



KPMG Cyber Threat Intelligence Platform

CACTUS Ransomware – Concealed Binary Wrecking Havoc



The CACTUS ransomware has emerged as a significant cybersecurity threat since March 2023. This new strain of ransomware capitalizes on known vulnerabilities of VPN to breach targeted networks, employing UPX packing and self encryption to avoid detection. The utilization of double extortion tactics intensifies the risk landscape for organizations, posing an additional layer of threat. Particularly, large commercial organizations are the primary targets of this ransomware.

CACTUS exploits known vulnerabilities in VPN appliances to gain initial access. It deploys an SSH backdoor to connect to C2 & sets persistence for the same via scheduled tasks. It conducts network recon through scanner tools and uses PowerShell to gather endpoint information, identify user accounts, and save the data locally. It leverages remote access tools for persistence and deploys proxy tool like Chisel for C2 traffic tunneling and script transfer. The malware dumps credentials from browsers & LSASS for privilege escalation & lateral movement. Also, local admin accounts are added via batch script and antivirus software is uninstalled. Data exfiltration is achieved through Rclone, a cloud storage tool. Post exfiltration, the 'TotalExec.ps1' script automates the deployment of an encryptor, setting autorun, extracting compressed ransomware binary & executing it remotely using PsExec. Its encryptor binary supports arguments such as '-s' to set persistence and writing encoded configuration; '-r' to read configuration from 'ntuser.dat' file and spawning; '-i' to proceed to encryption. Cactus utilizes multi-threaded encryption with a '.cts\d' file extension.

CACTUS ransomware exploits the vulnerability and utilizes self-encryption technique to beat security checks that poses significant risk. To prevent this, it is crucial to always update the patches and monitor the network for data exfiltration tasks.

What should you do?

- Monitor Indicators of Compromise (IoCs) in your environment to identify anomalies.
- Ensure your Windows environment is patched to the brim and is protected with multi-factor authentication.
- Conduct a comprehensive, full spectrum, threat assessment exercise to uncover blind spots and improvement areas.

The KPMG Cyber Threat Intelligence Platform is an industry defining, research-based capability for enhanced visibility into cyber threats.

Our machine ingestible feeds and analysis are the result of automated, sensor-based intelligence metrics with dedicated, expert insights of each threat to provide you the appropriate context on a timely basis in industry standard formats such as STIX/TAXII/MISP.

These feeds are additionally co-related with our industry partners and independent research for additional context. The intelligence obtained is then curated from strategic, tactical and operational perspective to give you a wide-ranging view of cyber threats.

We also assist you with our renowned cyber incident response and threat hunting services in case you identify an active threat in your environment.

We offer a wide-range of services, including:

Strategic threat intelligence report

Machine ingestible threat intelligence feeds

Threat intelligence driven pre-emptive threat hunting exercise

Cyber Incident Response Services

Contact us:

KPMG in India Cyber Response Hotline : +91 9176 471 471

Atul Gupta
Partner, Head of Cyber Security,
KPMG in India
T: +91 98100 81050
E: atulgupta@kpmg.com

B V, Raghavendra
Partner, KPMG in India
T: +91 98455 45202
E: raghavendravn@kpmg.com

Sony Anthony
Partner, KPMG in India
T: +91 98455 65222
E: santhony@kpmg.com

Chandra Prakash
Partner, KPMG in India
T: +91 99000 20190
E: chandraprakash@kpmg.com

Manish Tembhurkar
Associate Partner,
KPMG in India
T: +91 98181 99432
E: mtembhurkar@kpmg.com

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KPMG Assurance and Consulting Services LLP, Lodha Exodus, Apollo Mills Compound, NM Joshi Marg, Mahalaxmi, Mumbai - 400 011 Phone: +91 22 3989 6000, Fax: +91 22 3983 6000.

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Indicators of Compromise: IP Addresses

104.86.182[.]8	23.216.147[.]76
20.99.184[.]37	163.123.142[.]213
23.216.147[.]64	

Indicators of Compromise: Domains

progeteccloud[.]online

Indicators of Compromise: Hashes

d9f15227fefb98ba69d98542f7e568
3adc612b769a2b1d08b50b1fb5783bcf
be7b13aee7b510b052d023dd936dc32f
26f3a62d205004fbc9c76330c1c71536
d5e5980feb1906d85fbd2a5f2165baf7
78aea93137be5f10e9281dd578a3ba73
5737cb3a9a6d22e957cf747986eeb1b3
e28db6a65da2ebcf304873c9a5ed086d
949d9523269604db26065f002feef9ae
eba1596272ff695a1219b1380468293a
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2611833c12aa97d3b14d2ed541df06b2
de6ce47e28337d28b6d29ff61980b2e9
4baf3066aec9851b1acb05cecc093562
45ebcb76574ba953a69ccb2bb92f5aea
2d1e815c8486f9123276cc942638fc73
a892940cdc8d3bbc58a8a0fb814b7c9e
7ce6d2015647765528fa314c0e349d42
f63627cd5490822768a105c67cd410b5
6462b5463a50154b5a7c3b89d6b6db76
de8e875dbba6089a6a1d0944c5f4fea6
97dcabd4a3ca1a2d8f1f0dbdb0bd7721
c1bcacf47e8739936b40547c9a184d1e
bca9143bf5e45cb88f90dd44dc3bb63b



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Indicators of Compromise: Hashes

d41d8cd98f00b204e9800998ecf8427e

daf1853a8f44f3a1c7ff93325c822c57

c0ba7bc46af92c6c76af76a3df5f46a1

889c2b60da0d185980147695bd94df5a

aacd397ed77c6eb124a962279a4f24a9

c9a3d53476fc8955db591270dc4280d0

8528ec904911fa809f0bd0661b78d57f

323d6765a3119658be056731627ff02c

248795453ceb95e39db633285651f7204813ea3a

6715b888a280d54de9a8482e40444087fd4d5fe8

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11a93a6c270d6d189fa857f03a001b347a679654

cb570234349507a204c558fc8c4ecf713e2c0ac3

3b8ae803f281ab7fc93577b79562bd7819e068bd

00086dd2271c0de3d1ec5bb70fada4d84bf522e0

48d1971ec7b17adaa8189089a97503afa705ae14

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b9ef2e948a9b49a6930fc190b22cbdb3571579d37a4de56564e41a2ef736767b

ebce70ec427279c0717b899bdba48ced38c4a70933035c6b936d89e00d1cfe16

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69b6b447ce63c98acc9569fdcc3780ced1e22ebd50c5cad9ee1ea7a4d42e62cc

c52ad663ff29e146de6b7b20d834304202de7120e93a93de1de1cb1d56190bfd