

## ISSB<sup>™</sup> September '22 summary

## This month's focus

Discussing the themes of comment letters received

- agreeing the areas where change is needed; before diving into detail on financed emissions and how to ensure that the standards are scalable for all types of global company.

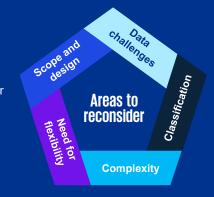
## Final standards "as early as possible" in 2023

Latest status after International Sustainability Standards Board (ISSB) meeting in September

### Financed and facilitated emissions

A complex but important indicator of transition risk exposure for banks, insurers and asset managers.

The ISSB discussed areas of the proposals that require further analysis.



### Alternative disclosures Scalability Additional quidance Phasing in

### **Scalability**

Ways to make the standards feasible for all types of company – whether that is in the early years, or more permanently.

The ISSB considered three ways it could support companies to apply the standards.

### **ISSB** and **IASB** collaboration

The feedback encouraged the International **Accounting Standards** Board (IASB) and ISSB to work together on relevant projects.





## For more information visit our Sustainability Reporting page

Resources on ISSB and other sustainability reporting topics.

Bookmark the page – we will be providing regular articles. blogs and podcasts to track the development of the standards.



## Comment letter feedback summary

1,435

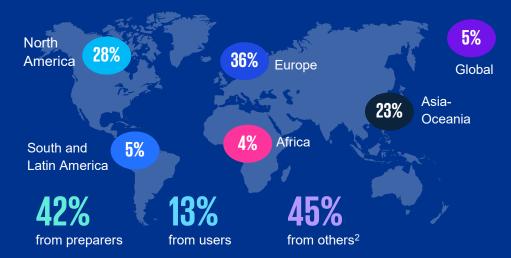
comment letters and

survey responses

## Amost all respondents supported1

- Building on the TCFD framework
- Creating a global baseline
- Achieving inter-operability with US and EU requirements

### **Engagement from across the globe**



<sup>1</sup> This slide summarises the ISSB's own analysis of feedback received. 'Almost all' is defined as 'all except a very small minority'. Interoperability with EFRAG and SEC proposals was highlighted as important by almost all European and US respondents respectively 2 Including public interest groups, accountants and academics, standard setters, regulators and policy-makers

# **Action list**

## key areas chosen for redeliberation

#### **GENERAL REQUIREMENTS**

- ✓ **Scope and breadth of reporting** Five topics including application of materiality, value chain reporting, and the meaning of terms including 'enterprise value' and 'significant'
- ✓ Connected information between topics and with the financial statements, plus IASB collaboration\*
- ✓ Frequency of reporting including location requirements
- ? Comparative reporting including restating prior period estimates<sup>3</sup>

#### **CLIMATE**

- ✓ Disclosures on strategy, decision making, and transition plans and targets
- ✓ Climate resilience and scenario analysis
- ✓ GHG emissions, particularly Scope 3
- ✓ Industry-specific topics, including financed and facilitated emissions\*

#### **CROSS CUTTING**

- ✓ Scalability\* of the standards for all types of global company
- ✓ Financial effects of sustainability- and climate-related risks and opportunities
- \* Discussed in September meeting



<sup>3</sup> Potential additional project not included in staff paper or Board vote





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