

# Colombia – Court Rules on Foreign Nationals Participating in Colombia's Pension Subsystem

The Colombian Supreme Court (*Corte Suprema de Justicia de Colombia*), in its ruling number SL1591 from June 2024,<sup>1</sup> has established a new precedent in respect of the affiliation of foreign nationals to the Colombian Social Security system, more specifically their affiliation to the pension subsystem.

In this GMS Flash Alert, we present some background and the main modifications.

#### **WHY THIS MATTERS**

Due to the significance of this ruling, Colombian companies will need to enhance their due diligence when bringing foreign national employees to Colombia – or hiring them in Colombia – in order to be in compliance. This may entail additional administrative steps for employers of foreign nationals coming to (or already in) Colombia and could mean additional costs.

# Judicial Precedent-Setting Ruling on Affiliation of Foreign Nationals to Social Security System in Colombia: Pension Subsystem

A Supreme Court ruling from June 2024 has established a new precedent in the affiliation of foreign nationals to the Colombian social security system, more specifically pertaining to affiliation to the country's pension subsystem.

## LAW 100 OF 1993 and LAW 2381 OF 2024: Regulation of the Social Security System in Colombia

Colombian labor law allows foreign nationals who, by virtue of a labor contract, were required to remain in Colombia and are covered by the pension system in their country of origin, to voluntarily affiliate to the Colombian general pension system. This means that affiliation to the pension subsystem in Colombia is not mandatory for foreign nationals, as long as they maintain pension coverage in their country of origin.

© 2024 KPMG S.A.S. y KPMG Advisory, Tax & Legal S.A.S., sociedades colombianas por acciones simplificadas, adscritas a la organización global de firmas miembro independientes de KPMG International Limited, una entidad inglesa privada limitada por garantía. Todos los derechos reservados.

#### Supreme Court Ruling: SL1591-2024

Since affiliation to the Colombian pension system is voluntary for foreign nationals who are covered by the pension system of their country of origin, foreign employees usually come to work in Colombia with a pension insurance policy that generally covers necessary risks. However, in June, the Colombian Supreme Court of Justice established that the pension insurance policy will only be allowed if it provides the employee with pension insurance that covers the risks of old age, disability, and death (risks covered by the Colombian pension system).

The employer must provide or verify the policy of its foreign employee, which must cover old age, disability, and death. If such risks are not covered, the employer must affiliate the employee to the Colombian pension subsystem.

#### **KPMG INSIGHTS**

This unprecedented ruling may engender questions about implications for employers and their foreign employees. Such questions, as well as concerns over what next steps need to be taken in order to be in compliance, should be directed to your usual tax and social security provider or to a member of the labor team with KPMG in Colombia (see the Contacts section).

#### **FOOTNOTE:**

1 See (in Spanish) Corte Suprema de Justicia: SL1591-2024.pdf.

\* \* \* \*

#### Contact us

For additional information or assistance, please contact your local GMS or People Services professional or one of the following professionals with the KPMG International member firm in Colombia:



Ricardo Ruiz Head of Tax & Legal Tel. +57 (1) 618 8000 ricardoaruiz@kpmg.com



Camilo Rodriguez Vice President Tel. +57 (1) 618 8000 camilorodriguez@kpmg.com



Maria Camila Ortiz Manager Tel. +57 (1) 618 8000 mariacortiz@kpmg.com

### The information contained in this newsletter was submitted by the KPMG International member firm in Colombia.

© 2024 KPMG S.A.S. y KPMG Advisory, Tax & Legal S.A.S., sociedades colombianas por acciones simplificadas, adscritas a la organización global de firmas miembro independientes de KPMG International Limited, una entidad inglesa privada limitada por garantía. Todos los derechos reservados.

#### www.kpmg.com

Some or all of the services described herein may not be permissible for KPMG audit clients and their affiliates or related entities.

#### Learn about us:



#### kpmg.com

© 2024 KPMG LLP, a Delaware limited liability partnership and a member firm of the KPMG global organization of independent member firms affiliated with KPMG International Limited, a private English company limited by guarantee. All rights reserved. Printed in the U.S.A. USCS001250-2F

The KPMG name and logo are registered trademarks or trademarks of KPMG International. The KPMG name and logo are trademarks used under license by the independent member firms of the KPMG global organization.

KPMG LLP is the U.S. firm of the KPMG global organization of independent professional services firms providing Audit, Tax and Advisory services. The KPMG global organization operates in 147 countries and territories and has more than 219,000 people working in member firms around the world.

Each KPMG firm is a legally distinct and separate entity and describes itself as such. KPMG International Limited is a private English company limited by guarantee. KPMG International Limited and its related entities do not provide services to clients.

GMS Flash Alert is a publication of the KPMG LLP Washington National Tax practice.

KPMG International Limited is a private English company limited by guarantee and does not provide services to clients. No member firm has any authority to obligate or bind KPMG International or any other member firm vis-à-vis third parties, nor does KPMG International have any such authority to obligate or bind any member firm. The information contained herein is of a general nature and is not intended to address the circumstances of any particular individual or entity. Although we endeavor to provide accurate and timely information, there can be no guarantee that such information is accurate as of the date it is received or that it will continue to be accurate in the future. No one should act on such information without appropriate professional advice after a thorough examination of the particular situation.