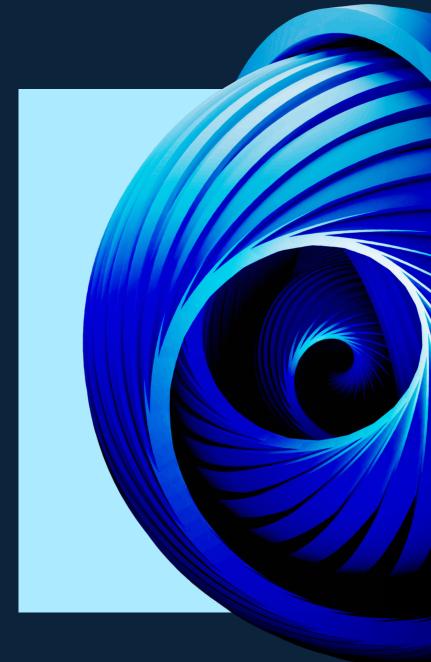


The sages family business story

The little grocery store that grew

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The Sages family business story

The Sages family business story follows a fictional family through the entrepreneurial success of a little grocery shop created in the 1950s that becomes a significant retail group. Through this story, we discover various challenges family members face: transition, wealth, people, growth, risk, governance and more.

We invite you to watch the Sages family business story video at **kpmg.com/familybusiness** and for more information, contact **familybusiness@kpmg.com**.



The little grocery shop that grew

An entrepreneurial success story

In 1954, Thomas Sages, aged 30, opened a small **grocery shop** in his native town. He was passionate about offering quality food at a good price. Because his parents and grandparents owned a farm, he had been able to build good relationships with a network of farmers who could provide fresh fruits and vegetables at competitive rates. Moreover, Thomas paid particular attention to the service offered to his clients, making people always feel welcome and cared for in the shop, and occasionally making the extra effort to deliver the goods to his clients himself. Demand was high. He soon had the opportunity to open a second and then a third shop in other parts of the town. **A business was born**.

During that time, the first supermarkets were getting off the ground in the US, Canada, and soon France, the UK, Belgium and other countries. Thomas traveled to several places to learn from others, and soon decided to launch his own supermarket: a large shop where customers could help themselves and pay a cashier. After a few months of 'trial and error', he found a successful formula based on his past success of offering good quality and service at an affordable price. **The business took a new turn — the industrialization of his concept could start**.

Supermarkets are known to be good businesses in terms of working capital requirements, with customers paying cash and suppliers being paid well after the delivery and sale of goods. However, buying land and building the supermarkets required funds. **Thomas** **turned to his family and friends to seek capital**, and to his local bank for loans. His parents gave him part of his inheritance under the form of a plot of land and some cash, and one of his friends, David, contributed to a capital increase (ending up with 10 percent equity).

As part of the expansion, Thomas also started to develop franchisees: independent store owners who

could use the brand against the payment of a fee, and who bought most of the merchandise through a newly created central buying structure.

During the early years of his business, Thomas recruited talented managers from other companies and set aside 10 percent of the capital to reward them.



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A family business

Thomas's wife, Martina, always supported him in his ventures. At the beginning, she helped with the accounting, and when the business grew, she occasionally traveled with him to visit stores and participated in social events with key managers, franchisees and suppliers. Their friend David was often invited to their home with his wife and only son David Junior. It was through these occasions that Thomas and Martina's daughter, Caroline, met David Junior. They announced their wedding in 1976.

Thomas could not think of a more interesting job for his children than working with him in the business. As soon as they finished university, **he invited his children Charles, Caroline and Timothy to join him.** He also gave each of them 5 percent of the shares in full ownership. The rest of the shares were split between the managers (10 percent), David (10 percent), Martina (10 percent), and him (55 percent). All three children started as trainees in stores and worked their way up the ladder. Thomas did not show any favoritism towards





them. Rather, he encouraged a competitive spirit between the three. Fortunately, Caroline and Timothy got along very well, but Charles, the eldest son, was unhappy with his situation. After a few years, Charles left the family business with some bitterness and joined a consulting company specialized in consumer goods and retail. Caroline was put in charge of the consumer credit division and Timothy managed a growing number of stores, gradually taking over the operations.

Thomas celebrated his 80th birthday — a celebration of the extraordinary accomplishments of a visionary. He was in great health, surrounded by his wife, their three children and their spouses, and grandchildren. Additionally, his eldest son, Louis, from a short-lived first marriage also attended Thomas's birthday celebrations. Louis had been raised by his mother and his stepfather, but had become closer to Thomas in recent years.

Thomas was still very active in the key decisions of the business and most employees at times feared and cherished his regular visits to the offices and stores. However, he was becoming less prone to encourage risks. **He had started to have disagreements with his children**, who wanted to try new ideas: reorganizing the franchise system, trying new distribution channels, using online capabilities, managing the real estate as an independent entity. These topics were sources of difficult conversations and, as a result, were not readdressed. The company was becoming slow to adapt to new market conditions and started to lose some drive. From the beginning, the business had a legal board of directors, consisting of Thomas, Martina and David. They formally met around lunch once a year, signed the legal documents of the board and the general assembly of shareholders, and enjoyed friendship and business success. When his children joined the company, Thomas invited them to join the board. When Charles left the business, he also left the board, in spite of his father's desire to see him stay.

When David Senior passed away, **his shares went** to David Junior, who was invited to join the

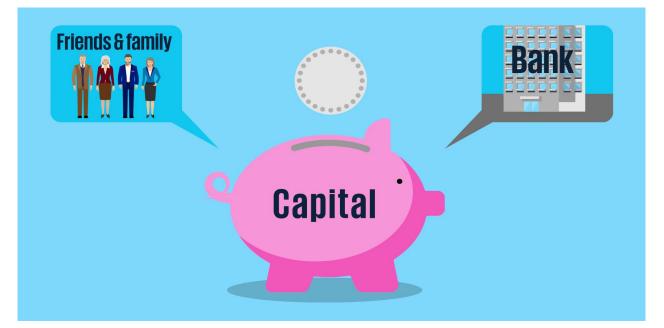
board. The board was now meeting twice a year but spent significantly more time reviewing the business results and some minor details than discussing future business strategies.

Planning the future

Thomas and Martina's grandchildren were growing up, and some of them had completed their university education. Caroline and David Junior, in consultation with Timothy, invited their older children, **Jim and Lucie, to join the business.** Lucie started working in supermarkets as a shelf manager, while Jim was asked to investigate how to start international expansion in neighboring countries. During that time, Caroline's younger son, Peter, had started selling high-quality wines online, putting into action his business school project. He had approached Timothy to talk about possible synergies with the Sages Group. At this point, **Timothy felt that action was needed to prevent the business and the family from facing major issues.** Urgent reflection was needed on strategy, and the board of directors was not fulfilling its role. Decisions would have to be taken regarding the best route to international expansion and the financing required. Another set of questions were raised by the by the development in online technologies.

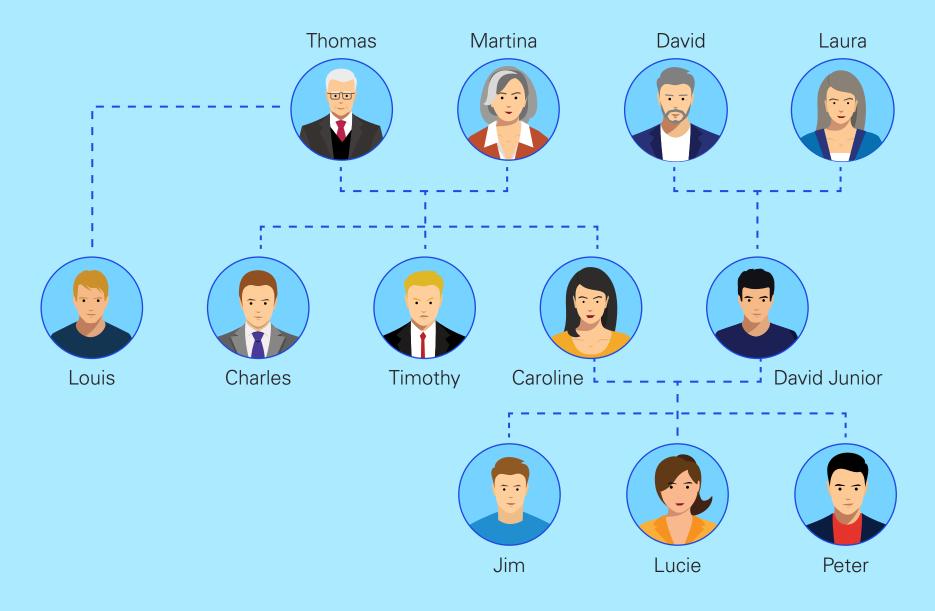
What could be done to have solid discussions and to restore the business dynamism that had been

so impressive in the past? On the family side, two family members had recently joined the business. Should Timothy accept all the cousins who showed an interest? How would their careers be managed? Together, Caroline and David Junior owned 15 percent of the shares and they both sat on the board of directors. Would that give their children a priority over the others? What about Charles and his family? And Louis? How would Thomas's shares be distributed?



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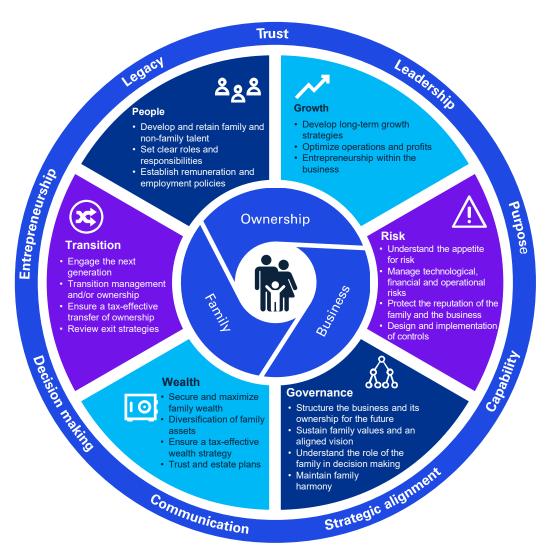
The Sages family tree



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Family business dynamics

As with your family, your business doesn't stand still — it evolves. Family businesses are unique. At the core lies an important dynamic connecting the family and the business through the family's ownership, which offers both opportunities and challenges. Surrounding each decision you may take are strong family values and a purpose that helps you navigate the journey ahead. KPMG Private Enterprise advisers understand the dynamics of a successful business and work with you to provide tailored advice — throughout the lifecycle of your business.



Source: KPMG Private Enterprise Family business dynamics, 2017

About KPMG Private Enterprise

Passion, it's what drives entrepreneurs; it's also what inspires KPMG Private Enterprise advisers to help you maximize success. You know KPMG, but you might not know KPMG Private Enterprise. KPMG Private Enterprise advisers in KPMG firms around the world are dedicated to working with you and your business, no matter where you are in your growth journey — whether you're looking to reach new heights, embrace technology, plan for an exit, or manage the transition of wealth or your business to the next generation. Working with KPMG Private Enterprise, you'll gain access to a trusted adviser — a single point of contact who shares your entrepreneurial mindset. Access to KPMG's global resources and alliance network can help you drive your business forward and meet your goals. Your success is KPMG Private Enterprise's legacy.

About the KPMG Private Enterprise Global Family Business Network

As with your family, your business doesn't stand still — it evolves. Family businesses are unique and KPMG Private Enterprise family business advisers understand the dynamics of a successful family business and work with you to provide tailored advice and experienced guidance to help you succeed. To support the unique needs of family businesses, KPMG Private Enterprise coordinates with KPMG firms from around the world that are dedicated to offering relevant information and advice to family-owned companies. KPMG Private Enterprise understands that the nature of a family business is inherently different from a non-family business and requires an approach that considers the family component.

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