



KPMG LLP

Audit Board – Terms of Reference

These Terms of Reference of this committee are those referred to in the Limited Liability Partnership Agreement of KPMG LLP (“the LLPA”). In these Terms of Reference, capitalised words and expressions shall, unless the context otherwise requires, have the meanings assigned to them in the LLPA and the Terms of Reference of the UK Board.

1. Purpose

- 1.1. The Audit Board is established as a permanent committee of KPMG LLP (“**the LLP**” or “**the UK Firm**”) under the LLP Agreement. Its purpose is to provide independent oversight of the UK Firm’s Audit practice (“**KPMG Audit**” or the “**Audit Practice**”), through its composition and involvement of external members including independent Audit Non-Executives (“**ANEs**”). Its role involves overseeing the stewardship, accountability and leadership of the Audit Practice providing clear sighted counsel on the implementation of the strategic direction of the Audit Practice and alignment to its Vision, Values and Purpose. In doing so the Audit Board seeks to balance the interests of the various stakeholders to whom it is responsible in order for the Audit Practice to have a successful and sustainable future, including with a focus on maintaining and improving Audit Quality.
- 1.2. The Audit Board oversees, monitors and provides independent challenge to KPMG Audit to ensure that the UK Firm discharges its public interest obligations to investors and other key stakeholders such as regulators, as well as to those entities which it audits (audited entities), and to employees in the Audit Practice. It is an oversight board; its responsibilities do not extend to making management, operational decisions, or decisions related to strategy which are the responsibility of the Audit Executive and, ultimately, the Board of KPMG LLP (“**the UK Board**”) (and nor does it form part of the UK Firm’s System of Quality Management control over the individual audits performed by KPMG Audit). It is not involved in regulatory enforcement matters with respect to individual audits performed by KPMG Audit.
- 1.3. The Audit Board oversees the adequacy of the UK Firm’s approach for meeting the principal objectives in the Audit Firm Governance Code (“**the AFGC**”) as they relate to the Audit Practice:
 - 1.3.1. to promote Audit Quality, including the UK Firm’s strategy, culture, investment and remuneration in support thereof;
 - 1.3.2. to help the audit practice secure its reputation more broadly, including with respect to actual or perceived conflicts of interest, ethics and Independence, the regulation of Audit Firms and the Audit Profession, including:
 - (i) the regulatory objectives and principles of Operational Separation; and
 - (ii) the Audit Firm Monitoring and Supervision regime; and
 - 1.3.3. to reduce the risk of audit practice failure, including oversight of a sustainably profitable, resilient and viable audit business.

Terms of Reference approved by the UK Board on 19th September 2024, effective 1st October 2024

- 1.4. The Audit Non-Executives provide constructive challenge and specialist advice with a focus on the public interest in the Audit Practice's operations and activities, forming their own views on where the public interest lies.
- 1.5. The Audit Non-Executives fulfil their responsibilities primarily through engagement with the Audit Executive (including in the Audit Board). The Audit Non-Executives may make recommendations to the UK Board, if appropriate.
- 1.6. The Audit Non-Executives have access to, and are informed concerning, decision-making impacting the Firm which takes place at the level of the Board and Executive Committee of KPMG Holding LLP, a member of whose group ("**the Group**"), KPMG LLP has been since 1st October 2024.

2. Authority

- 2.1 The Audit Board is established by the UK Board from which it derives its authority to discharge those responsibilities set out in these Terms of Reference and to which it regularly reports, with a focus on improving Audit Quality and the interaction of the Audit Practice with the rest of the UK Firm in accordance with applicable regulatory principles for its operational separation within the UK Firm.
- 2.2 The Audit Board has authority to review any matter within its Terms of Reference and to obtain such information as it may require for such purpose from any member of the LLP, officer or employee.

3. Constitution

3.1 Chair

- 3.1.1 The Chair of the Audit Board will be appointed by the Chair of the UK Board and ratified by the UK Board. Such person shall be an independent Audit Non-Executive who shall not chair any other governance body within the Group.
- 3.1.2 In the absence of the Chair of the Audit Board, the remaining members present shall elect one of themselves to chair the meeting, provided that such person shall be an independent Audit Non-Executive.
- 3.1.3 If the Chair of the Audit Board declares a conflict of interest, or the Audit Board decides that such individual has a conflict of interest, then the members of the Audit Board shall appoint a member of the Audit Board to chair the meeting or the relevant section of the meeting, provided that such person shall be an independent Audit Non-Executive.
- 3.1.4 The Chair shall not be a member of the UK Board or the Public Interest Committee but shall be entitled to attend meetings of both in a non-voting capacity.

3.2 Membership

- 3.2.1 The Audit Board shall comprise:
 - (i) the Chair of the Audit Board (an independent Audit Non-Executive);
 - (ii) at least two other independent Audit Non-Executives; and

- (iii) at least two Non-executive Board Members provided that at least one shall have recent and relevant experience as a practising auditor.
 - 3.2.2 The number of independent Audit Non-Executives shall always exceed the number of Non-executive Board Members on the Audit Board.
 - 3.2.3 At least one of the independent Audit Non-Executives shall have relevant experience of audit at an appropriate level of seniority, either as a former auditor or consumer of audit services.
 - 3.2.4 One of the independent Audit Non-Executives may be an Independent Non-Executive, member of the Public Interest Committee.
 - 3.2.5 The Head of Audit shall be invited to attend each Audit Board meeting (subject to their not attending for scrutiny discussion relating to the Head of Audit or the Audit Executive, if the Chair of the Audit Board so requires). Where such person holds the equivalent position at Group level, they shall attend in both capacities. Where they do not, their Group level counterpart shall be invited to attend the Audit Board on a periodic basis as well.
 - 3.2.6 The Ethics Partner is entitled to attend any meeting of the Audit Board and shall have access to all agendas and papers of the Audit Board.
 - 3.2.7 The Global Head of Audit shall be invited to attend each Audit Board meeting.
 - 3.2.8 Any Independent Non-Executive (member of the Public Interest Committee) may attend meetings of the Audit Board.
 - 3.2.9 Additional members of the Audit Board shall be appointed by the UK Board on the joint recommendation of the Chair of the UK Board and the Chair of the Audit Board, provided that any appointment of independent Audit Non-Executives shall also be following consultation with the Non-Executive Members of the UK Board.
 - 3.2.10 Members can be co-opted onto the Audit Board (as determined by the Chair of the Audit Board) as the need arises to help fulfil the duties and obligations of the Audit Board. These appointments (including the duration) shall be made by the UK Board on the recommendation of the Chair of the Audit Board.
 - 3.2.11 Members may be removed from the Audit Board at any time before the end of their term by the UK Board. Any such removal will be discussed with the Chair of the Audit Board (or if the member in question is the Chair, with another Audit Non-Executive).
 - 3.2.12 Other attendees may be invited to attend meetings at the discretion of the Chair of the Audit Board.
- 3.3 Duration of appointments
- 3.3.1 Unless otherwise determined by the UK Board, the duration of appointments of independent Audit Non-Executives as members of the Audit Board shall be for a period of three years which may be extended by the UK Board for an additional two terms of three years each, subject to a maximum nine years in aggregate.
 - 3.3.2 Unless otherwise determined by the UK Board, the duration of appointments to the Audit Board of Non-executive Members of the UK Board and any co-opted members shall be for a period of up to three years which may be extended by the UK Board for an additional period of two years.

- 3.4 Secretary
- 3.4.1 The Head of Governance (or with the concurrence of the Chair of the Audit Board their nominee) shall act as Secretary to the Audit Board and attend all meetings.
- 3.4.2 The Secretary shall record the proceedings and decisions of the Audit Board meetings and the minutes shall be circulated to all members and attendees, as appropriate, taking into account any conflicts of interest that may exist.

4. Proceedings of Meetings

- 4.1 Frequency of Meetings
- 4.1.1 The Audit Board shall meet at least six times per annum and otherwise as required.
- 4.1.2 Meetings of the Audit Board may be called by the Chair of the Audit Board at any time to consider any matters falling within these Terms of Reference.

4.2 Quorum

- 4.2.1 Any three members of the Audit Board may form a quorum, provided that a majority in attendance are independent Audit Non-Executives.
- 4.2.2 A duly convened meeting of the Audit Board at which a quorum is present shall be competent to exercise all or any of the authorities, powers and discretions vested in or exercisable by the Audit Board.

4.3 Attendees

- 4.3.1 Only the members of the Audit Board, other Non-executive Members of the UK Board, Independent Non-Executives and the Ethics Partner have the right to attend Audit Board meetings.
- 4.3.2 Members of KPMG Audit leadership responsible for Audit Quality and risk management may attend each meeting on invitation of the Chair of the Audit Board.
- 4.3.3 Any member, officer or employee of the LLP may attend at the invitation of the Audit Board Chair and they may collectively or individually be requested to withdraw from meetings of the Audit Board if required to do so by the Chair of the Audit Board.

4.4 Resolutions on recommendations and observations

- 4.4.1 The Audit Board shall reach decisions by a simple majority of those voting on the issue in question. If the numbers of votes for and against a certain proposal are equal, the Chair of the Audit Board shall have a casting vote.
- 4.4.2 Any resolution evidenced in writing or by electronic or voice recognition means, by such member or members of the Audit Board as would have been necessary to pass such resolution had all members of the Audit Board been present at a meeting consider such resolution, shall be valid and effective as if it had been passed at a meeting of the Audit Board duly convened and held, provided that notice and details of the proposed resolution have been given in advance to each member of the Audit Board.

4.5 Conflicts of interest of individual Audit Board members

If a member of the Audit Board has a conflict of interest, they shall immediately

disclose this to the Chair of the Audit Board and where appropriate recuse themselves from any deliberations or votes of the Audit Board concerning the relevant subject-matter.

5. Responsibilities

The Audit Board shall under delegation by the UK Board have the following responsibilities:

5.1 Monitoring Audit Quality

- 5.1.1 Monitor the appropriateness of the Firm's policies and processes supporting Audit Quality including the focus of people in the Audit Practice on the delivery of high-quality audits in the public interest.
- 5.1.2 Monitor the drivers that contribute to Audit Quality to assess if KPMG complies with, and how it performs relative to, standards expected by investors, regulators and other stakeholders, including partners and colleagues in the Audit Practice, and make recommendations to the UK Board accordingly.
- 5.1.3 Periodically review the Firm's System of Quality Management (overseen by the Audit Committee) as it pertains to the Audit Practice, with regard to the appropriateness and effectiveness of reporting lines, authorities and responsibilities.
- 5.1.4 Review the overall targets (i.e., not targets related to individual audit engagements) set by the Audit Executive for Audit Quality to ensure that they are robust and meet regulator expectations.
- 5.1.5 Oversee the Audit Quality framework, and challenge management to ensure that the framework is sufficient to drive good quality audits and meets the expectations of investors, regulators and other stakeholders including partners and colleagues in the Audit Practice.
- 5.1.6 Review the performance of KPMG Audit and overall audit quality, including the adequacy and quality of resourcing.

5.2 Monitor the efficacy of the Single Quality Plan and the continuous improvement initiatives (including root cause analysis) in connection with Audit Quality, and in particular the elements designed to meet targets set by the FRC for AQR results and monitor performance against the plan.

5.3 Monitoring culture and behaviours

Oversee culture and behaviours within the Audit Practice and the extent to which they are supportive of the public interest, including their role in ensuring Audit Quality.

5.4 Conflicts of Interest and Independence

- 5.4.1 Monitor the adequacy and effectiveness of KPMG Audit's arrangements for managing actual, potential or perceived conflicts of interest and independence.
- 5.4.2 Monitor the effective management of actual, potential or perceived conflicts of interest internally within the Firm or its governance and leadership that could adversely impact the delivery of Audit Quality by the Audit Practice.
- 5.4.3 Receive and review a report at least twice a year from the Ethics Partner in

respect of ethics and independence matters.

- 5.4.4 Review the criteria and decision-making processes of the Audit Practice in terms of tendering for new audit work. The UK Board is the ultimate governance body with respect to tendering or retendering decisions.

5.5 Audit Practice Strategy

- 5.5.1 Review and challenge the strategy of the UK Audit Practice and relevant aspects of the Group's Audit Strategy (together, "**the Strategy**") as developed (or modified) by (or with the input of) the Audit Executive considering:
- (i) whether the Strategy is designed to ensure appropriate levels of Audit Quality are achieved and maintained;
 - (ii) the Strategy's consistency with the pursuit of the regulatory objectives and desired outcomes in the context of the operational separation of the Audit Practice within the UK Firm and the Audit Firm Governance Code;
 - (iii) the Strategy's adequacy and responsiveness to challenges in the audit profession; and
 - (iv) the Strategy's alignment to the UK Firm's Vision, Values and Purpose.
- 5.5.2 Review and challenge the development by the Audit Executive of the operational plan designed to implement the Strategy.
- 5.5.3 Monitor and make recommendations to the UK Board in respect of material strategic and regulatory matters impacting the profession and the Audit business.

5.6 Investments

- 5.6.1 Review and challenge the Audit Executive in respect of the development of the budget for investments in the Audit Practice to deliver the Strategy and, if not satisfied, raise concerns to the UK Board.
- 5.6.2 For the avoidance of doubt the approved Investment Framework adopted from time to time by the UK Board, within the Group's Investment Framework, applies to proposed investments in the Audit Practice.

5.7 Risk Management

- 5.7.1 Review and monitor the adequacy of the Audit Practice's risk management framework, including the identification, management and reporting of risks and the appropriateness of its risk appetite (including in respect of accepting higher risk audits).
- 5.7.2 Review information to monitor the determination of the Audit Practice's risk appetite and how the Audit Practice is managed against the agreed risk appetite.
- 5.7.3 Consider the UK Firm's assessment of principal risks including those that would threaten the Audit Practice's business model, future performance and sustainability.

5.8 Engagement with Regulators

Monitor the appropriateness and adequacy of KPMG Audit's interaction with external regulators and investors, to understand how the UK Firm is engaging with regulators

in an open and positive way, consistent with regulators' expectations.

5.9 Operational Separation

- 5.9.1 Oversee the operational and financial performance of KPMG Audit to monitor how the UK Firm meets the FRC's principles for Operational Separation.
- 5.9.2 Review the policies and procedures related to performance management, promotion and remuneration, to understand how they are aligned to appropriate quality outcomes and the principles for Operational Separation.

5.10 Remuneration Committee

- 5.10.1 Establish a Remuneration Committee of the Audit Board, whose membership shall be exclusively independent Audit Non-Executives, and approve such committee's Terms of Reference. The Remuneration Committee shall oversee (including where relevant on a no-names basis):
 - (i) the policy and processes for Audit partner remuneration and their implementation, in particular to monitor their consistency with the public interest and audit quality objectives and requirements, as well as to support Audit Quality; and
 - (ii) the criteria and selection processes for both Audit partner promotion and designation of Responsible Individual status.
- 5.10.2 In its oversight capacity, the Remuneration Committee will monitor, assess and apply scrutiny to anonymised data with respect to the appropriate application of the respective policies and criteria for Audit Responsible Individual remuneration and promotion.
- 5.10.3 For the avoidance of doubt, the Remuneration Committee shall not be involved in any way in decision-making in respect of any specific promotion or any given Responsible Individual's remuneration, which shall follow the firmwide governance procedures established by the UK Board and the Group.

5.11 Audit Leadership

- 5.11.1 Review candidates for appointment to the role of Head of Audit (including through interviews) and provide feedback as to whether or not the proposed candidates meet the attributes and qualities for that role to the UK CEO, UK Board and/or relevant nominations committee.
- 5.11.2 Provide input to the UK CEO on the performance of the Head of Audit each year.
- 5.11.3 The Audit Board may, where it has concerns, recommend to the UK Board that the Head of Audit be removed from their post. The decision as to whether the Head of Audit is to be removed from their post will be made by the UK Board and will be communicated to the Audit Board. The Audit Board can also make representations to the UK Board in relation to the proposed removal of the Head of Audit.

5.12 Audit Investigations

Monitor trends and lessons learned arising both from the UK Firm's matters under case examination, review or investigation by the FRC, ICAEW, ICAS, PCAOB or other relevant regulators, from litigation the UK Firm is involved in and from regulatory enforcement outcomes involving other firms that are in the public domain.

5.13 Stakeholder engagement

The Audit Board will independently and in conjunction with the UK Firm's leadership and the Independent Non-Executives (members of the PIC) engage with regulators, investors and other stakeholders to enhance stakeholder confidence in the public interest aspect of the UK Firm. In this context, the ANEs will meet at least once a year with representatives of the FRC.

6. General

- 6.1 The Audit Board shall review and provide input on the Audit Quality section of the annual report.
- 6.2 The Audit Board may provide input (as appropriate) with respect to material communications to regulators and the UK Firm's responses to relevant consultations.
- 6.3 As part of the Audit Board's oversight role, individual ANEs are invited to attend UK Board Committees (and the Chair of the Audit Board is invited to attend the UK Board) to further pursue the purpose of the AFGC. As attendees, ANEs will: (1) monitor the activities of the wider UK Firm, the Group and the global network for their potential to affect Audit Quality and the resilience of the Audit Practice (liaising with the PIC as necessary); and (2) ensure the UK Firm takes account of the public interest in its wider decision making.
- 6.4 In relation to each of the matters set out in section 5, the Audit Board will liaise with the Public Interest Committee ("PIC") which has public interest oversight responsibilities with respect to the whole UK Firm (and on which the Audit Board may reasonably rely). In this context, the Chair of the Audit Board will liaise with the Chair of the PIC regarding the Audit Practice, Audit Quality, reputational risks in Audit, the impact of the non-Audit businesses of the firm upon Audit Quality, and the resilience of the Audit Practice.
- 6.5 The Audit Board shall assume no responsibility (as the Audit Board or individually as its members) for supervision nor have direct management responsibility for audits, quality control of audits or the setting of audit partners' remuneration.

7. Reporting

- 7.1 Minutes of each Audit Board meeting will be disclosed at the following meeting of the UK Board. The Chair of the Audit Board shall report to the UK Board after each meeting on matters within its duties and responsibilities.
- 7.2 The Audit Board shall compile a report of the work of the Audit Board in discharging its responsibilities for inclusion in the Transparency Report, including a description of significant issues dealt with by the Audit Board.
- 7.3 The Audit Board shall work and liaise as necessary with other Committees of the UK Board and with the Public Interest Committee.
- 7.4 The ANEs shall inform the Regulator as soon as possible if they have concerns in the following circumstances:
 - the ANE believes the UK Firm is acting contrary to the public interest; or
 - the ANE believes the UK Firm is endangering the objectives of the AFGC; or
 - the ANE initiates the procedure for fundamental disagreements.

8. Governance and Resources

- 8.1 The Audit Board shall, via the Secretary to the Audit Board, make available to new members of the Audit Board a suitable induction process and, for existing members, ongoing training as discussed and agreed by the Audit Board.
- 8.2 The Audit Board shall conduct an annual self-assessment of its activities under these Terms of Reference and shall conduct an externally facilitated Board evaluation every three years. The Audit Board shall report any conclusions and recommendations to the UK Board and, as part of this assessment, shall consider whether or not it receives adequate and appropriate support in fulfilment of its role and whether or not its annual plan of work is manageable. The Chair of the Audit Board, supported by the Secretary to the Audit Board, shall be responsible for acting on the results of the self-assessment and embedding the recommendations from the externally facilitated evaluation.
- 8.3 The Audit Board shall in making recommendations and observations give due regard to any relevant legal or regulatory requirements, and associated best practice guidance, as well as to the risk and reputation implications of its decisions (liaising where relevant with other Committees).
- 8.4 The Audit Board shall have access to sufficient resources in order to carry out its duties and have the power to engage the UK Firm's Internal Audit function as well as independent counsel and other professional advisers and to invite them to attend meetings.
- 8.5 In the event of any significant and serious disagreement between the Audit Board and the UK Board with respect to any matters within the scope of the Audit Board's Purpose, Authority and Responsibilities as set out in these Terms of Reference, the UK Board shall ensure that such disagreement shall be reported within the UK Firm's next following annual Transparency Report. With regard to any dispute between the Audit Board and the UK Board with respect to the decision to include such a report in the Transparency Report, the matter shall be the subject of consultation with the Public Interest Committee. Any INE who sits on the Audit Board may recuse themselves from such consultation (but shall not be obliged so to do). This mechanism shall not limit the ability of the ANEs to disclose such disagreements to the FRC or, in the event of resignation by an ANE, to disclose such disagreements in a public statement as contemplated by the AFGC.
- 8.6 The Audit Board may commission reviews from Internal Audit to support their oversight role.
- 8.7 The Audit Non-Executives shall be entitled to seek independent professional advice (at the UK Firm's expense) where an ANE judges such advice necessary to discharge their duties.

9. Terms of Reference

The Audit Board shall annually review its Terms of Reference and may recommend to the UK Board any amendments to its Terms of Reference.