

CFO Financial Forum Webcast

Quarterly Outlook for Accounting and Financial Reporting

September 20, 2016



Administrative

- CPE regulations require that online participants take part in online questions
 - Must respond to a minimum of five questions
 - Polling questions will appear on your media player
 - Results will be reviewed in the aggregate; no responses will be tracked back to any individual or organization
- To ask a question, use the "Ask A Question" box in your media player
- Technical issues: use the ? button in the upper-right corner of your Webcast player to access our online help portal
 - If this does not resolve your issue, please submit a question through the Ask a Question box, and you will receive a reply from our technical staff shortly in the Answered Questions box



Agenda



SEC activities



This quarter's headlines



Major Board projects



Other FASB projects



Emerging Issues Task Force activities



KPMG

Glossary

Glossary

ASC – Accounting Standards Codification

ASU – Accounting Standards Update

EBIT – Earnings Before Interest and Taxes

EBITDA – Earnings Before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation, and Amortization

EITF – Emerging Issues Task Force

FASB – Financial Accounting Standards Board

GAAP – Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

IASB – International Accounting Standards Board

SEC – Securities and Exchange Commission

XBRL – eXtensible Business Reporting Language





SEC activities

Non-GAAP financial measures

SEC activities



SEC Compliance & Disclosure Interpretations (issued May 17, 2016) prohibit:

- Non-GAAP measures given equal or more prominence than GAAP measures
- Misleading financial measures
 - Excluding normal operating expenses
 - Inconsistency in presentation between periods
 - Including gains, but excluding charges
 - Individually tailored accounting principles
- EBIT, EBITDA, or free cash flow that is not reconciled to GAAP measures
- Per share non-GAAP liquidity measures
- Inappropriate adjustments for tax expenses

There has been a significant uptick in SEC comment letters from:



Division of Corporate Finance

- Primarily focused on inconsistencies with the updated Compliance and Disclosure Interpretations (C&DIs)
- Generally allow comments to be addressed in future filings



Division of Enforcement

- Primarily focused on C&DI 102.10
 Equal or Greater Prominence of
 Most Directly Comparable GAAP
 Measure
- Begins the investigation of possible violations of federal securities laws through the dissemination of false or misleading non-GAAP financial measures



Non-GAAP financial measures

Other activities



Center for Audit Quality tool for audit committees emphasizes:

- Transparency
- Consistency
- Comparability



International Organization of Securities Commissions framework for preparing disclosures that:

- Contribute to the reliability and year-to-year comparability of non-GAAP financial measures
- Reduce the potential of misleading disclosures



SEC proposes to reduce redundant disclosures

Select proposed changes

- Eliminate SEC disclosures already required by GAAP
- Eliminate some bright-line disclosures when GAAP requires similar information
- Remove some disclosures from Management Discussion and Analysis
 - Refer these to the FASB for incorporation into U.S. GAAP
- Eliminate SEC disclosures that have limited usefulness
- Combine disclosures into one place



If certain disclosures were incorporated into U.S. GAAP, private companies and smaller reporting companies may require additional disclosures.



Polling question #1

Do you believe the SEC's proposal to reduce redundant disclosures will provide benefits to financial statement preparers or users or both?

- A. Financial statement users
- B. Financial statement preparers
- C. Both
- D. Neither
- E. Not sure



Other SEC activities

Inline XBRL permitted

Permits:

- Embedded XBRL in financial statements
- Use in quarterly and annual financial statements through March 2020



Public companies using Inline XBRL should consider the effect on financial statement preparation and review processes.

Final rule for payments by resource extraction issuers

Disclose:

- Payments of \$100,000 or more made to the U.S. Federal government and foreign governments for the commercial development of oil, natural gas, or minerals
- Project-level detail

Targeted exemptions for:

- Acquired businesses
- Exploratory activity

Effective:

Fiscal year ending no earlier than 9/30/2018



SEC proposal for smaller reporting entity qualification

Current

Public float less than \$75 million

Proposed

- Public float less than \$250 million
- If no public float, then less than \$100 million in revenue
- If status is lost by exceeding limits:
 - Regain status at less than \$100 million in public float (or less than \$80 million in revenue, if no public float)



Entities with greater than \$75 million public float would still qualify as accelerated filers with shorter filing deadlines and internal control over financial reporting audit requirements.





This quarter's headlines

Cash flow classification (ASU 2016-15)



What are the key changes of the standard?

- Provides statement of cash flow classification guidance on eight issues



When is it effective?

Effective dates for all issues				
	Annual periods	Interim periods in fiscal years		
Public business entities	Beginning after 12/15/2017	Beginning after 12/15/2017		
All other entities	Beginning after 12/15/2018	Beginning after 12/15/2019		

— Early adoption permitted only if all issues adopted at the same time



Cash flow classification (ASU 2016-15)

Issue	Classification	
Debt prepayment or	Financing activities	
extinguishment costs		
Settlement of zero-coupon	At settlement, separate the payments into:	
bonds or bonds issued at a	 Operating activities - Portion attributable to the accreted 	
discount with insignificant	interest	
cash coupon	 Financing activities - Portion attributable to the principal (original proceeds) 	
Contingent consideration	Payments not paid soon after the business combination:	
payments made after a business combination	 Financing activities - Portion of payment that is less than or equal to the amount of the liability recognized at the acquisition date for the contingent consideration 	
	- Operating activities - Remainder of the cash outflow	
Proceeds from settlement of	Classify based on the nature of the loss	
insurance claims		
Proceeds from settlement of	- Premiums paid as investing activities, operating activities, or a	
corporate-owned life	combination of investing and operating activities	
insurance policies	- Proceeds received as investing activities	



Cash flow classification (ASU 2016-15)

Issue	Classification
Distributions received from	Policy election for all investees:
equity method investees	- Cumulative-Earnings Approach
	- Look-Through Approach
Beneficial interests in	Transferor would:
securitization transactions	 Disclose the receipt of a beneficial interest in a securitization of financial assets as a noncash activity
	 Classify cash receipts from its beneficial interest in securitized trade receivables as investing activities
Separately identifiable cash	Use reasonable judgment to separate the identifiable sources and
flows and application of the	uses of an aggregate cash receipt or payment
predominance principle	If aspects of more than one class of cash flows and cannot separate by source or use, classification depends on activity that likely would be the <i>predominant source</i> or use of cash flows



Polling question #2

Will the new guidance on statement of cash flows affect your company?

- A. Yes, we will need to change cash flow classifications
- B. No, we were already using the classification as policy elections, where applicable
- C. No, we do not have any of these cash flow items
- D. Not sure
- E. Not applicable



Income tax accounting for intra-entity transfers



What are the key changes of the standard?

- Requires entities to recognize income tax consequences of intra-entity transfers of assets other than inventory immediately when transfer occurs
- Final standard expected Q3 2016



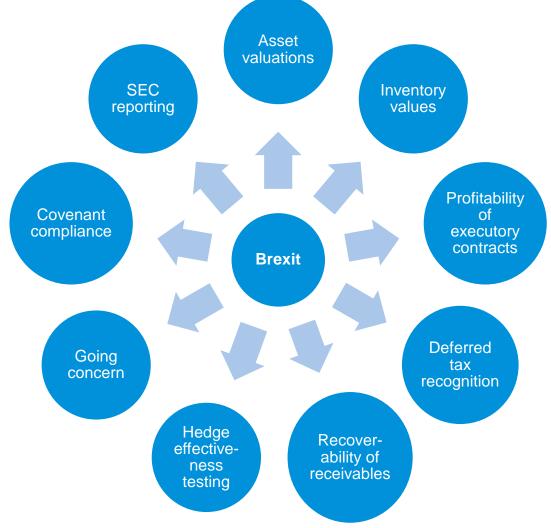
When is it effective?

Effective dates for all issues				
	Annual periods	Interim periods in		
		fiscal years		
Public business entities	Beginning after	Beginning after		
	12/15/2017	12/15/2017		
All other entities	Beginning after	Beginning after		
	12/15/2018	12/15/2019		

— Early adoption is permitted at the beginning of an annual reporting period



Brexit financial reporting implications





Polling question #3

During Q3 2016, the FASB also issued a final standard related to financial statement presentation for not-for-profit entities. Will the new not-for-profit standard affect the entity that you work for or boards that you sit on?

- A. Yes, I work for a not-for-profit
- B. Yes, it will affect the entity that I work for in some other way
- C. Yes, I sit on a not-for-profit board of directors
- D. No
- E. Not sure



KPMG

Question and answer session

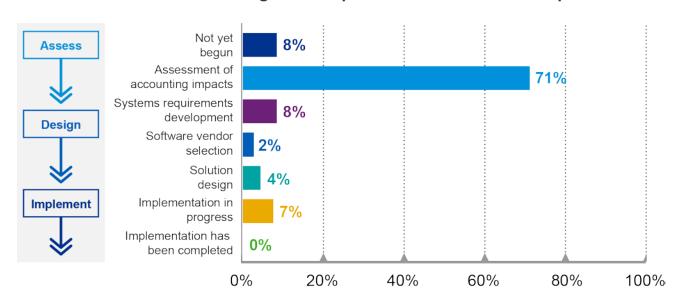


Major Board projects

Revenue from contracts with customers

Implementation status

Status of revenue recognition implementation - Public companies





"Many companies appear to be 'stuck' in assessment activities"

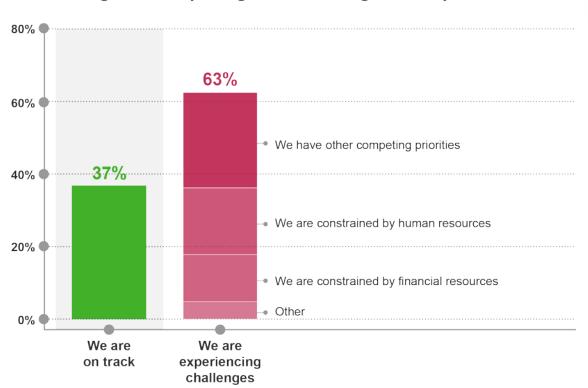
KPMG's 2016 Accounting Change Survey



Revenue from contracts with customers

Implementation challenges

Challenges in completing revenue recognition implementation





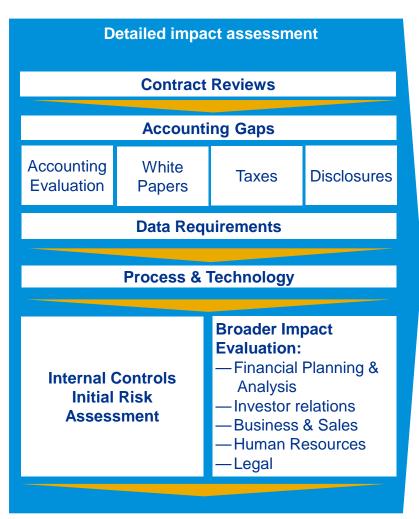
"More than 60 percent of respondents admitted that they are behind schedule"

– KPMG's 2016Accounting ChangeSurvey



Revenue from contracts with customers

Detailed impact assessment



Transition Option Assessment

Assess transition adjustment needs

Determine information needs based on method selected

- Calculation of cumulative effect
- Restatement of 2016 & 2017, including quarters
- Historical data
- Population of contracts requiring adjustment



Polling question #4

Where along the implementation spectrum would you say your company is relative to the new revenue recognition standard?

- A. Currently assessing the effects of the new standard (i.e., high-level assessment)
- B. Currently performing contract reviews, identifying accounting gaps, and assessing transition options (i.e., detailed assessment)
- C. Assessment complete or near complete, and planning implementation
- D. Implementation activities are underway
- E. Implementation in parallel reporting
- F. Not sure/not applicable

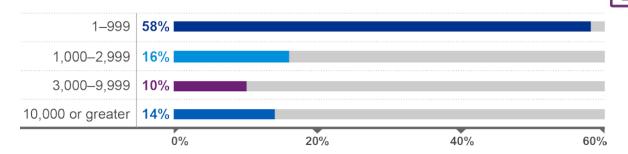


Lease accounting

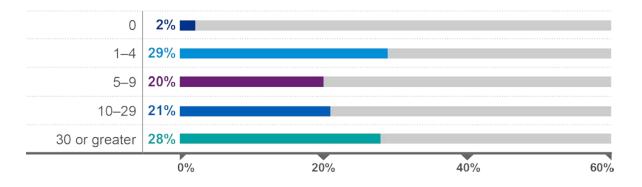
Operational effort

Number of Leases

Note: The total is not equal to 100 percent due to rounding.



Number of locations with leases



"Just finding and collecting data will... be a significant task for most companies. Many companies may find that the original estimates of their lease population is understated..."

– KPMG's 2016Accounting ChangeSurvey



Lease accounting

Lease identification

Identified asset Control over use Lease

- Asset is explicitly or implicitly specified in a contract
- —Asset is physically distinct
 - Applies to distinct portions but not generic capacity
- —Supplier does not have a substantive substitution right

- Customer has the right (throughout the period of use) to:
 - Obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the asset
 - Direct (including the right to change) how and for what purpose the asset is used



Financial instruments

Classification and measurement



- Targeted changes with significant potential effect on those areas
 - Equity securities will be recorded at fair value through net income (i.e., will result in increased volatility)
 - New measurement alternative for equity securities without readily determinable fair values
 - Cost +/- observable transactions less impairment
 - Cost method eliminated



- Effective in 2018 for public companies



Financial instruments

Credit losses



- New current expected credit loss model requires immediate recognition of an estimate of credit losses expected to occur over the remaining life of the financial assets measured at amortized cost
- Scope includes:
 - Loans
 - Trade receivables
 - Net investments in leases
 - Debt securities classified as held-to-maturity
 - Loan commitments
- Financial guarantee contracts that are not accounted for as insurance contracts - Effective in 2020 for public companies



Financial instruments

Hedging



Exposure draft with targeted improvements to broaden use and decrease operational burdens



Proposed changes would:

- Permit entities to designate contractually specified components as the hedged risk in a cash flow hedge involving:
 - Purchase or sale of nonfinancial assets
 - Variable rate financial instruments
- Eliminate requirement to separately measure and report hedge ineffectiveness
- Allow entities to choose refined measurement techniques to determine changes in fair value of the hedged item in fair value hedges of benchmark interest rate risk



Comment period ends November 22



Polling question #5

Does your company enter into hedging relationships that do not currently qualify for hedge accounting?

- A. Yes
- B. No
- C. Not sure
- D. Not applicable



KPMG

Other FASB projects

Other FASB projects - status

ŶŶŶ

Redeliberations

- Clarifying the Definition of a Business
- Consolidation: Interests Held through Related Parties that Are under Common Control
- Disclosure Framework: Board's Decision Process
- Disclosure Framework: Entity's Decision Process
- Disclosure Framework: Defined Benefit Plans
- Disclosure Framework: Fair Value Measurement
- Disclosures by Business Entities about Government Assistance
- Financial Statements of Not-for-Profit Companies (Phase 2)
- Goodwill Impairment
- Income Tax Accounting for Intra-Entity Asset Transfers
- Insurance: Targeted Improvements to the Accounting for Long-Duration Contracts
- Presentation of Net Period Pension Cost and Net Periodic Postretirement Benefit Cost
- Restricted Cash (EITF 16-A)
- Sales of Nonfinancial Assets and Partial Sales
- Technical Corrections and Improvements Revenue
- Technical Corrections and Improvements



Other FASB projects - status

Comment period

- Employee Benefit Plan Master Trust Reporting (EITF 16-B) (September 26)
- Disclosure Framework: Income Taxes (September 30)
- Consolidation for Not-for-Profit Entities (October 3)
- Conceptual Framework: Presentation (November 9)
- Financial Instruments: Hedging (November 22)



Proposed disclosures for income taxes



What are the key changes of the standard?

New disclosures, including:

- Disaggregated disclosure about domestic and foreign income (loss) from continuing operations before income tax expense (benefit), income tax expense (benefit) from continuing operations, and income taxes paid
- Amount of foreign income taxes paid to a country, if significant
- Explanation of a change in assertion about indefinitely reinvested undistributed foreign earnings
- Description of an enacted tax law change if it is probable it will affect the entity in a future period
- Description of individually negotiated, legally enforceable agreements with governments that may reduce income tax burden
- Separate presentation of the unrecognized tax benefits that were settled using existing tax assets from those that were settled in cash (public business entities only)
- Amount and explanation of the valuation allowance recognized and released (public business entities only)

Modifications to existing disclosures, including:

 Removing the requirement to disclose the nature and estimate of possible changes in unrecognized tax benefits for the next 12 months



Proposed disclosures for income taxes



How could it impact your business?

- More flexibility and discretion to decide what information is material and should be included in disclosures
- Would need to evaluate existing processes and controls over accumulating and aggregating the data necessary to comply with the new disclosures



Comment period ends September 30



Polling question #6

Other than income taxes, which of the following disclosure reviews will most significantly affect your company?

- A. Defined benefit and postretirement plans
- B. Fair value measurement
- C. Inventory
- D. Interim reporting
- E. Not sure/not applicable



Other recent exposure drafts

Concept Statement for presenting items in financial statements

- Would become a framework for the Board to create presentation requirements
- Concepts would address how to:
 - Group items into line items and subtotals
 - Clarify the relationships among assets, liabilities, and equity and the effects on comprehensive income and cash flows
- Comment period ends November 9





Emerging Issues Task Force activities

EITF activities



Restricted Cash (EITF 16-A)

 Statement of cash flows would explain the change in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash under the exposure draft To be redeliberated September 22



Employee Benefit Plan Master Trust Reporting (EITF 16-B)

 Consensus-for-exposure on eight issues that would affect presentation and disclosures in the financial statements of employee benefit plans with investments held in master trusts Comments due September 26



Service Concession Arrangements (EITF 16-C)

 Day 2 accounting - application of revenue guidance when accounting for construction and operation services, and major maintenance New issue to be deliberated September 22



Polling question #7

Does your company currently or historically present restricted cash?

- A. Yes
- B. No
- C. Not sure
- D. Not applicable



KPMG

Question and answer session

Presenter's contact details

Name	E-mail
Angie Storm, Partner	astorm@kpmg.com
Sam Hall, Senior manager	shalliv@kpmg.com
Vicky Pollock, Senior manager	vferrigno@kpmg.com
Ellen Russo, Director	erusso@kpmg.com
Jennifer Yruma, Director	jyruma@kpmg.com

Financial Reporting Network:

http://www.kpmg-institutes.com/institutes/financial-reporting-network.html

KPMG Learning Executive Education:

www.execed.kpmg.com





Annual Accounting & Financial Reporting Symposium

Anticipate. Prepare. Innovate.

December 1-2, 2016 The Bellagio Las Vegas

Earn up to 16 CPE credits
To learn more and register go to kpmg.com/us/symp2016

Delivering quality training.
Driving high performance.
KPMG Executive Education
us-kpmglearning@kpmg.com





Thank you for joining us.

The player will now refresh to display an exit survey. Feel free to complete this survey and click the Submit button.

Please send any questions to: community-manager@kpmg.com.





kpmg.com/socialmedia

The information contained herein is of a general nature and is not intended to address the circumstances of any particular individual or entity. Although we endeavor to provide accurate and timely information, there can be no guarantee that such information is accurate as of the date it is received or that it will continue to be accurate in the future. No one should act on such information without appropriate professional advice after a thorough examination of the particular situation.

© 2016 KPMG LLP, a Delaware limited liability partnership and the U.S. member firm of the KPMG network of independent member firms affiliated with KPMG International Cooperative ("KPMG International"), a Swiss entity. All rights reserved.

The KPMG name and logo are registered trademarks or trademarks of KPMG International.