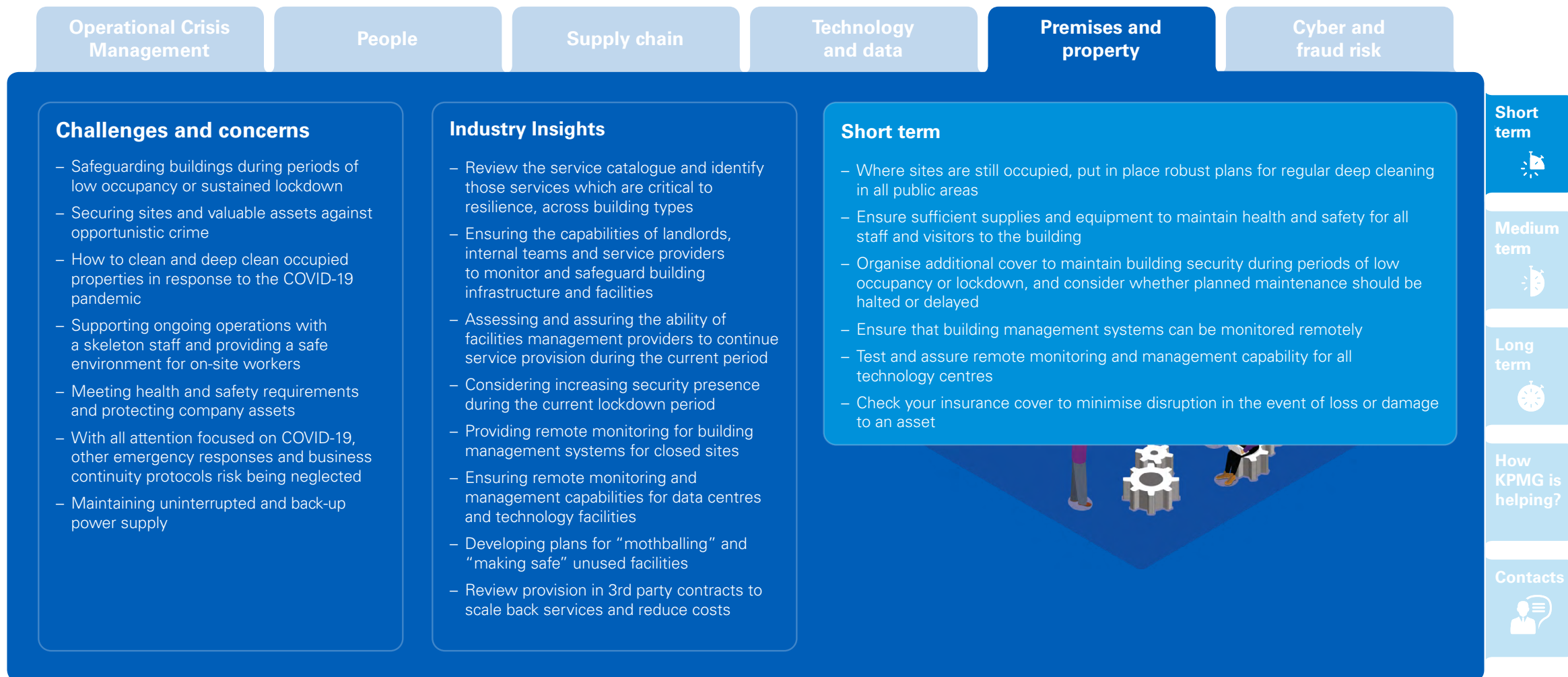
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# Operational resilience

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## Operational Crisis Management

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### Medium term

- Focus on maintaining the condition of your assets and equipment during what might well be extended downtime
- Maintain regular checks and testing of controls
- Identify a back-up facilities manager to maintain your properties given the economic uncertainty



Short term



Medium term



Long term



How KPMG is helping?

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# Operational resilience

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## Operational Crisis Management

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### Long term

- Where assets are reaching or have reached the end of their asset life, plan for replacement or renewal



Short term



Medium term



Long term



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# Operational resilience

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### How KPMG is helping?

- Project management and resource augmentation advice
- Business continuity planning
- SME advice



Short term



Medium term



Long term



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# Operational resilience

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## Operational Crisis Management

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Short term



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# Operational resilience

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## Operational Crisis Management

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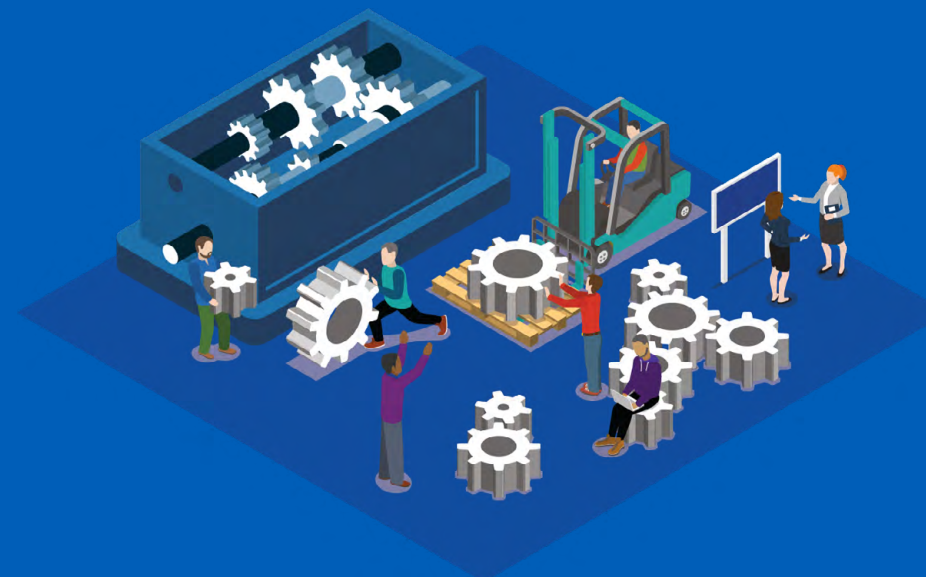
## Cyber and fraud risk

### Challenges and concerns

- Understanding the impact of COVID-19 on cyber resilience
- Dealing with COVID-19 themed cyber threats. As more meetings and agreements will be handled via phone and e-mail this increases the risk of phishing attacks and email frauds
- Managing escalating costs of IT security when budgets are constrained
- The absence of key staff in departments such as finance increases the risk that standard controls cannot be maintained, and widespread remote working may reduce the effectiveness of authorisation and existing fraud detection processes
- Financial and operational pressure increases the risk of accounting manipulation or financial misstatement as businesses seek to inflate or enhance their performance
- As businesses quickly flex their operations they may not have time to complete their usual integrity checks and may be exposed to supply chain fraud and misconduct

### Industry Insights

- Organised crime has responded rapidly to the crisis by orchestrating large scale campaigns to defraud customers and businesses
- Organisations are rolling out new remote working and cloud infrastructure at pace, and being forced to implement new ad-hoc security models and approaches to secure that infrastructure
- Business can be willing to implement greater controls on email security and web browsing to deal with the growing fraud threat if it can be done quickly and cheaply
- CIOs and CISOs are worried about the security and viability of managed service providers as they come under pressure
- Urgent need for training and advice to employees on how to work securely from home



Short term



Medium term



Long term



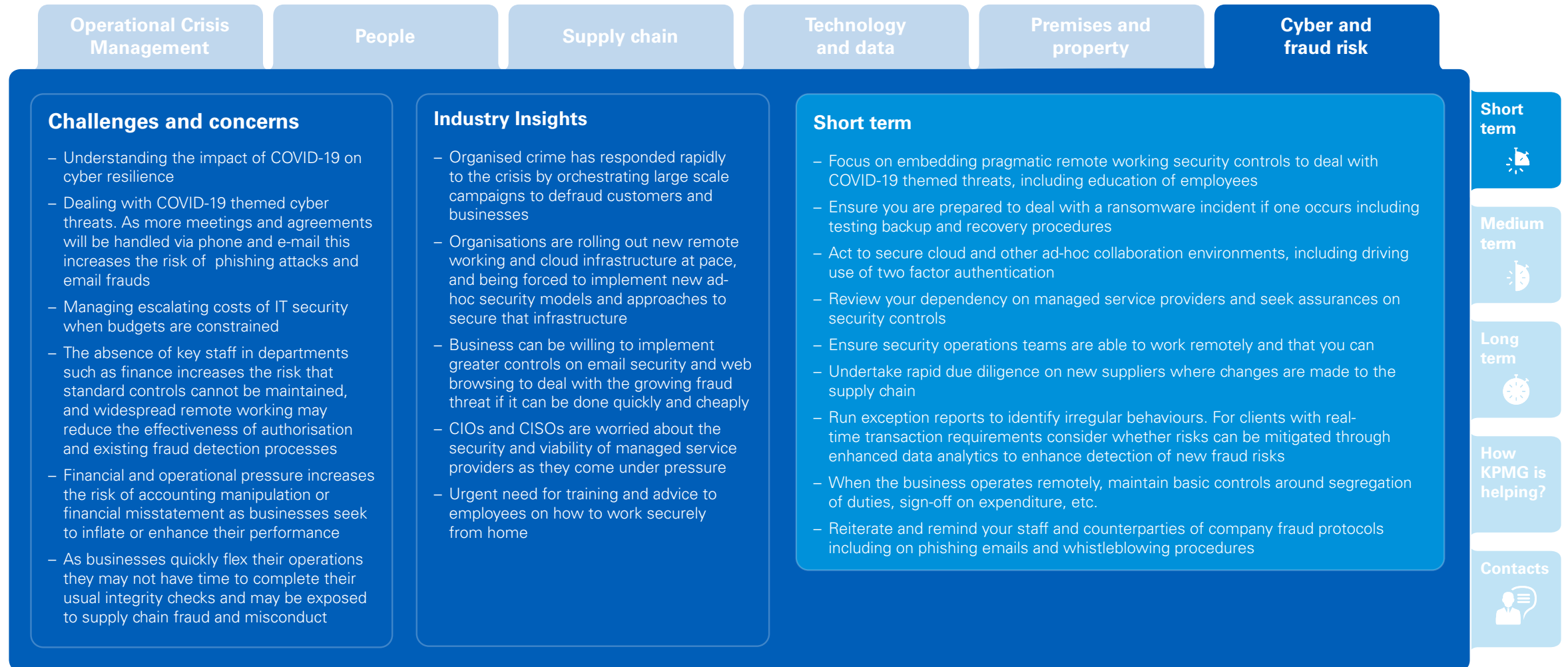
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# Operational resilience

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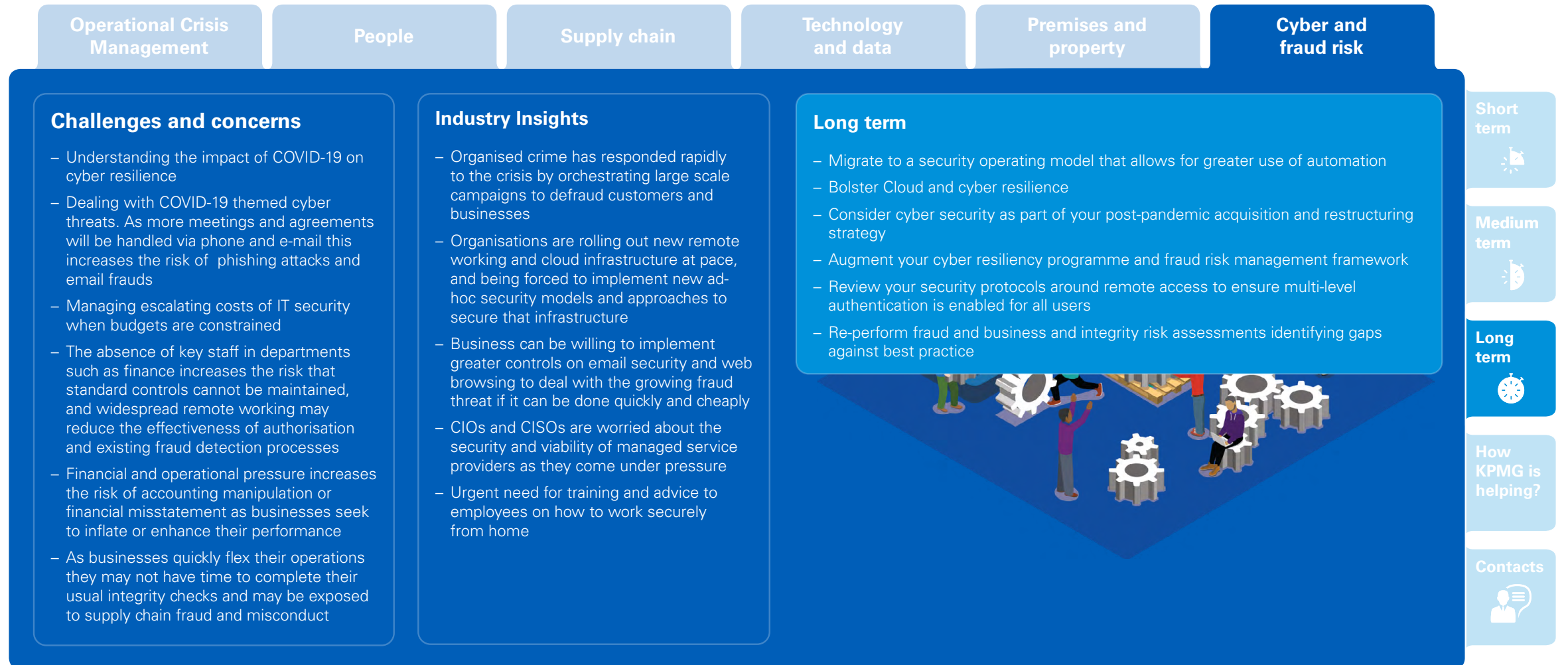
# Operational resilience

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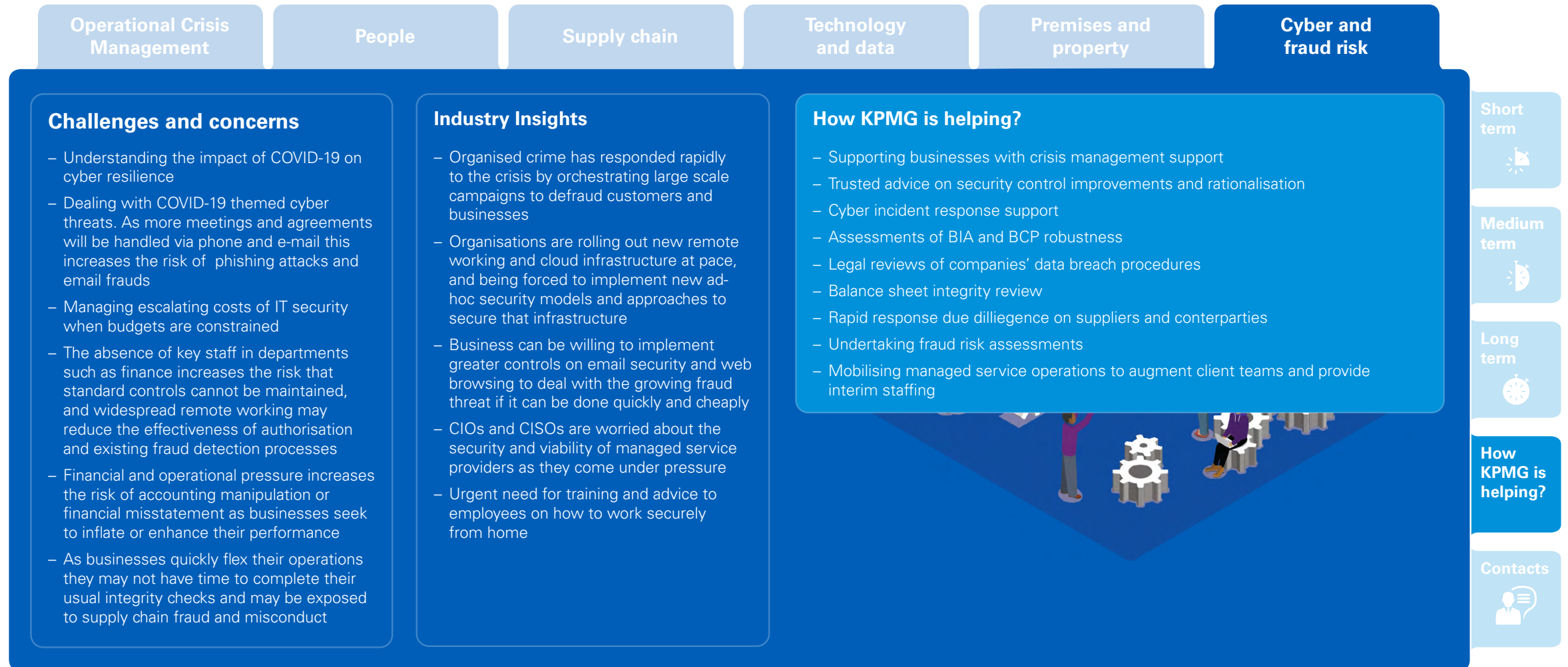
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# Operational resilience

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# Operational resilience

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Short term



Medium term



Long term



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# Commercial resilience

**As the COVID-19 pandemic takes its course, and as official responses evolve, customer behaviours are changing in ways that we have never seen before. For businesses, this is first and foremost a demand crisis, which determines large elements of the commercial challenge. Market access and demand for products and services is changing rapidly, as are customer behaviours, with material shifts in channel usage, often daily, and in several different ways at the same time. Commercial resilience is critical to every enterprise right now and is all about understanding and meeting rapidly changing customer demand, needs and behaviours at a time when patterns are highly uncertain. There are two key themes:**

## 1. Markets, products and services

## 2. Customer experience and behaviours

To navigate uncertainty, businesses need to prioritise creating human connections across an unexpected, unfamiliar landscape. To make effective decisions, actionable customer insights are more important than ever, so leaders can rapidly pivot their support to meet different needs; especially amongst the most vulnerable. Best practice in customer and colleague experience has never been more important. Those that get this right will both weather the storm and lay the foundations for the future.

Direct interventions by local and national government, such as the closure of borders, regulatory measures like the enforced shutdown of pubs, cafes and restaurants alongside “non-

essential” retail, and new legislation and policies, are having a huge impact. But that is only part of the story, with customers’ spending patterns also shifting at pace, seeing some areas of demand especially like food escalating, while others collapse. And, inevitably, there is huge pressure to shift core services onto digital platforms and channels, often for the first time.

Businesses in every sector of the economy are taking dramatic steps to respond to unprecedented changes in demand. Product lines are being streamlined; capacity is being switched to areas of high demand; resources are being redirected towards online channels, and meeting rapidly changing customer behaviours, needs and expectations has never been so critical. We’re even seeing increased collaboration between firms to share limited distribution networks.

KPMG’s Enterprise Resilience Framework can help businesses to identify and manage the threats presented by the COVID-19 pandemic, and in the next few pages we outline some of the practical steps that organisations can take to maintain and protect their commercial resilience.

**Please get in touch with your usual KPMG contact to discuss your situation in more detail.**



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**“How do you monitor, measure and adapt to changes in demand in markets, channels, products and services?”**



# Commercial resilience

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## Markets, products and services

## Customer experience and behaviours

### Challenges and concerns

- The forced closure of retail outlets and physical self-isolation has dramatically, and rapidly, altered the pattern of customer demand and impacts the flow of products and services and affecting supply chains
- New regulations and policies may disrupt market access, demand and distribution
- Demand is changing materially, with many lines seeing dramatic falls while other 'staples' and key services are experiencing rapid growth
- Demand for substitute products and services and new products and services aimed at helping customers will grow. We could see businesses being forced to pivot their focus to specific product lines

### Industry Insights

- Product lines are being rationalised and simplified to best meet changing demand, most notably within food retail
- In many product and service categories we are seeing an accelerated shift to online, which is likely to remain a permanent fixture after the current health crisis abates
- Some financial service products, notably in credit, lending and insurance, are expanding as customer finances begin to feel the strain and government intervenes to support individuals and the economy
- Capabilities are being shifted to boost capacity in areas of high demand and meet new opportunities with heavy recruitment in fulfilment operations across online, retail and food
- Cooperation and collaboration between business are on the rise, with the aim of sharing capabilities, supply chains and distribution networks



Short term



Medium term



Long term



How KPMG is helping?

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# Commercial resilience

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## Customer experience and behaviours

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### Short term

- Assess and monitor daily how current and anticipated travel restrictions, including border closures, and new regulation and policies will impact market access, customer demand, supply chains and distribution. Anticipate and plan for further restrictions in collaboration with key suppliers
- Identify which products and services are experiencing increasing or falling demand. Consider establishing additional management information flows and tracking closely emerging patterns to filter through the business
- Analyse and monitor changes in market, product and service and customer segment demand and behaviours, and review commercial arrangements - pricing, sales and service requirements - considering specific customer segments evolving situations, needs and expectations
- Decide which activities to stop, start and continue – and assess how resources and capabilities can be reallocated. Establish information, communication and decision lines through the business to ensure actions are coordinated and agile
- Identify and assess responses to any increased costs and risks
- Pivot existing capabilities to address overstock challenges
- Assess how broader industry or adjacent sector partnerships could match surplus supply with demand

#### Short term



#### Medium term



#### Long term



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### Medium term

- Establish clear channels, communication, governance and control processes to monitor and assess evolving changes in government restrictions, regulations, customer demand and behaviour
- Identify where new demand is emerging and how existing resources and capabilities could be transferred to these areas while also assessing the impact on current business
- Identify and assess opportunities for collaboration and partnerships, in order to share resource and capabilities providing guidance and clear responsibilities with the business



Short term



Medium term



Long term



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# Commercial resilience

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### Long term

- Review the product and service portfolio, assessing the implications of sustained demand disruption across markets, customer segments, products and services
- Assess the implications of material shifts in resource and capabilities according to new priorities, and the impact on core processes, governance and control
- Give thought to post-crisis commercial arrangements including sale, distribution and marketing strategies reflecting changes in customer demand and behaviours
- Revisit assumptions about customer relationships under the new paradigm



Short term



Medium term



Long term



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### How KPMG is helping?

- Rapid assessment and diagnostics to identify critical impact points across the business
- Mapping and quantifying key implications and interdependencies
- Planning and assessing capabilities, capacities and the scope to reallocate them
- Review of commercial arrangements covering pricing, sales and service requirements taking into consideration specific customer segments evolving situations, needs and expectations
- Establishing sector specific C-suite (virtual) roundtables to share key issues, learnings and encourage collaboration
- Link up and share learnings from other KPMG member firms who are in a more advanced phase of the current situation



Short term



Medium term



Long term



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# Commercial resilience

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## Markets, products and services

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Short term



Medium term



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# Commercial resilience

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## Markets, products and services

## Customer experience and behaviours

### Challenges and concerns

- Customer emotions, needs and behaviours are driving rapid changes in demand, buying patterns and channel use
- The rules of connecting with customers have seismically changed, with new best practices emerging daily. Customers are switching channels at pace, particularly to digital for key products and services
- To navigate this crisis of consumption, actionable insights are critical
- Innovative pipelines will need to be accelerated to meet new consumer needs

### Industry Insights

- Businesses are rapidly changing operating procedures to reflect new customer behaviours and reallocating resource and capabilities towards tailored customer communications and sales and service models to reflect specific segment situations and needs
- A “back to basics” approach on experience, prioritising integrity, empathy and issue resolution
- Firms are rapidly redesigning journeys to incorporate new digital capabilities, online channels and fulfilment capabilities
- Firms are equipping and enabling employees to ensure they are able to navigate the new normal



Short term



Medium term



Long term



How KPMG is helping?

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# Commercial resilience

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## Markets, products and services

## Customer experience and behaviours

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### Short term

- Identify and segment customers in response to immediate changes in demand and buying behaviours
- Develop a joined-up COVID-19 customer plan. Build cross-functionality to ensure all aspects of the customer’s experience are covered
- Use the Six Pillars of Experience as a checklist for ensuring the right bases are being covered and appropriate behaviours are in place
- Empathetically understand your customers and their immediate needs
- Include employees and front line staff in the planning so they can be rapidly equipped to provide the latest information to customers and respond flexibly as required
- Ensure employee experience is treated with the same priority as the customer experience, and manage overlaps between the two.
- Identify and segment customers in response to immediate changes in demand and buying behaviours
- Prioritise vulnerable customers and critical workers for additional support
- Identify quick wins, those aspects of the business which are suddenly very relevant (e.g. collaboration opportunities)

#### Short term



#### Medium term



#### Long term



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# Commercial resilience

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## Markets, products and services

## Customer experience and behaviours

### Challenges and concerns

- Customer emotions, needs and behaviours are driving rapid changes in demand, buying patterns and channel use
- The rules of connecting with customers have seismically changed, with new best practices emerging daily. Customers are switching channels at pace, particularly to digital for key products and services
- To navigate this crisis of consumption, actionable insights are critical
- Innovative pipelines will need to be accelerated to meet new consumer needs

### Industry Insights

- Businesses are rapidly changing operating procedures to reflect new customer behaviours and reallocating resource and capabilities towards tailored customer communications and sales and service models to reflect specific segment situations and needs
- A “back to basics” approach on experience, prioritising integrity, empathy and issue resolution
- Firms are rapidly redesigning journeys to incorporate new digital capabilities, online channels and fulfilment capabilities
- Firms are equipping and enabling employees to ensure they are able to navigate the new normal

### Medium term

- Audit customer journeys for crisis resilience – identify and resolve opportunities to automate and reduce costs. Make urgent immediate changes to reflect new channel behaviours and needs
- Mine behavioural, social and sentiment insights and establish leadership level reporting to fine-tune action
- Potentially pause initiatives that consume resource that can be deployed to meet immediate customer needs
- Seek to support emerging customer contact mechanisms such as neighbourhood WhatsApp groups and local Facebook pages
- Develop new digital marketing and communications platforms to engage customers directly and respond to their needs through personalised interactions at scale
- Initiate agile innovation teams to respond creatively to medium-term changes in customer needs and find new ways of solving emerging customer problems

Short term



Medium term



Long term



How KPMG is helping?

Contacts



# Commercial resilience

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## Markets, products and services

## Customer experience and behaviours

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### Long term

- Determine the new role for your brand as recovery sets in, re-setting all elements of brand and customer strategy to ensure long-term growth in a new environment
- Review channel strategies and develop plans and solutions to enable the business to adjust to new processes, IT capabilities and supporting resources, and governance and control processes across the business
- Develop new digital marketing and communications platforms to engage customers directly and respond to their needs through personalised interactions at scale
- Assess the potential impact of short-term disruption on longer-term patterns of customer demand and behaviour
- Re-engineer customer journeys and processes to meet altered needs and behaviours
- Establish robust MI and monitoring to track further changes in customer demand and behaviours and ensure to ensure visibility and control

Short term



Medium term



Long term



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# Commercial resilience

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### How KPMG is helping?

- COVID-19 specific checklists for customer experience, using KPMG Nunwood’s Six Pillars best practices
- Weekly social and behavioural insights, capturing emerging customer issues and needs
- Rapid mobilisation of new customer operations, channels and technologies to support specific clients
- Assistance prioritising short-term cost out, whilst maintaining ability for long-term growth
- Standing up a consumer behaviour monitor across multiple markets to understand changing consumption patterns
- Customer contract commercial and legal review and advice



Short term



Medium term



Long term



How KPMG is helping?

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Short  
term



Medium  
term



Long  
term



How  
KPMG is  
helping?

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